

The Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar Annual Agriculture Sample Survey 2022/23

Zanzibar Report July, 2024







Table of Contents

Forewo	rd	5
Acknow	vledgement	6
Key Fin	ndings	7
List of 7	Tables	10
List of I	Figures	13
Definiti	on of Key Terms	15
Acrony	m and Definition	16
		17
Chapter	r 1: Background	17
1.0	Introduction	17
1.1	Survey Objectives	17
1.2	Methodology	18
1.2	2.1 Scope and Coverage	18
1.2	2.2 Sample Design	18
1.2	2.3 Survey Organization	19
Chapter	r 2: Agricultural Households and Holdings Characteristics	20
•		20
2.0	Introduction	
2.1	Households Engaged in Agriculture	
2.2	Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production	
2.3	Agricultural Households Engaged in Livestock keeping	
2.4 A	Agricultural Households by Sex of Head of Household and	
	vities	
2.5	Land Ownership	24
2.6	Land Use	26
2.6	5.1 Agricultural Household Land Use	26
2.6	5.2 Large Scale Farms Land Use	27
Chapter	r 3: Area, Production and Use of Major Crops	29
3.0	Introduction	29
3.1	Cereal Crops Production	
3.1		
	1.2 Maize	
3.1		
	1.4 Bulrush Millet	

3.2	Roc	ots and Tuber Crops Production	35
3.2	.1	Cassava	36
3.2	.3	Sweet Potatoes	38
3.2	.4	Cocoyam	40
3.3	Oil	Seeds and Nuts	41
3.4	Puls	ses	42
3.4	.2	Pigeon Peas	42
3.4	.3	Cowpeas	43
3.5	Cas	h Crop Production	45
3.5	.1	Cloves	45
3.6	. Fru	its and Vegetables	46
3.6	.1	Banana	46
3.6	.2	Avocado	47
3.6	.3	Mango	48
3.6	.4	Orange	48
3.6	.5	Pineapple	49
3.6	.6 To	omato	50
3.6	.7 Ol	kra	51
3.6	.8: W	Vater melon	51
3.6	.9: B	itter tomato	52
3.6	.10: 3	Sweet-bell Pepper	53
3.6	.11: .	Amaranth	54
3.6	.12: 0	Cucumber	54
3.7 SI	nocks	s on Area Planted	55
3.8 C	rop F	Harvest Uses	56
3.8	.1	Cereals	56
3.8	.2	Roots and Tuber Crops	57
3.8	.3 Pu	ilses	57
3.8	.4 Oi	il Seed and Nuts	58
3.8	.5	Cash Crops	59
3.8	.6 Fr	uits	60
3.8	.7 Ve	egetables	60
4.0	Intr	oduction	62
4.1	Irrig	gation	62
4.1.1	Ag	ricultural Households Practiced Irrigation	62
4.1	.2	Planted Area under Irrigation	65
4.2	Inni	uts Use	65

4.2.1	Seed Use	66
4.2.1.1	Household Using Seeds by Type and Region	66
4.2.1.2	Area Planted with Improved Seeds	67
4.2.2	Fertilizer Use	68
4.2.2.1	Agricultural Households using Fertilizer	68
4.2.2.2	Area Applied with Fertilizer	69
4.2.3	Pesticides Use	70
4.2.3.1	Agricultural Households Applied Pesticides	70
4.2.3.2	Area applied with Pesticides	73
4.2.3.3	Area Applied with Pesticides by Type	73
4.2.3	3.3.1 Insecticides	73
4.2.3	3.3.2 Herbicides	74
4.2.3	3.3.3 Fungicides	74
Chapter 5: Ac	ccess to Financial Services (Credit)	75
Chapter 5: Ac	ccess to Financial Services (Credit)	75
5.1 Introdu	action	75
5.2. Access	s to Loans	75
5.3. Reason	ns for not borrowing Money	77
SURVEY MI	ETHODOLOGY	78
ANNEX TAI	BLES	87
ANNEX: QU	ESTIONNAIRE	124
APPENDIX:	LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE AASS 2022/23	186

Foreword



The Annual Agriculture Sample Survey (AASS) for the 2022/23 agricultural year marks a significant milestone for Tanzania, being the first under the 50x2030 Initiative. This initiative aims to address the crucial need for timely and accurate agricultural data, essential for evidence-based decision-making and policy formulation. Implemented jointly by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) and the Office of the Chief Government Statistician, Zanzibar (OCGS), in collaboration with Agricultural Sector Lead Ministries (ASLMs), the survey received support from the World Bank's

TSMP II project.

In line with global and regional development agendas, including the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP), Zanzibar Development Planning (ZADEP) 2021/22 – 2025/26, the Agricultural Sector Development Programme (ASDP), and the Agriculture Statistics Strategic Plan 2022/23 - 2026/27 (ASSP), this report provides a detailed overview of agricultural statistics. It includes data for various crops production by seasons, aiming to improve policy development and enhance stakeholder capacity within the agricultural data value chain.

The data collected will support national development goals and provide a basis for further research while informing government policies, plans, and programs. By addressing the agricultural data gap, this initiative aids in regional alignment, dissemination, and utilization of essential economic and social.

Overall, the AASS 2022/23 report is expected to play a crucial role in providing essential information on the agricultural sector to government, policymakers, and various stakeholders, facilitating informed decision-making and sustainable development in Tanzania.

Hon. Shamata Shaame Khamis, (MBM) Minister for Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock, Zanzibar.

Acknowledgement



It is with great pleasure and anticipation that I introduce to all those who have played a crucial role in the successful writing this report of the Annual Agricultural Sample Survey (AASS) for the 2022/23 agricultural year. This achievement marks a significant milestone in our collaborative efforts under the 50x2030 Initiative. I extend my sincere gratitude to the Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar for their steadfast support in implementing the AASS program. Additionally, I would like to

thank the World Bank, FAO, and IFAD for their invaluable financial and technical assistance, which has greatly enhanced the quality and timeliness of our agricultural survey data.

Special acknowledgment goes to the technical committee, comprised of experts from the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Office of the Chief Government Statistician (OCGS) Zanzibar, and the Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation, Natural Resources and Livestock. Their contributions were instrumental in compiling a comprehensive dataset and producing our inaugural AASS 2022/23 national report, the first module under the 50x2030 initiative's agriculture round approach.

This report provides essential agricultural data from both agricultural households and large-scale commercial farms, crucial for informing government policies, plans, and programs at both national and regional levels. These frameworks aim to drive sustainable development and prosperity in the agriculture sector with robust factual insights.

As we embark on this journey, I extend my appreciation to all stakeholders involved in every stage of the value chain from survey preparation, data collection, data cleaning, to analysis exercises. Your unwavering commitment and support have been crucial in ensuring the successful completion of the final report. Together, we are committed to producing and promoting the use of agricultural statistics to advance our national development objectives and foster prosperity for all Tanzanians.

Salum A. Kassim, Chief Government Statistician, OCGS, Zanzibar

6

Key Findings

1.0 Agricultural Households By Sex and Activities, Zanzibar





81.3%

Male-Headed Households



18.7%

Female-Headed Households

Agricultural Households

155,450



152,126 (97.9%)

Households Engaged in Crop Production



98,550 (63.4%)

Households Engaged in Livestock Keeping



8,220 (5.3%)

Households Engaged in Aquaculture

2.0 Area Cultivated (Hectares), Zanzibar

Total Area Planted 372,014 Ha.





18,339 Ha. Cereal Crops

15,767Ha. Paddy (picture)



77,121 Ha.
Roots and Tuber
Crops

41,332 Ha. Cassava

3.0 Production of Selected Crops (Tons), Zanzibar

Crop Production





108,577 Tons
Selected Roots and
Tubers

4.0 Land Ownership



44.4%

Total cultivated land owned with "Customary Right of Occupancy", by households

5.0 Planted Area Irrigated



15,905 на.

(11.5%)
Total planted area with
crops irrigated

8.0 Climatic and Non-Climatic Shocks, Zanzibar

(3,800 ha; 11.6 %)

Planted area fully affected in the short rainy season

(16,414 ha; 36.5 %)

Planted area fully affected in the long rainy season



(2,575 ha; 7.8%)

Planted area partially affected in the short rainy season

(3,206 ha; 7.1%)

Planted area partially affected in the long rainy season



8.0 Seed Use

0

18.9%

Households used Improved seeds

66.6%

Households used Local Seeds

7.0 Fertilizer Use



83.7%

Households used Organic Fertilizers

36.1%

Households used Inorganic Fertilizer

9.0 Agricultural Loans



0.7%

Agricultural households accessed loans for agricultural purposes

Source: 2022/23 AASS Tables

List of Tables

Table 2.1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households by Activity During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 2.2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production by
Season and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar21
Table 2.3: Number and Percentage of Agriculture Households Engaged in Crop Production by
Sex of Head During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar23
Table 2.4: Number and Percentage of Agriculture Households Engaged in Rearing Livestock,
by Sex of Head During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar24
Table 2.5: Number and Percentage of Agriculture Households Engaged in Aquaculture, by Sex
of Head During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar24
Table 2.6: Uses of Land by Households for Short and Long-Rainy Seasons in Zanzibar, During
2022/23 Agricultural Year
Table 2.7: Large scale Farms Land Use in Short and Long Rainy Seasons During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.1: Area Planted, Harvested, Production, Percent of Area Harvested of Selected Cereals
Crops During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.2: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Sorghum by Agricultural
$Households \ and \ Large \ Scale \ Farms \ During \ 2022/23 \ Agricultural \ Year, Zanzibar35$
Table 3.3: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Bulrush Millet by
Agricultural Households During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar35
Table 3.4: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production, Yield and Percentage of Roots and
Tubers During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.5: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Cocoyam During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar40
Table 3.6: Production and Yield of Groundnuts by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year,
Zanzibar42
Table 3.7: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production, Yield and Percentage of Pulses During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.8: Number of Agricultural Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Cloves by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar46
Table 3.9: Number of Households, Area and Production of Banana by Region During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar47
Table 3.10: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Avocado by Region
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar47
Table 3.11: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Mango by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Table 3.12: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Orange by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.13: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Pineapple by Region
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3,14: Number of Households, Area Production and Harvested, and Yields of Tomato by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar50
Table 3.15: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Okra by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
$Table\ 3.16: Number\ of\ Households,\ Area\ Harvested\ and\ Production,\ and\ Yields\ of\ Watermelon$
by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.17: Number of Households, Area Harvested and Production, and Yields of Bitter
tomato by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar53
Table 3.18: Number of Households, Area Harvested and Production, and Yields of Sweet-bell
Pepper by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.19: Number of Households, Area Planted, Production, and Yields of Amaranth by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar54
Table 3.20: Number of Households, Area Planted, Production, and Yields of Cucumber by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar55
Table 3.21: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Cereals During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar57
$Table\ 3.22: Percentage\ Distribution\ of\ Crop\ Harvest\ Uses\ for\ Roots\ and\ Tuber\ During\ 2022/23$
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar57
Table 3.23: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Pulses During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Table 3.24: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Fruits During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar60
$Table \ 3.25: \ Percentage \ Distribution \ of \ Crop \ Harvest \ Uses \ for \ Vegetables \ During \ 2022/23$
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar61
Table 4.1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Practiced Irrigation by Method
of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar64
Table 4.2: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Type of Seeds Used and
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
$Table\ 4.3: Number\ and\ Percentage\ of\ Agricultural\ Households\ Applied\ Fertilizers\ by\ Type\ and$
Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar69
$Table\ 4.4:\ Area\ Applied\ with\ Fertilizer\ by\ Type,\ During\ 2022/23\ Agricultural\ Year,\ Zanzibar$
69
$Table\ 4.5: Area\ Applied\ with\ Fertilizer\ by\ Type\ and\ Region,\ during\ 2022/23\ Agricultural\ Year,$
Zanzibar70
Table 4.6: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Applied Pesticides by Region,
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar71

Table 4.7: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production
Applied Pesticides by Types and Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar72
Table 4.8: Area Applied with Pesticides by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year,
Zanzibar
Table 4.9: Area Applied with Pesticides by Type and Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural
Year, Zanzibar
Table 5.1: Number and Percentages of Agricultural Households with Agricultural Loans, by
Region and Type of Lender, During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar76
Table 5.2: Main Reason for not Borrowing Money, by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural
vear, Zanzibar

List of Figures

Figure 2.1: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar21
Figure 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households engaged in Livestock keeping
by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 2.3: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Sex of Household Head,
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar23
Figure 2.4: Proportion of Land Ownership Status by Agricultural Households During 2022/23
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 2.5: Proportion of Customary Land Ownership by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural
Year, Zanzibar
Figure 2.6: Proportion of Land Ownership Status by Large Scale Farms During 2022/23
Agricultural year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.1: Area Planted and Percentage of Area Harvested with Paddy by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.2: Production and Yield of Paddy by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year,
Zanzibar
Figure 3.3: Planted Area and Percentage of Harvested Area with Maize by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.4: Production and Yield of Maize by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year,
Zanzibar
Figure 3.5: Planted and Harvested Area with Cassava by Agricultural Households by Region
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.6: Production and Yield of Cassava by Agricultural Households by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.7: Area Planted, Area Harvested of Sweet Potatoes by Agricultural Households by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.8: Production and Yield of Sweet Potatoes by Agricultural Households by Region
During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.9: Planted, Harvested Area and Percent of Area Harvested with Groundnuts by
Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar41
Figure 3.10: Production of Pigeon Peas by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.11: Area Planted and Area Harvested of Cowpeas by Agricultural Households by
Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar
Figure 3.12: Production and Yield of Cowpeas by Agricultural Households by Region During
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Figure 3.13: Percentage of the Area Planted Affected by Shocks During 2022/23 Agricultura
Year, Zanzibar5
Figure 3.14: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Oil Seeds and Nuts Durin
2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar5
Figure 3.15: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Cash Crops During 2022/2
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar5
Figure 4.1: Planted Area Irrigated (ha) by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanziba
Figure 4.2: Percentage Distribution of Households Used Seeds by Type During 2022/2
Agricultural Year, Zanzibar6
Figure 4.3: Area Planted with Improved Seeds by Region, During AASS 2022/23, Zanziba
6

Definition of Key Terms

Agricultural Holding

Is any economic unit of agricultural production (like a garden of temporary and/or permanent crops or cattle rearing/plantation) under single management, without regard to title, legal form or size.

Cropping Household

A household is referred to be an exclusively cropping household if it has cultivated a piece of land equal to or exceeding 25 square meters, but had no livestock, or it rears a number of animals below the established thresholds (i.e., no cattle or less than 5 goats/sheep/pigs or less than 50 chickens/turkeys/ducks).

Livestock Household

A household is referred to be an exclusively livestock household if it reared at least 1 cattle or at least 5 between goats, sheep and pigs or at least 50 between chickens, turkeys and ducks during the reference agricultural year and it cultivated no land or less than 25 square meters.

Large Scale Farms

These are farms with at least 20 hectares of cultivated land or at least 50 herds of cattle or at least 100 between goats, sheep and pigs or at least 1,000 chickens. In addition to this, they should fulfill all of the four listed conditions:

- i) Greater part of the produce should go to the market;
- ii) Operation of farm should be continuous;
- iii) There should be an application of machinery/implements on the farm; and
- iv) Should have at least one permanent employee.

Reference Period

The Annual Agriculture Sample Survey (AASS) covered the agricultural year 2022/23. The agricultural year is a twelve - month cycle in which production of crops takes place. In Tanzania, agricultural year commences on 1st October and ends 30th September of the following year

Short Rainy Season

The short rainy season in Tanzania begins in October up to January of the following year.

Long Rainy Season

The long rainy season in Tanzania begins in March up to May of the same year.

Acronym and Definition

AASS Annual Agriculture Sample Survey

ASDP Agricultural Sector Development Programme

ASLM Agriculture Sector Lead Ministries

CAADP Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

GDP Gross Domestic Product

OCGS Office of the Chief Government Statistician Zanzibar

EA Enumeration Area

GSARS Global Strategy for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

NBS National Bureau of Statistics
MBM Mjumbe wa Baraza la Mapinduzi
PHC Population and Housing Census
PPS Probability Proportion to Size
ZADEP Zanzibar Development Planning

Chapter 1: Background

1.0 Introduction

Agriculture is an important economic sector of the Zanzibar Economy and contributes about 22.9 percent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (The Economic Survey 2023). It is the main source of food, employment, raw materials for industries and foreign exchange earnings. Since Zanzibar has different climatic and geographical zones, farmers grow a variety of annual and permanent crops. Crops grown includes cereals; pulses; root and tubers; fruits and vegetables. Moreover, farmers practice livestock farming by keeping animals like cattle, goats, sheep and chicken.

The importance of accurate and reliable agricultural statistics for planning and evidence-based decision making cannot be overemphasized. In addition, agricultural statistics are required to determine the growth of the sector, measure employment and reduction of poverty of the population in the rural areas, as well as to stimulate the investment in the agro based industry to support the establishment of industrialized economy, the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) and Office of Chief Government Statistician (OCGS) with technical support from the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) conducted the Annual Agriculture Sample Survey (AASS) for the Agricultural Year 2022/23. From the beginning and at all stages, NBS and OCGS worked together with Agriculture Sector Lead Ministries (ASLMs) in order to ensure that the survey considered national policies and other frameworks in the development of the agriculture sector in the country.

The Annual Agriculture Sample Survey (AASS 2022/23) report focuses on agricultural households, land use, crop production, input use and acquisition (fertilizers and pesticides), seed and seedling acquisition, agro-processing, irrigation use, livestock product and production and aquaculture production. Nonetheless, the survey collected also data on access to credit, labor and other economics. In addition, the report describes the agricultural activities at National and Regional level that took place in both sides of Zanzibar during the 2022/23 Agricultural year.

The report is divided in five chapters: Background Information, Agricultural Households and Holdings Characteristics, Area, Production and Use of Major Crops, Irrigation and inputs; and Access to financial services (credit).

1.1 Survey Objectives

The main objective of the Annual Agriculture Sample Survey (AASS-2022/23) was to generate up-to-date and precise data on the acreage and production of major crops, livestock numbers, livestock products, and aquaculture. Accurate crop production figures are essential for a wide

range of stakeholders in the agriculture sector. The data from this survey provides critical insights for farmers, agricultural businesses, government policymakers, and other key players to inform their decisions in both the short and long term.

The specific objectives of the AASS 2022/23:

- To collect timely data on agricultural production and productivity at both national and regional levels;
- To gather core data to assist in the development and review of agricultural policies and to guide the implementation of agricultural plans at national and regional levels between agricultural census periods;
- iii. To compile fundamental statistics that facilitate comparisons in the development of the agriculture sector across the country.

1.2 Methodology

1.2.1 Scope and Coverage

The Annual Agricultural Sample Survey 2022/23 was conducted for both agricultural households and large scale farms. This report covers information on agricultural households with summary data from large scale farms to provide complete national estimates for some variables such as households rearing livestock, crop production, and households practicing aquaculture.

The main topics covered during the survey were household members and holder identification; field roster; short and long rainy plot roster; short and long rainy crop roster; permanent crop production; crop harvest use; seed and seedling acquisition; input use and acquisition (fertilizer and pesticides); labour; other economics; and arm registration.

1.2.2 Sample Design

The frame used to extract the sample for the Annual Agricultural Sample Survey (AASS-2022/23 was the Population and Housing Census (PHC-2022) frame that lists all the Enumeration Areas - EAs/Hamlets of the country. The AASS-2022/23 used a stratified two-stage sampling design which allows to produce accurate estimates at regional level. In each domain (region), the EAs (primary sampling units) have been first stratified into two or three strata ¹ and then selected by using a systematic sampling procedure with probability proportional to size (PPS) where the measure of size is the number of agricultural households in the EA. Before the selection, within each stratum and domain (region), the Enumeration Areas (EAs) were ordered according to the codes of District and Council, which reflect the geographical proximity, then ordered according to the codes of Constituency, Division, Wards,

¹ Strata were determined by the following variables: the number of households growing crops, the number of households rearing livestock and the number of households practicing aquaculture as reported in the PHC-2022 frame.

and Village. An implicit stratification was also performed, ordering by Urban/Rural type at Ward level.

The second stage sampling selection was conducted by using a simple random sampling. Agricultural households were drawn from the PHC 2022 list with a simple random sampling without replacement procedure in each sampled hamlet and agricultural households were selected with a simple random sampling without replacement procedure in each sampled hamlet after a listing operation. A total of 118 PSUs (EAs) were selected from the PHC 2022 Population and Housing Census (PHC) frame, a total number of 1,416 agricultural households were sampled, and 12 households were selected per EA.

1.2.3 Survey Organization

The Annual Agricultural Sample Survey (AASS-2022/23) was a comprehensive initiative to collect agricultural data across various aspects of the sector. This survey was conducted by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) and the Office of the Chief Government Statistician (OCGS). The National Team was responsible for overseeing the operational aspects of the survey and consisted of staff from the Department of Agricultural Statistics at NBS and OCGS, as well as representatives from the Ministries responsible for agriculture, livestock, and fisheries from both Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar. Furthermore, the regional statistical officers from NBS and OCGS, in collaboration with staff responsible for agricultural statistics from the regional secretariats, supervised the implementation of the survey activities at regional level.

The data collection process was dynamic, with teams traveling from one Enumeration Area to another to gather information. To maintain accuracy and consistency, Quality Control teams were deployed, each overseeing the data collection in assigned regions. This ensured that the survey maintained high standards while capturing a comprehensive view of agricultural practices and trends across the country.

Chapter 2: Agricultural Households and Holdings Characteristics

2.0 Introduction

This chapter provides information of the agricultural activities that performed by agricultural households including crop production, livestock keeping and aquaculture farming. The chapter further presents details on the land ownership as well as, the crop land use by agricultural households and large-scale farms in short and long-rainy seasons during the 2022/23 agricultural year.

2.1 Households Engaged in Agriculture

Households engaged in agriculture refers to those households involved in crop production, and livestock keeping and aquaculture during 2022/23 agricultural year.

The results show that, the total number of agricultural households in Zanzibar was 155,450, of which 152,126 (97.9 percent) households were engaged in crop production, 98,550 (63.4 percent) livestock keeping and 8,220 (5.3 percent) were involved in aquaculture (Table 2.1).

Table 2.1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households by Activity During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Coverage	Total Agricultural	Households Involved in Crop Production			Involved in k keeping	Households Involved in Aquaculture	
	Households	Number Percent		Number Percent		Number	Percent
Zanzibar	155,450	152,126	97.9	98,550	63.4	8,220	5.3

Source: Annex Table (2-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

The results across regions show that, Mjini Magharibi had the highest number of households engaged in agriculture (38,983; 25.1 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (32,207; 20.7 percent). In contrast, Kusini Unguja and Kaskazini Unguja were reported the lowest number of agricultural households each was 27,489 (17.7 percent) (Figure 2.1).

30 25 20 15 10 Mjini Magharibi Kaskazini Pemba Kusini Pemba Kusini Unguja Kaskazini Unguja Region

Figure 2.1: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (2-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

2.2 Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production

During the short rainy season results show that, a total of 139,734 agricultural households were engaged in crop production in Zanzibar. Mjini Magharibi region had the highest number of households involved in crop production was 34,288 (24.5 percent) households, followed by Kusini Pemba with 27,659 (19.8 percent) households, whereas Kaskazini Unguja reported the lowest number with 24,890 (17.8 percent) households.

In the long rainy season was 145,598 households involved in crop production. Mjini Magharibi region reported the highest number of households (34,976; 24.0 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (31,476 households; 21.6 percent), whereas Kaskazini Unguja recorded the lowest number (24,065 households; 16.5 percent) (Table 2.2).

Table 2.2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production by Season and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Short Rainy	Season	Long Rainy Season			
1109.011	Number Perce		Number	Percent		
Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	17.8	24,065	16.5		
Kusini Unguja	25,249	18.1	26,598	18.3		
Mjini Magharibi	34,288	24.5	34,976	24.0		
Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	19.8	31,476	21.6		
Kusini Pemba	27,659	19.8	28,482	19.6		
Total	139,734	100	145,598	100		

Source: Annex Table (2-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS2022/23

2.3 Agricultural Households Engaged in Livestock keeping

The results show that, a total of 98,550 households were involved in livestock keeping. Across regions, Kaskazini Pemba had the highest number of households keeping livestock 23,960; 24.3 percent), followed by Kusini Pemba (23,208; 23.5 percent), while the lowest number of 15,257 (15.5 percent) households was reported in Mjini Magharibi (Figure 2.2).

30 24.3 23.5 25 18.4 18.3 20 15.5 Percent 15 10 5 0 Kusini Unguja Kaskazini Pemba Kusini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Mjini Magharibi Region

Figure 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households engaged in Livestock keeping by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (2-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

2.4 Agricultural Households by Sex of Head of Household and Type of Agricultural Activities

The results show that the total number of agricultural households in Zanzibar was 155,450, out of which 126,399 (81.3 percent) households were headed by males and 29,051 (18.7 percent) were headed by females. These results indicate that more than three-quarters of the agricultural households were males headed (Figure 2.3).

Head, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

18.7

81.3

Male-headed

Female-headed

Figure 2.3: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Sex of Household Head, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (3-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

Moreover, the findings reveal that, a total of 123,930 (98.0 percent) agricultural households engaged in crop production were headed by males and 28,195 (97.1 percent) were headed by females. Regardless of the sex of the household head in crop production, the statistically findings were not significant different across all regions, (Table 2.3).

Table 2.3: Number and Percentage of Agriculture Households Engaged in Crop Production by Sex of Head During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Total Agricultural Households by Sex-Headed			Number of Headed Households Engaged in Crop Production			Percent of Headed Households Engaged in Crop Production		
	Male- headed	Female- headed	Total	Male- headed	Female- headed	Total	Male- headed	Female- headed	Total
Kaskazini Unguja	22,888	4,601	27,489	22,699	4,469	27,167	99.2	97.1	98.8
Kusini Unguja	22,443	5,063	27,506	21,809	5,063	26,872	97.2	100.0	97.7
Mjini Magharibi	32,200	6,783	38,983	30,901	6,362	37,264	96.0	93.8	95.6
Kaskazini Pemba	25,422	6,785	32,207	25,212	6,785	31,997	99.2	100.0	99.3
Kusini Pemba	23,447	5,818	29,265	23,309	5,516	28,825	99.4	94.8	98.5
Total	126,399	29,051	155,450	123,930	28,195	152,126	98.0	97.1	97.9

Source: Annex Tables (2-1 & 3-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

In the livestock production, the results show that, 98,550 (63.4 percent) of agricultural households were involved in rearing livestock. However, 81,758 (64.7 percent) were maleheaded households and 16,792 (57.8 percent) were female-headed households (Table 2.4). The findings within region show that, Kusini Pemba had the highest of male-headed and femaleheaded households with 81.3 and 71.1 percent respectively, followed by Kaskazini Pemba with 76.6 percent were male-headed households and 66.2 percent were female-headed households. The lowest percentage was recorded in Mjini Magharibi with 39.1 percent for male-headed households and 39.4 percentage for female-headed households.

Table 2.4: Number and Percentage of Agriculture Households Engaged in Rearing Livestock, by Sex of Head During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

-	Total Agricultural			Number of Household			Percent of Household			
Region	Households			Rearing Livestock			Rearing Livestock			
Region	Male	Female	A 11	Male	le Female		Male	Female	All	
	Headed	Headed	All	Headed	Headed	All	Headed	Headed	All	
Kaskazini Unguja	22,888	4,601	27,489	15,442	2,571	18,013	67.5	55.9	65.5	
Kusini Unguja	22,443	5,063	27,506	15,186	2,926	18,112	67.7	57.8	65.8	
Mjini Magharibi	32,200	6,783	38,983	12,587	2,671	15,257	39.1	39.4	39.1	
Kaskazini Pemba	25,422	6,785	32,207	19,469	4,490	23,960	76.6	66.2	74.4	
Kusini Pemba	23,447	5,818	29,265	19,073	4,135	23,208	81.3	71.1	79.3	
Total	126,399	29,051	155,450	81,758	16,792	98,550	64.7	57.8	63.4	

Source: Annex Tables (3-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

For aquaculture production findings reveal that, 8,220 (5.3 percent) of agricultural households were involved in aquaculture farming in Zanzibar, whereby 6,367 (5.0 percent) households were male-headed and 1,854 (6.4 percent) households were female-headed (Table 2.5).

 $Table \ 2.5: Number \ and \ Percentage \ of \ Agriculture \ Households \ Engaged \ in \ Aquaculture, \ by \ Sex \ of \ Head \ During \ 2022/23 \ Agricultural \ Year, \ Zanzibar$

ъ.	Total Agricultural Households				er of Aquac Households	ulture	Percent of Aquaculture Households		
Region	Male- headed	Female- headed	All	Male- headed	Female- headed	All	Male- headed	Female- headed	All
Kaskazini Unguja	22,888	4,601	27,489	423	196	620	1.8	4.3	2.3
Kusini Unguja	22,443	5,063	27,506	1,843	558	2,401	8.2	11.0	8.7
Mjini Magharibi	32,200	6,783	38,983	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kaskazini Pemba	25,422	6,785	32,207	3,684	1,099	4,783	14.5	16.2	14.9
Kusini Pemba	23,447	5,818	29,265	417	-	417	1.8	-	1.4
Total	126,399	29,051	155,450	6,367	1,854	8,220	5.0	6.4	5.3

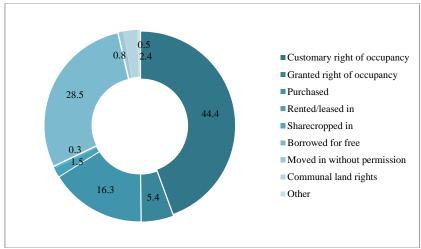
Source: Annex Table (3-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

2.5 Land Ownership

Land ownership for agricultural production was categorized as granted right of occupancy, customary right of occupancy, purchased, rented/leased in, borrowed, shared cropped, communal land right, moved without permission and land under other forms of tenure. During 2022/23 agricultural year, the most common land tenure rights owned by agricultural household was customary right of occupancy (44.4 percent), followed by borrowed for free (28.5 percent) and the least common was land rights owned by shared cropped in (0.3 percent) (Figure 2.4)

[&]quot;-"Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

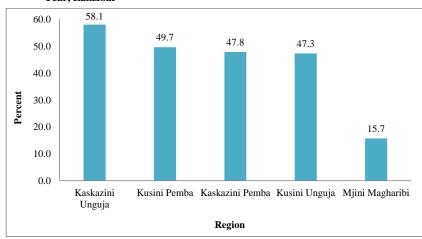
Figure 2.4: Proportion of Land Ownership Status by Agricultural Households During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar



Source: Annex Table (3-6) in Statistical Tables of AASS2022/23

Based on the proportion of customary land ownership by region, Kaskazini Unguja region had the highest proportion (58.1 percent) followed by Kusini Pemba (49.7 percent) and Kaskazini Pemba (47.8 percent). On the contrary, Mjini Magharibi reported the lowest proportion of customary land ownership with 15.7 percent (Figure 2.5).

Figure 2.5: Proportion of Customary Land Ownership by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar



Source: Annex Table (3-6) in Statistical Tables of AASS2022/23

On the other hand, the most common tenure rights for large scale farms was rented/leased (40.0 percent), followed by Borrowed for free (32.0 percent) and the least proportion reported customary right of occupancy with 0.2 (Figure 2.6).

Customary right of occupancy

Granted right of occupancy

Purchased

Rented/leased in

Sharecropped in

Borrowed for free

Moved in without permission

Communal land rights

Other

Figure 2.6: Proportion of Land Ownership Status by Large Scale Farms During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (3-6) in Statistical Tables of AASS2022/23

2.6 Land Use

This section outlines land use patterns during both the short and long rainy seasons for the 2022/23 agricultural year. It presents detailed information for both agricultural households and large-scale farms, providing insights into various agricultural practices and their prevalence in different land use types. These types include temporary monocrops, temporary mixed crops, fallow land, permanent/temporary mixed crops, permanent monocrops, and permanent mixed crops.

2.6.1 Agricultural Household Land Use

Differences in land use practices were observed during both the short and long rainy seasons. The findings reveal that temporary monocropping was the most common land use practice among households, predominant land use practice among households. Specifically, 56.8 percent of households practiced temporary monocropping during the short rainy season, with an average of 0.2 hectares per household, while the long rainy season was relative high of 62.4 percent with an average land area of 0.2 hectares per household. Likewise, permanent mixed

cropping was the second most common practice, adopted by 44.0 percent of crop-growing households with an average of 0.1 hectares per household in the short rainy season, while temporary mixed cropping was second most common practice adopted by 45.6 percent (0.3 hectares per household) in the long rainy season. In contrast, the findings indicate that fewer households practiced land fallow, accounting for 0.8 percent in the short rainy season with an estimated land area of less than 0.1 percent hectares per household, and 0.4 percent in the long rainy season, covering an area of less than 0.1 hectares per household. (Table 2.6).

Table 2.6: Uses of Land by Households for Short and Long-Rainy Seasons in Zanzibar, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year

		t Rainy Season						
Land Use	Average Area (Ha)	Total Area (Ha)	Percent of Crop Growing Households	Crop Growing Households	Average Area (Ha)	Total Area (Ha)	Percent of Crop Growing Households	Crop Growing Households
Temporary Mono								
Cropping	0.2	23,817	56.8	79,483	0.2	33,554	62.4	90,841
Temporary Mixed								
Cropping	0.1	12,428	43.0	60,201	0.1	13,711	45.6	66,355
Fallow	0.0	303	0.8	1,077	0.0	106	0.4	552
Permanent /Temporary								
mix	0.1	18,606	35.3	49,392	0.1	18,346	33.8	49,174
Permanent Mono								
Cropping	0.1	9,635	36.9	51,638	0.1	8,581	33.6	48,980
Permanent Mixed								
Cropping	0.1	16,007	44.0	61,564	0.1	16,290	41.8	60,825

Source: Annex Table (3-4) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

2.6.2 Large Scale Farms Land Use

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, most of the large scale farms used their land area to cultivate either Temporary mono crops or permanent mono crops. Statistics depict that 60.7 percent of large scale farms were planted with permanent mono crops in the short rainy season, occupying an average land area of 84.6 ha per farm. The area under temporary mono crop was average of 5.2 ha per farm is equivalent of 60.7 percent of the total planted area during long rainy season.

On the other hand, temporary and permanent mixed cropping was infrequently practiced, with only 3.6 percent of large-scale farms reporting this method, using an average land area of less than 0.1 hectares per farm during the short rainy season. Similarly, land fallow and permanent mixed crops were also less common during the long rainy season, with 3.6 percent of farms practicing land fallow (28.4 hectares) and 3.6 percent practicing permanent mixed crops (0.04 hectares) (Table 2.7).

		Short-l	Rainy Seaso	n	Long-Rainy Season				
Land Use	Average Area (Ha)	Total Area (Ha)	Percent of Large Scale Farms	Total Large Scale Farms	Average Area (Ha)	Total Area (Ha)	Percent of Large Scale Farms	Total Large Scale Farms	
Temporary Mono Cropping	3.6	100	57.1	16	5.2	145	60.7	17	
Temporary Mixed Cropping	0.0	0	3.6	-	0.0	0	0.0	-	
Fallow	1.5	42	7.1	-	28.4	796	3.6	-	
Permanent/Temporary mix	0.0	0	3.6	-	0.0	0	0.0	-	
Permanent Mono Cropping	84.6	2,368	60.7	17	19.1	535	39.3	11	
Permanent Mixed Cropping	0.0	1	7.1	-	0.0	1	3.6	-	

Source: Annex Table (3-4) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

Chapter 3: Area, Production and Use of Major Crops

3.0 Introduction

This chapter provides a detailed discussion of the survey findings on crop production, covering both annual and permanent (or perennial) crops. The findings on annual crop production are presented by considering different crop groups namely cereals, roots and tubers, pulses, oil seeds, fruits and vegetables. Apart from crop production, the chapter also provides the results on crop harvest use.

3.1 Cereal Crops Production

Cereal crops are annual crops grown to produce grains which are mainly used as food and animal feeds. The major cereal crops produced in Zanzibar are paddy, maize, sorghum, and bulrush millet.

The findings show that, 18,339 ha of the selected cereal crops were planted across in Zanzibar, of which 18,215 ha of the total planted area recorded from agricultural households and 123 ha from large scale farms.

Among the selected cereals, paddy had the largest planted area of 15,767 ha, followed by maize 2,116 ha and sorghum 339 ha, while bulrush millet had the least planted area with 117 ha. However, out of the total area planted with cereals, 14,067 ha equivalent to 76.7 percent was harvested.

The total production of cereal crops was 11,193 tons, whereby 11,154 tons were from agricultural households and only 4 tons large-scale farms. Paddy had the largest production (9,486 tons), followed by maize (1,447 tons), whereas bulrush millet had the lowest production with 86 tons (Table 3.1).

Table 3.1: Area Planted, Harvested, Production, Percent of Area Harvested of Selected Cereals Crops During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

H-LE C-4	C	Diserted (ha)	Area Ha	rvested	Production	Yield	
Holding Category	Crop	Planted (ha)	Area (ha)	Percent	(tons)	(tons/ha)	
	Maize	2,105	1,493	70.9	1,444	1	
	Paddy	15,670	12,220	78	9,451	0.8	
Agricultural Households	Sorghum	323	186	57.6	173	0.9	
Households	Bulrush Millet	117	54	46.2	86	1.6	
	Total	18,215	13,953	76.6	11,154		
	Maize	11	6	54.5	3	0.5	
	Paddy	96	91	94.8	34	0.4	
Large Scale Farms	Sorghum	-	-	-	-	-	
	Bulrush Millet	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total	123	97	17.9	37		
	Maize	2,116	1,499	70.8	1,447	1	
	Paddy	15,767	12,311	78.1	9,486	0.8	
All Holdings	Sorghum	339	203	59.9	174	0.9	
	Bulrush Millet	117	54	46.2	86	1.6	
	Total	18,339	14,067	76.7	11,193		

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.1.1 Paddy

The results show that, paddy remains the dominant cereal crop planted in Zanzibar. A total of 42,708 households were engaged in growing paddy during 2022/23 agricultural year. The total area planted with paddy was 15,767 ha, of which 15,670 ha were planted by agricultural households and 96 ha by large scale farms. Moreover, a total of 12,311 ha equivalent to 78.1 percent were harvested.

Furthermore, the agricultural households harvested 12,220 ha (78.0 percent). Kusini Unguja had the highest percentage of paddy harvested with 99.7 percent, followed by Kaskazini Unguja 82.0 percent, whereas Mjini Magharibi was recorded the lowest percentage of paddy harvested with 55.2 percent (Figure 3.1).

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[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

8,000 100 **▲** 99.7 **82.0** 80 **▲** 78.8 76.8 6,000 60 ▲ 55.2 4,000 40 2,000 20 0 Kusini Pemba Kaskazini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Mjini Magharibi Kusini Unguja ■ Area Planted Area Harvested ▲ Percent of Area Harvested

Figure 3.1: Area Planted and Percentage of Area Harvested with Paddy by Region During 2022/23

Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

The total production of paddy was 9,486 tons, of which 9,451 tons were from agricultural households and 34 tons from large scale farms. Regionally, Kusini Pemba region had the highest production of paddy with 3,257 tons, followed by Kusini Unguja 2,060 tons and Mjini Magharibi reported the lowest production of paddy 542 tons.

The average national yield of paddy was 0.8 tons/ha, whereby, Kusini Unguja reported the highest yield of 1.5 tons/ha and the lowest yield was reported in Kusini Pemba (0.6 tons/ha) (Figure 3.2).

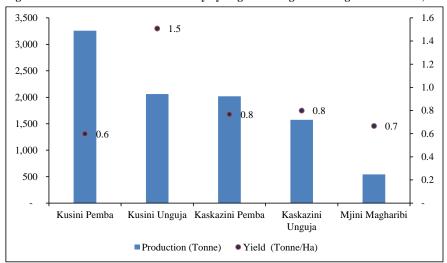


Figure 3.2: Production and Yield of Paddy by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.1.2 Maize

Maize was another cereal crop grown in Zanzibar, a total of 12,716 agricultural households were engaged in growing maize during 2022/23 agricultural year. The total planted area with maize was 2,116 ha, whereby 2,105 ha were planted by agricultural households and 11 ha planted by large scale farms. Moreover, 1,499 ha equivalent to 70.8 percent were harvested, of which 1,493 ha (70.9 percent) were harvested by agricultural households and 6 ha were harvested by large scale farms. In regional wise, the proportion of area harvested of maize was 76.5 percent reported in Kusini Unguja, 75.8 percent in Kusini Pemba, 74.4 percent in Kaskazini Unguja and the least proportion reported in Mjini Magharibi with 40.0 percent. (Figure 3.3).

1,000 100 800 80 **▲** 76.5 **▲** 75.8 74.4 **4** 73.5 600 60 Area (ha) 40 400 **4**0.0 200 20 0 Kaskazini Kusini Unguja Kusini Pemba Mjini Kaskazini Magharibi Unguja Pemba Area Planted Area Harvested ▲ Percent of Area Harvested

Figure 3.3: Planted Area and Percentage of Harvested Area with Maize by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

The total production of maize was 1,447 tons, of which 1,444 tons were from agricultural households and only 3 tons from large scale farms. Kaskazini Unguja had the largest production of maize with 469 tons, followed by Kusini Unguja 438 tons, while Kaskazini Pemba reported the lowest with 131 tons. The average yield of maize was 1.0 tons/ha, whereby Mjini Magharibi region had the highest yield of 2.0 tons/ha and Kaskazini Unguja reported the lowest yield of 0.7 tons/ha (Figure 3.4).

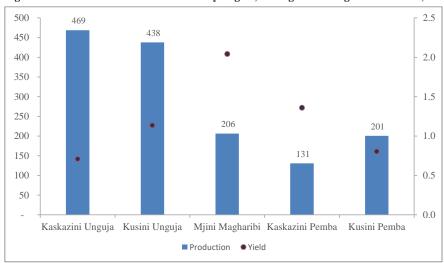


Figure 3.4: Production and Yield of Maize by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.1.3 Sorghum

The results show that, 2,031 of agricultural households were engaged in growing sorghum. A total of 339 ha was area planted with sorghum. However, a total of 203 ha (59.8 percent) of the area planted with sorghum was harvested. The results within regions show that, Kaskazini Pemba was harvested 65.4 percent of the planted area and Kaskazini Unguja was 48.8 percent.

The total sorghum production was 174 tons, Kaskazini Pemba reported 115 tons of sorghum and Kaskazini Unguja was 59 tons. Moreover, findings show that, the average yield of sorghum was 0.9 tons/ha. Kaskazini Pemba was reported yield of 1.0 tons/ha and Kusini Unguja reported 0.8 tons/ha (Table 3.5).

Table 3.2: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Sorghum by Agricultural

Households and Large Scale Farms During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Percent of Area Harvested	Production (Tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
Agricultural Household	Kaskazini Unguja	149	72	48.8	59	0.8
	Kusini Unguja	-	-		-	-
	Mjini Magharibi	-	-		-	-
	Kaskazini Pemba	174	114	65.4	115	1
	Kusini Pemba	-	-		-	-
	Total	323	186	57.7	173	0.9
Large Scale Fa	rms	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		339	203	59.8	174	0.9

Source: Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.1.4 Bulrush Millet

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, a total of 548 households engaged in growing bulrush millet in Zanzibar, whereas 117 ha was planted and the harvested area was 54 ha. The total production was 86 tons of bulrush millet, while the yield of bulrush millet was 1.6 tons/ha. (Table 3.6).

Table 3.3: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Bulrush Millet by Agricultural Households During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Percent of Area Harvested (%)	Production (Tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	117	54	45.9	86	1.6
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	117	54	45.9	86	1.6

Roots and Tuber Crops Production

The main roots and tuber crops grown in Zanzibar by agricultural households and large-scale farms are cassava, sweet potatoes and cocoyam. In the 2022/23 agricultural year, a total of 48,862 ha was planted with roots and tubers, of which agricultural households occupied 48,754 ha and 108 ha occupied by large scale farms.

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[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Source: Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23
"-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld

Out of the total area planted with roots and tuber, 29,471 ha (60.3 percent) were harvested. Agricultural households harvested a total of 29,405 ha while large scale farms harvested 65 ha. A total of 83,204 tons of roots and tubers were produced; of which, agricultural households accounted for 83,025 tons of the overall production, while 179 tons were produced by large scale farms. (Table 3.7).

Table 3.4: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production, Yield and Percentage of Roots and Tubers During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

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Holding Category	Crops	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Tons)	Yield on Area Harvested (Tons/Ha)
	Cassava	41,307	24,471	66,985	2.7
Agricultural	Sweet potatoes	6,215	4,689	15,778	3.4
Households	Cocoyam	1232	246	262	1.1
	Total	48,754	29,406	83,025	
	Cassava	25	4	3	0.8
Large Scale	Sweet potatoes	83	62	176	2.9
Farms	Cocoyam	-	-	-	-
	Total	108	65	179	
	Cassava	41,332	24,475	66,988	2.7
All Holdings	Sweet potatoes	6,298	4,750	15,954	3.4
	Cocoyam	1,232	246	262	1.1
	Total	48,862	29471	83,204	

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.2.1 Cassava

Cassava is among the roots and tuber crop grown by both agricultural households and large scale farms. A total of 110,955 households engaged in growing cassava during the 2022/23 agricultural year in Zanzibar. The total area planted with cassava was 41,332 ha, of which 41,307 ha occupied by agricultural households and 25 ha by large scale farms. Moreover, 59.2 percent of the total area planted with cassava was harvested. Mjini Magharibi harvested 79.6 percent of the planted area, followed by Kusini Unguja (63.8 percent), while Kaskazini Unguja reported the lowest (43.5 percent) (Figure 3.5).

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

14,000 - 10,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 - 4,000 - 2,000 - Kusini Pemba Kaskazini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Kusini Unguja Mjini Magharibi • Area Planted • Area Harvested

Figure 3.5: Planted and Harvested Area with Cassava by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Regarding production, a total of 66,988 tons of cassava was produced, out of which 66,985 tons were from agricultural households and 3 tons were from large scale farms. The highest cassava production was reported in Kusini Pemba (20,953 tons; 31.3 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (16,716 tons; 25.0 percent) while the lowest cassava production was recorded in Kaskazini Unguja (8,626 tons; 12.9 percent).

Furthermore, the average yield of cassava was 2.7 tons/ha, whereby the highest yield was reported in Kusini Pemba region with 2.9 tons/ha and Mjini Magharibi was reported the lowest yield of 2.3 tons/ha. (Figure 3.6).

25,000 3.5 3.0 20,000 2.5 15,000 2.0 1.5 10,000 1.0 5,000 0.5 Kusini Pemba Kaskazini Pemba Kusini Unguja Mjini Magharibi Kaskazini Unguja Region ■ Production ■ Yield

Figure 3.6: Production and Yield of Cassava by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23

Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

3.2.3 Sweet Potatoes

The results show that, a total of 29,142 households engaged in growing sweet potatoes. A total area of 6,298 ha was planted with sweet potatoes, of which 6,215 ha were occupied by agricultural households and 83 ha by large scale farms.

On the other hand, 75.4 percent of the total planted area with sweet potatoes was harvested. Kaskazini Pemba harvested with 86.8 percent of the area planted with sweet potatoes, followed by Kusini Unguja (84.3 percent), while Kaskazini Unguja had the lowest (57.9 percent) (Figure 3.7).

2,500

1,500

1,000

Kaskazini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Mjini Magharibi Kusini Unguja Kusini Pemba

Area Planted Area Harvested

Figure 3.7: Area Planted, Area Harvested of Sweet Potatoes by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

The total production of sweet potatoes was 15,954 tons, whereby 15,778 tons (98.9 percent) were from agricultural households and 176 tons (1.1 percent) from large scale farms. The largest production of sweet potatoes was reported in Kaskazini Pemba (4,971 tons; 31.2 percent), followed by Kaskazini Unguja (4,162 tons; 26.1 percent), while Kusini Pemba region reported the smallest (550 tons; 3.4 percent). Furthermore, results show that, the average yield of sweet potatoes was 3.4 tons/ha, whereby the highest yield was reported in Kusini Unguja region with 5.4 tons/ha whereas Kusini Pemba reported the lowest yield of 2.4 tons/ha (Figure 3.8).

6,000 6.0 5,000 5.0 4,000 4.0 3,000 3.0 2,000 2.0 1,000 1.0 Mjini Magharibi Kaskazini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Kusini Unguja Kusini Pemba ■ Production ● Yield

Figure 3.8: Production and Yield of Sweet Potatoes by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

3.2.4 Cocoyam

The results show that, a total of 7,769 agricultural households engaged in growing cocoyam during the 2022/23 agricultural year in Zanzibar, whereas the planted area was 1,232 ha and the harvested area was 246 ha. Additionally, 262 tons of cocoyam were produced, while the average yield of was 1.1 tons/ha. Kusini Unguja was leading region (134 tons; 51.1 percent) in the production of cocoyam with yield of 3.7 ton/ha (Table 3.7).

Table 3.5: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production and Yield of Cocoyam During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Area Planted (ha)			Yield (tons/ha)
Kaskazini Unguja	177	28	38	1.3
Kusini Unguja	413	36	134	3.7
Mjini Magharibi	629	176	82	0.5
Kaskazini Pemba	-	-	-	-
Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-
Total	1,232	246	262	1.1

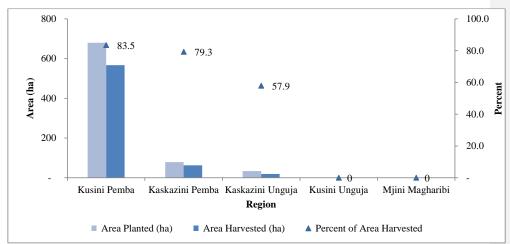
Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

"-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

3.3 Oil Seeds and Nuts

During 2022/23 agricultural year, groundnuts are only the oil seed and nuts crop grown in Zanzibar with a total of 3,918 agricultural households were involved in growing groundnuts, whereas 854 ha was planted. The results indicate that, 80.4 percent of the planted area was harvested. In regional variation, area harvested was reported in Kusini Pemba 83.5 percent, Kaskazini Pemba 79.3 percent and Kaskazini Unguja 57.9 percent (Figure 3.9).

Figure 3.9: Planted, Harvested Area and Percent of Area Harvested with Groundnuts by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar



Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

Moreover, 984 tons of groundnuts were produced in Zanzibar, Kusini Pemba produced 890 tons (90.4 percent), Kaskazini Pemba (31 tons; 3.1 percent) and Kaskazini Unguja (10 tons; 1.0 percent). The average yield aggregated to 1.4 tons/ha. Regionally Kusini Pemba had a yield of 1.6 tons/ha while both Kaskazini Pemba and Kaskazini Unguja had a yield of 0.5 tons/ha (Table 3.8).

Table 3.6: Production and Yield of Groundnuts by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
Kaskazini Unguja	10	0.5
Kusini Unguja	-	-
Mjini Magharibi	-	-
Kaskazini Pemba	31	0.5
Kusini Pemba	890	1.6
Total	984	1.4

3.4 Pulses

During 2022/23 agricultural year, the results show that, the common pulses grown in Zanzibar are pigeon peas, and cowpeas, whereby 3,133 ha was planted and 1,364 ha of the total planted area were harvested, while the production of the pulses was reported 1,248 tons; (Table 3.9).

Table 3.7: Area Planted, Area Harvested, Production, Yield and Percentage of Pulses During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Сгор	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Tons)	Yield on Area Harvested (Tons /Ha)
A	Cowpeas	2,131	1,364	709	0.5
Agricultural Households	Pigeon peas	1,002	-	539	0.5
nousenoids	Total	3,133	1,364	1,248	

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.4.2 Pigeon Peas

The results reveal that, 6,678 agricultural households cultivated pigeon peas in Zanzibar, covering a total area of 1,002 hectares, whereas the total production of pigeon peas accounted with 539 tons. Regionally, Kaskazini Unguja produced 319 tons (59.3 percent), Kusini Unguja 135 tons (24.9 percent), and Mjini Magharibi reported 85 tons (15.8 percent) (Figure 3.10).

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

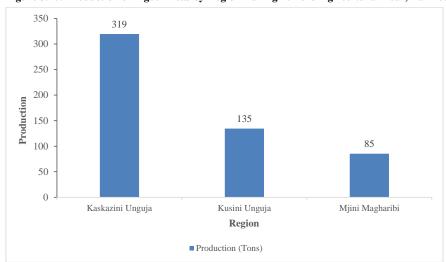
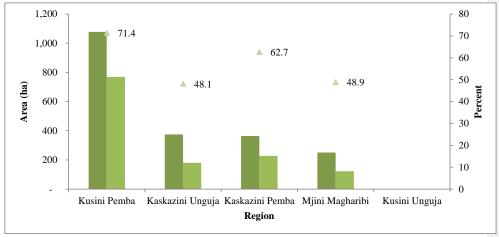


Figure 3.10: Production of Pigeon Peas by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

3.4.3 Cowpeas

The findings on cowpeas production shows that, 10,675 agricultural households were involved in growing cowpeas in Zanzibar, with a total planted area of 2,131 ha, out of this, 1,364 ha (64.0 percent) were harvested. Kusini Pemba region was recorded 71.4 percent of the planted area was harvested, Kaskazini Pemba 62.7 percent, and Kaskazini Unguja 41.8 percent (Figure 3.11).

Figure 3.11: Area Planted and Area Harvested of Cowpeas by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar



Production of cowpeas in the 2022/23 agricultural year aggregated to 709 tons. Kusini Pemba produced 567 tons, Kaskazini Pemba with 81 tons, Kaskazini Unguja 44 tons and Mjini Magharibi reported production only 6 tons (0.8 percent), whereas the average yield was recorded 0.5 (Figure 3.12).

567 600 0.8 0.7 500 0.6 Production (tons) 400 0.5 300 0.4 0.3 200 0.2 81 100 44 0.1 Kusini Pemba Kaskazini Pemba Kaskazini Unguja Mjini Magharibi Region ■ Production ■ Yield

Figure 3.12: Production and Yield of Cowpeas by Agricultural Households by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

3.5 Cash Crop Production

Cash crops are primarily for sale and export rather than for personal consumption. These crops are vital to the country's economy, generating significant revenue and employment opportunities. Cash crops were clove and sugarcane.

3.5.1 Cloves

A total of 4,687 agricultural households engaged in clove production in Zanzibar. The total area planted with clove was 3,721 ha, whereas 2,925 ha were from agricultural households. On the other hand, 1,642 tons of cloves were produced, while the average yield was 0.4 tons/ha. Regional estimate showed that, Kaskazini Pemba had the highest production of clove with 1,074 tons (65.4 percent), followed by Kusini Pemba (462 tons; 28.1 percent), whereas Kaskazini Unguja reported the lowest production with 37 tons (2.2 percent). This distribution highlights the significant role of the Pemba regions, particularly Kaskazini Pemba, in clove production in Zanzibar (Table 3.10).

Table 3.8: Number of Agricultural Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Cloves by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Agricultural Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Production (Tons)	Yield (Tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	614	166	37	0.2
	Kusini Unguja	1,159	316	69	0.2
	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Kaskazini Pemba	1,623	1,522	1,074	0.7
Holdings	Kusini Pemba	1,292	922	462	0.5
	Total	4,687	2,925	1,642	0.6
	All		3,721	1,642	0.4

3.6. Fruits and Vegetables

3.6.1 Banana

A total of 83,338 agricultural households engaged in banana production, whereas 23,036 ha were area planted with bananas, out of which 23,633 ha were from agricultural households and only 3 ha were from large scale farms. Kusini Pemba had the largest planted area of banana (9,158 ha; 39.8 percent), followed by Mjini Magharibi (3,900 ha; 16.9 percent); while Kaskazini Pemba reported the least planted area 2,738 ha (11.9 percent).

Production of banana was 57,517 tons, whereby agricultural households produced 57,516 tons and large scale farms produced only 1 ton. Kusini Pemba had the largest production (14,441 tons; 25.1 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (13,945 tons; 24.2 percent), whereas Kaskazini Pemba had the least production (5,508 tons; 9.6 percent) (Table 3.11).

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 3.9: Number of Households, Area and Production of Banana by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Planted Are households (ha)		Production (tons)
	Kaskazini Unguja	10,881	3,617	12,291
	Kusini Unguja	15,544	3,620	13,945
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	22,784	3,900	11,331
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	12,266	2,738	5,508
	Kusini Pemba	21,863	9,158	14,441
	Total	83,338	23,033	57,516
Large Scale farm	ms	4	3	1
All Holding			23,036	57,517

3.6.2 Avocado

The findings on avocado production reveal that, 2,403 agricultural households engaged in avocado production, with a total of 216 ha planted area. The largest planted area with avocado production was reported in Kusini Unguja (186 ha; 86.1 percent) and Kaskazini Pemba planted 20 ha (9.3 percent).

Moreover, the production of avocado was 718 tons produced by agricultural households. Kusini Unguja had produced (694 tons; 96.7 percent) and Kaskazini Pemba produced 8 tons (1.2 percent) (Table 3.12).

Table 3.10: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Avocado by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Agricultural Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	1,724	186	694	3.7
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	352	20	8	0.4
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-
	Total	2,403	216	718	3.3
Large Scale Farms		-	-	-	-
All Holding			216	718	3.3

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

3.6.3 Mango

Mango production involved 10,835 agricultural households with the total area planted of 2,329 ha. The total production of mango was 26,961 tons produced by agricultural households, while average yield was 11.6 tons/ha. Kusini Unguja had the largest production (23,303 tons; 86.4 percent), followed by Kaskazini Unguja (1,765; 6.5 percent), whereas Kaskazini Pemba reported the smallest production (10; 0.1 percent) (Table 3.13). This data highlights the dominance of Kusini Unguja in mango production, contributing the vast majority of the total output.

Table 3.11: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Mango by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Agricultural Holdings	Planted Area (Ha)	Production (Tons)	Yield (Tons/Ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	2,500	828	1,765	2.1
	Kusini Unguja	4,818	590	23,303	39.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,485	326	867	2.7
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	481	43	10	0.2
	Kusini Pemba	1,552	541	1,016	1.9
	Total	10,835	2,328	26,961	11.6

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.6.4 Orange

The results show that, a total of 6,885 agricultural households involved in orange production with a total planted area was 1330 ha. Kusini Unguja was planted area (762 ha; 57.3 percent), Mjini Magharibi (306 ha; 23.0 percent) and Kaskazini Unguja (213 ha; 16.0 percent).

A total production of oranges was 3,675 tons, whereby 3,668 tons were from agricultural households. Regionally, Kusini Unguja had produced (2,537 tons; 69.2 percent), Kaskazini Unguja (627 tons; 17.1 percent) and Mjini Magharibi (404 tons; 11.0 percent) (Table 3.14).

Table 3.12:Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Orange by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Agricultural Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Production (Tons)	Yield (Tons/Ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,323	213	627	2.9
	Kusini Unguja	4,113	762	2,537	3.3
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,102	306	404	1.3
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-
	Total	6,885	1,330	3,668	2.8
Large Scale Far	rms	-	-	-	-
All Holding			1,331	3,675	2.8

3.6.5 Pineapple

A total of 5,199 agricultural households engaged in pineapple production with the total planted area of 1,301 ha, whereas the total production of pineapples was 561 tons. Regional distribution of pineapple, Mjini Magharibi had the largest production of 150 tons (26.7 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (125 tons, 22.2 percent) while Kaskazini Pemba reported the least production of (57 tons; 10.2 percent) (Table 3.15).

Table 3.13: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Pineapple by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Agricultural Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	795	127	108	0.9
	Kusini Unguja	720	266	125	0.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	2,045	498	150	0.3
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	754	171	57	0.3
	Kusini Pemba	886	239	121	0.5
	Total	5,199	1,301	561	0.4

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

3.6.6 Tomato

A total of 10,291 agricultural households were involved in tomato production in Zanzibar, whereas 3,155 ha were planted area with tomato, of which 3,153 ha were planted area recorded by agricultural households and 2 ha by large scale farms.

However, a total planted area with tomatoes, 2,815 ha (89.2 percent) were harvested, whereby 2,813 ha (89.2 percent) harvested by agricultural households and 2 ha harvested by large scale farms. The results within region, Kusini Unguja had harvested (245 ha; 96.5 percent), Kusini Pemba (1,039 ha; 96.0 percent), Mjini Magharibi (689 ha; 89.3 percent) and Kaskazini Pemba harvested 516 ha (79.6 percent).

Furthermore, the production of tomato was 34,520 tons, of which 34,498 tons were produced by agricultural households and 22 tons by large scale farms. Regional production shows that, Kusini Pemba had the highest production (20,828 tons; 60.4 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (5,573 tons; 16.2 percent), while Kusini Unguja recorded the lowest production, with 1,741 tons (5.0 percent). The average yield for tomato was 12.3 tons/ha (Table 3.16).

Table 3,14: Number of Households, Area Production and Harvested, and Yields of Tomato by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings	Holdings Region		of Area	Planted Area	Harvested Prod	luction	Viold (Ton/Ho)
Category	Region	Households	(Ha)	(Ha)	(Tor	n)	Yield (Ton/Ha)
	Kaskazini		2,271	398	325	2,985	9.2
	Unguja		2,2/1	398	323	2,763	9.2
	Kusini Unguja		3,223	254	245	1,741	7.1
A	Mjini		1 207	771	689	2 271	4.0
Agricultural Household	Magharibi		1,287	//1	009	3,371	4.9
Household	Kaskazini		1,816	648	516	5,573	10.8
	Pemba		1,810	048	310	3,373	10.8
	Kusini Pemba		1,693	1,082	1,039	20,828	20.1
	Total		10,291	3,153	2,813	34,498	12.3
Large Scale							
Farm			4	2	2	22	12.3
All Holdings				3,155	2,815	34,520	12.3

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.6.7 Okra

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, a total of 4,288 agricultural households engaged in okra production; evidence depicts that, 618 ha was planted area with okra, whereby 616 ha were planted by agricultural household and 2 ha by large scale farms.

On the other hand, 507 ha 82.0 percent were harvested, of which 505 ha (82.0 percent) were harvested area from agricultural households and 2 ha were from large scale farms. The total production of okra was 865 tons, whereby 862 tons (99.6 percent) were from agricultural households and 3 tons (0.4 percent) were from large scale farms.

Regional estimates, Kusini Unguja led in okra production with 401 tons (46.5 percent), followed by Kaskazini Unguja (226 tons; 26.3 percent), while Mjini Magharibi recorded the lowest production with 36 tons (4.2 percent). The average yield of okra was 1.7 tons per hectare (ha) (Table 3.17).

Table 3.15: Number of Households, Area, Production, and Yields of Okra by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Harvested Area	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,066	134	126	226	1.8
	Kusini Unguja	755	277	218	401	1.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,253	78	37	36	1.0
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	628	54	50	128	2.5
	Kusini Pemba	586	73	73	71	1.0
	Total	4,288	616	505	862	1.7
Large Scale Fa	rms	3	2	2	3	1.5
All Holding			618	507	865	1.7

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.6.8: Water melon

A total of 1,801 agricultural households were involved in water melon production, with planted area was 820 ha, while 449 ha (54.6 percent) were harvested. Kusini Unguja harvested the largest portion of the area planted (175 ha; 83.9 percent), followed by Kaskazini Unguja (66 ha; 54.9 percent), while Mjini Magharibi had least area harvested (93 ha; 41.2 percent).

Addition, the total production of watermelon was 8,409 tons, whereby 8,380 tons were produced by agricultural households. Regional estimate, Kusini Unguja had the highest production (3,309 tons; 39.4 percent) followed by Kaskazini Unguja (1,781 tons; 21.2 percent), while Kaskazini Pemba recorded the least production with 1,593 tons (18.9 percent). The average yield of watermelon was 18.7 tons/ha (Table 3.18).

Table 3.16: Number of Households, Area Harvested and Production, and Yields of Watermelon by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Region	Number of Households	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)
	Kaskazini					
	Unguja	190	120	66	1781	27.0
	Kusini Unguja	422	208	175	3309	18.9
	Mjini					
Agricultural	Magharibi	486	225	93	1697	18.3
Household	Kaskazini					
	Pemba	703	265	114	1593	14.0
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1,801	819	447	8,380	18.7
Large Scale		•			•	
Farm		-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			820	449	8,409	18.7

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.6.9: Bitter tomato

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, 2,693 agricultural households were involved in bitter tomato production in Zanzibar. A total of 791 ha were planted and 525 ha (66.3 percent) were harvested. The total production accounted with 1,247 tons, while Kaskazini Unguja had the largest production with (591 tons; 47.4 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (281 tons; 22.5 percent), whereas Mjini Magharibi had the smallest production (104 tons; 8.3 percent), while the average yield of bitter tomato was 2.4 tons per hectare (Table 3.19).

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 3.17: Number of Households, Area Harvested and Production, and Yields of Bitter tomato by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Region	Number of Households	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	787	281	239	591	2.5
	Kusini Unguja	829	413	192	281	1.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	479	18	18	104	5.8
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	412	40	39	259	6.6
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	2,693	790	524	1,246	2.4
Large Scale Fa	rm	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			791	525	1,247	2.4

3.6.10: Sweet-bell Pepper

The results show that, production of sweet bell pepper was 3,023 produced by agricultural households. The total area planted with sweet bell pepper was 1,025 ha, whereas 881 ha were harvested, Kusini Unguja harvested 100 percent of its planted area, followed by Kaskazini Pemba with 87.2 percent and Mjini Magharibi with 78.9 percent.

A total of 1,913 tons were produced, while Kusini Unguja had produced (668 tons; 34.9 percent), Mjini Magharibi (438 tons; 22.9 percent), and Kaskazini Pemba (72 tons; 3.7 percent) (Table 3.20).

Table 3.18:Number of Households, Area Harvested and Production, and Yields of Sweet-bell Pepper by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Region	Number of Households	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)
	Kaskazini					
	Unguja	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	970	241	241	668	2.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,530	671	530	438	0.8
Household	Kaskazini	297	19	17	72	4.3
	Pemba	271	1)	17	12	4.5
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	3,023	1,024	880	1,912	2.2
Large Scale Farm		-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			1,025	881	1,913	2.2

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

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3.6.11: Amaranth

A total of 10,101 agricultural households were involved in amaranth production, whereas 646 ha were planted with amaranth, of which 644 ha were planted by agricultural households and 2 ha by large-scale farms.

Additionally, 581 ha (89.9 percent) of the planted area were harvested, whereby 579 ha (89.8 percent) were from by agricultural households and 2 ha by large-scale farms. Results within region show that, Kusini Pemba harvested 100 percent of the planted area, Kaskazini Pemba harvested 97.2 percent, Kusini Unguja harvested 95.4 percent, Kaskazini Unguja harvested 93.3 percent, and Mjini Magharibi harvested 68.5 percent.

Furthermore, a total of 1,320 tons were produced, of which 1,314 tons were from agricultural households and 6 tons by large-scale farms. Regionally, Kusini Unguja had the highest production (885 tons; 67.1 percent), followed by Mjini Magharibi (203 tons; 15.4 percent), while Kusini Pemba recorded the lowest production (43 tons; 3.2 percent) and the average yield was 2.3 tons per ha (Table: 3.21).

Table 3.19: Number of Households, Area Planted, Production, and Yields of Amaranth by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Number of Holdings	Planted Area (ha)	Harvested Area	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,138	103	96	74	0.8
	Kusini Unguja	2,606	248	236	885	3.7
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	4,520	142	97	203	2.1
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	1,211	88	85	109	1.3
	Kusini Pemba	626	64	64	43	0.7
	Total	10,101	644	579	1,314	2.3
Large Scale Fa	arms	4	2	2	6	2.6
All Holding			646	581	1,320	2.3

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.6.12: Cucumber

The findings show that, a total of 2,152 agricultural households engaged in growing cucumbers in Zanzibar, with the total planted area was 600 ha and 494 ha were harvested. In regional wise,

Kaskazini Unguja had harvested area (199 ha; 97.3 percent), Kaskazini Pemba (31 ha; 79.2 percent), and Kusini Unguja (90 ha; 65.8 percent).

The total production of cucumbers were 876 tons produced by agricultural households. The results across regions, Kaskazini Unguja led with a production of (420 tons; 47.9 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (144 tons; 16.4 percent), while Kaskazini Pemba had the least production (67 tons; 7.7 percent) (Table 3.22).

Table 3.20: Number of Households, Area Planted, Production, and Yields of Cucumber by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Region	Number of Households	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	631	205	199	420	2.1
	Kusini Unguja	524	137	90	144	1.6
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	237	39	31	67	2.2
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	2,152	600	494	876	1.8

Source: Annex Table (5-1) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.7 Shocks on Area Planted

Shock is a sudden and disruptive change in conditions that negatively affects crop growth, yield, or quality. Among others, climate related shocks lead to drought and water scarcity, flooding and excess rain, extreme temperatures, disrupted growing seasons, and reduced nutritional value of crops. On the other hand, none climatic shocks include crop theft, plant pests and diseases, fires, animal, and bird damage. A shock, or a combination of shocks, may have a devastating impact on crop production and farm economy, particularly among the agricultural households. Furthermore, depending on their magnitude, climate-related shocks can affect the production either fully or partially. In this regard, a fully affected area is associated with getting zero harvests out of the total planted area, while a partially affected area is related to losing a portion of the harvested area. In the context of AASS 2022/23, fully affected and partially affected areas were the result of climatic shocks, non-climatic shocks, or a combination of the two.

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, shocks in agricultural production were reported in both short and long rainy seasons. In the short rainy season, 3,800 ha equivalent to 11.6 percent of the total

planted area by agricultural households was fully affected by shocks, whereas 2,575 ha (7.8 percent) were partially affected. In the long rainy season, out of the total area planted by planted by agricultural households, 16,414 ha (36.5 percent) were fully affected and 3,206 ha (7.1 percent) were partially affected. In the both season, out of the total area planted there was no area reported to be affected by shock in large scale farms. (Figure 2.23).

40.0 35.0 36.5 30.0 25.0 20.0 15.0 10.0 11.6 5.0 7.8 Fully affected by shocks Partially affected by Fully affected by shocks Partially affected by shocks shocks Short rainy season Long rainy season

Figure 3.13: Percentage of the Area Planted Affected by Shocks During 2022/23 Agricultural Year,

Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (5-3) in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8 Crop Harvest Uses

This subsection presents information on how the agricultural households used their harvested crops during 2022/23 agricultural year. The results presented in this section are based on the agricultural household and large scale farms. In this report, crop use was categorized into eight (8) groups; sold unprocessed, households' consumption, given to others, used to pay for inputs, animal feeds, seeds, processed and other uses.

3.8.1 Cereals

The findings indicate that most of the produced cereals were consumed by households of at least 88.0 percent for each crop, whereas the rest of the uses for each crop was less than 11.0 percent. Among the cereals, crops that had the largest proportion consumed by households were bulrush

millet (89.4 percent), sorghum (84.6 percent), and paddy (78.1 percent), whereas maize had the highest percentage sold unprocessed (61.2 percent). For large scale farms, most of the harvests were sold unprocessed and paddy had the 74.8 percent (Table 3.22).

Table 3.21: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Cereals During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Crops	Sold unprocessed	Household consumption	Given to others	Used to pay for inputs	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed	Others	Total
	Maize	61.2	31.4	6.3	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	100
Agricultural	Paddy	3.2	78.1	11.4	0.1	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	100
Household	Sorghum	0.0	84.6	11.2	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	100
	Bulrush Millet	0.0	89.4	3.2	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	100
T C 1.	Maize	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Large Scale	Paddy	74.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	6.7	15.3	100.0
гання	Sorghum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Annex Table 5-4 in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8.2 Roots and Tuber Crops

Among the roots and tubers, most of the crops produced by agricultural households were used for household consumption (sweet potatoes 46.4 percent, cassava 61.6 percent and cocoyam 71.8 percent). For large scale farms, all of the harvested cassava were sold unprocessed (Figure 3.23).

Table 3.22: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Roots and Tuber During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Crops	Sold unprocessed	Household consumption	Given to others	Used to pay for inputs	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed
	Cassava	23.4	61.6	14.1	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.0
Agricultural Household	Sweet potatoes	40.6	46.4	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
	Cocoyam	11.3	71.8	16.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cassava	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Large Scale Farms	Sweet potatoes	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: Annex Table 5-4 in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8.3 Pulses

Major uses of pulses as reported by agricultural households were for household consumption and selling unprocessed. Cowpeas was the leading pulse crop consumed by households (61.9 percent), while pigeon peas were mostly sold unprocessed (71.4 percent). For large scale farms, at least 85

percent of the pulses were sold unprocessed, while the remaining portion had other uses (Table 3.24).

Table 3.23: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Pulses During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Crops	Sold unproc essed	Househol d consumpt ion	Give n to othe rs	Used to pay for inpu ts	Anim al feed	See ds	Process ed	Othe rs	Tot al
	Beans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Cowpeas	49.4	45.3	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	100
Household	Pigeon pea	1.4	71.6	26.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	100
Large Scale Farms	Cowpeas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Annex Table 5-4 in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8.4 Oil Seed and Nuts

The findings indicate that, groundnut (81.9 percent) were most of the produced oil seeds and nuts by agricultural households used as sold unprocessed; household consumption emerged as the second-best use of oil seeds. A relatively small proportion of groundnuts were used for seeds (1.0 percent), given to other and used to pay for inputs were 0.1 percent (Figure 3.35).

Others Processed Seeds Animal feed Used to pay for inputs Given to others Household consumption Sold unprocessed 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 ■ Groundnut

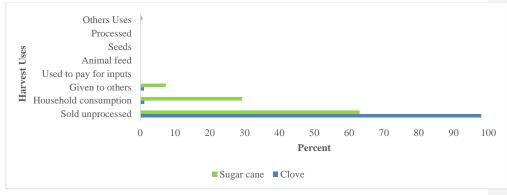
Figure 3.14: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Oil Seeds and Nuts During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

3.8.5 Cash Crops

Majority of cash crops harvested in Zanzibar were sold unprocessed. Clove was the leading cash crop with 97.9 percent of its harvest sold unprocessed, followed by sugarcane (62.9 percent). The second used of cash crops were household consumption (1.1 and 29.2 percent) and given to other with (1.0 and 7.3 percent).

Figure 3.15: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Cash Crops During 2022/23

Agricultural Year, Zanzibar



Source: Annex Table 5-4 in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8.6 Fruits

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, fruits harvested by agricultural households were mainly sold unprocessed, consumed by household or given to others. Among the fruits with high proportion sold unprocessed were avocado (67.4 percent), mango (65.0 percent) and pineapple (60.5 percent). Banana was the fruit which was mostly used for household consumption (50.5 percent), followed by pineapple (28.7 percent) the least were avocado and mango accounted for (19.6 and 19.4 percent) for the same use. Each of the fruits produced was given to others in the form of gifts, with banana and mango recording 16.8 percent and 15.6 percent of the respective harvests. (Figure 3.37).

Table 3.24: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Fruits During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Crop	Sold unprocessed	Household consumption	Given to others	Used to pay for inputs	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed	Others	Total
	Banana	33.0	50.2	16.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Ai161	Avocado	67.4	19.6	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Agricultural household	Mango	65.0	19.4	15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
nousenoid	Pineapple	60.5	28.7	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
	Orange	41.0	26.1	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.8	100
Laura Casta	Banana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Large Scale Farms	Mango	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
rainis	Orange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Annex Table 5-4 in Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

3.8.7 Vegetables

For the selected vegetables, a large proportion of the harvest was sold unprocessed followed by household consumption. In agricultural households, watermelon had the largest share of its harvest sold unprocessed (90.4 percent), followed by sweet/bell pepper (85.0 percent) and Cucumber (81.5 percent). Household consumption for amaranths was 27.9 percent of the harvests, okra 25.2 percent while watermelon had 6.6 percent. The proportion of vegetables directed to given to other was minimal. For large scale farms, harvests were all mainly sold unprocessed, including amaranths, okra and tomatoes. (Table 3.26).

Table 3.25: Percentage Distribution of Crop Harvest Uses for Vegetables During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Crop	Sold unprocessed	Household consumption	Given to others	Used to pay for inputs	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed	Others	Total
	Amaranths	63.8	27.9	7.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
	Cucumber	81.5	13.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100
A:1	Water melon	90.4	6.6	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Agricultural Household	Okra	66.6	25.2	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100
Household	Tomatoes	77.5	15.4	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
	Bitter tomato	75.3	18.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
	Sweet/bell pepper	85.0	12.2	2.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
	Amaranths	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	Water melon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Large Scale	Okra	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Farms	Tomatoes	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	Bitter tomato	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sweet/bell pepper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chapter 4: Irrigation and Input Use

4.0 Introduction

Irrigation and input use are among the challenges facing the agricultural sector, thus hindering agricultural productivity and sustainability. Irrigation practices in Zanzibar are predominantly rainfed, limiting crop yields and making agriculture vulnerable to climate variability. Additionally, limited access to quality inputs such as fertilizers, pesticides, and improved seeds further hampers agricultural productivity. Addressing these challenges is crucial for ensuring food security, improving farmers' livelihoods, and driving economic development in Zanzibar. This section, therefore, presents survey findings on Irrigation and Input use as reported during the AASS 2022/2023.

4.1 Irrigation

Irrigation plays a crucial role in supporting agricultural production, ensuring food security, and enhancing rural livelihoods. In response to government initiatives advocating the adoption and use of climate-smart agricultural technologies, farmers have been using various irrigation methods, notably, watering cane, flooding, sprinkler and drip irrigation.

4.1.1 Agricultural Households Practiced Irrigation

The results reveal that, majority of agricultural households (59.1 percent) used watering cane/bucket, followed by flooding/surface (18.4 percent). All regions reported watering cane as the dominant irrigation method except Kusini Pemba where flooding is the most common used by 64.5 percent of the agricultural households.

Irrigation by using watering cane/bucket was highly reported in Kaskazini Pemba in (77.8 percent), followed by Mjini Magharibi (66.0 percent) and Kaskazini Unguja (64.0 percent). The situation is similar with the large-scale farms, whereas about 37.5 percent uses watering cane as the main irrigation method, followed by Drip method which is occupied by 31.3 percent of the large-scale farms.

The results further show that, parity in the percentage distribution of agricultural households practicing sprinkler and drip irrigation, whereas 10.9 percent and 10.6 percent of the agricultural households reported to have applied the respective methods. However, while Sprinkler irrigation was common in Kaskazini Unguja (16.8 percent) and less practiced in Kaskazini Pemba (4.1 percent), adoption of drip irrigation was on the other hand prevalent in Kusini Unguja region (28.0 percent) and lower in Kusini Pemba (3.1 percent) (Table 4.1).

Table 4.1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Practiced Irrigation by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

		Agricultural	Hous	ehold				I	Method of	irrigation	Į.			
Holding Category	Region	Households Engaged in	Irrigated		Waterin	g cans	Sprin	kler	Dr	ip	Floo	ding	Others	
Troiting Category	region	Crop Production	Numbe r	Percent	Number	Perce nt	Numbe r	Perce nt	Numbe r	Perce nt	Numbe r	Perce nt	Numbe r	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	5,160	19	17,383	64	4,576	16.8	1,536	5.7	4,767	17.5	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	6,707	25	12,035	44.8	3,389	12.6	7,526	28	6,267	23.3	0	0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	18,760	50.3	24,596	66	4,668	12.5	3,230	8.7	2,843	7.6	3,351	9
Holdings	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	4,701	14.7	24,880	77.8	1,309	4.1	1,561	4.9	6,100	19.1	550	1.7
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	3,715	12.9	5,589	19.4	-	-	900	3.1	18,604	64.5	3,732	12.9
	Total	152,126	39,043	25.7	89,865	59.1	16,589	10.9	16,137	10.6	28,033	18.4	8,762	5.8
Large Scale Farms		30	16	53.3	11	37.5	2	6.3	9	31.3	8	25	0	0
All Holdings		152,156	39,059	25.7	89,869	59.1	16,589	10.9	16,153	10.6	28,043	18.4	8,760	5.8

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from the survey (Total includes withheld data)

4.1.2 Planted Area under Irrigation

During 2022/23 agricultural year, a total of 15,905 ha planted were irrigated. Considering irrigation by holding type, 15,870 ha were irrigated by agricultural households and 35 ha by large scale farms. Regional distribution shows that, the largest planted area irrigated by agricultural households was reported in Mjini Magharibi region (5,358 ha; 24.4 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (3,778 ha; 14.5 percent), while Kusini Pemba reported 2,101 ha (5.6 percent) (Figure 4.1).

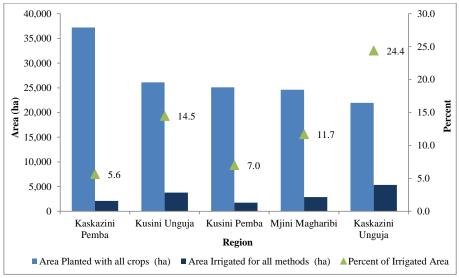


Figure 4.1: Planted Area Irrigated (ha) by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (4-2) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

4.2 Inputs Use

This sub section highlights the results on the use of inputs by both agricultural households and large scale farms. The analysis focuses on area applied with fertilizers (organic and/or inorganic), seeds (traditional and improved), and pesticides (insecticides, herbicides, rodenticides and fungicides) during 2022/23 agricultural year.

4.2.1 Seed Use

4.2.1.1 Household Using Seeds by Type and Region

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, agricultural households reported using improved seeds, traditional seeds, or improved recycled seeds. Seed usage among these households was dynamic, as they could use either one type or a combination of various seed types for the same crop. The findings showed that most agricultural households used traditional seeds (93,440 households; 66.6 percent), followed by those that used improved recycled seeds (54,368 households; 38.7 percent). The least used seed type was improved seeds, with 26,480 households (18.9 percent) (Figure 4.2).

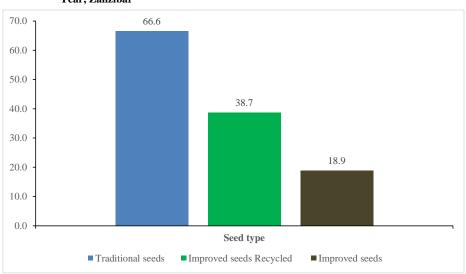


Figure 4.2: Percentage Distribution of Households Used Seeds by Type During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Source: Annex Table (4-3) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

The usage of improved seed was mostly reported in Kusini Unguja region (7,884 households; 31.0 percent), followed by Mjini Magharibi (6,737 households; 22.1 percent), while the least was reported in Kusini Pemba (1,469 households; 5.4 percent).

In addition, for improved seeds recycled, Kusini Unguja region had the highest proportion of agricultural households (16,030; 63.1 percent), followed by Kusini Pemba (12,007; 43.7 percent), whereas Mjini Magharibi reported the least percent (8,999; 29.5 percent)

On the other hand, in traditional seeds, Kaskazini Unguja had the highest percent of agricultural households (20,605; 79.4 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (23,640; 76.1 percent), whereas Kusini Unguja recorded the lowest (10,295; 40.5 percent). (Table 4.2).

Table 4.2: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households by Type of Seeds Used and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

	Agricultural	Types of Seeds						
Region	Households Used	Improved seeds	Traditional seeds	Improved seeds,				
	Seeds	(percent)	(percent)	Recycled (percent)				
Kaskazini Unguja	25,948	19.8	79.4	30.6				
Kusini Unguja	25,424	31.0	40.5	63.1				
Mjini Magharibi	30,500	22.1	71.6	29.5				
Kaskazini Pemba	31,069	16.9	76.1	30.3				
Kusini Pemba	27,446	5.4	62.2	43.7				
Total	140,387	18.9	66.6	38.7				

Source: Annex Table (4-3) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

4.2.1.2 Area Planted with Improved Seeds

The findings show that, a total of 10,143 ha was planted using improved seeds. Regional distribution shows that, Kusini Unguja region had the largest percent of the land area planted with improved seeds (3,296 ha; 25.2 percent), followed by Mjini Magharibi (2,219 ha; 17.0 percent), while Kusini Pemba reported the lowest percent (685 ha; 3.0 percent) (Figure 4.3).

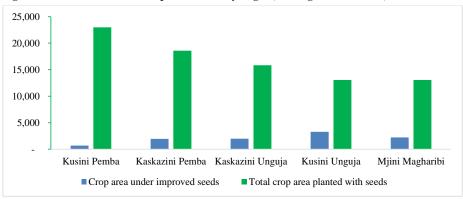


Figure 4.3: Area Planted with Improved Seeds by Region, During AASS 2022/23, Zanzibar

4.2.2 Fertilizer Use

4.2.2.1 Agricultural Households using Fertilizer

Out of 152,126 agricultural households engaged in crop production, 75,357 households (49.5 percent) used fertilizers. Mjini Magharibi led with 67.8 percent of households using fertilizer, followed by Kusini Unguja (53.5 percent), while Kaskazini Pemba recorded the lowest percentage (38.2 percent).

The use of organic fertilizer was dominant among agricultural households, with 127,384 households (83.7 percent) reporting its use. Regional estimates show that Mjini Magharibi had the largest number of agricultural households using organic fertilizer (95.3 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (87.1 percent), while Kusini Pemba had the least number (64.2 percent).

In terms, inorganic fertilizer usage was reported by 54,887 agricultural households, equivalent to 36.1 percent. In regional wise, Kusini Pemba had mostly reported use inorganic fertilizer (69.4 percent), followed by Kaskazini Unguja (40.8 percent), while Mjini Magharibi reported the least number of households (19.4 percent) (Table 4.3).

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Table 4.3: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Applied Fertilizers by Type and Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar

	Agricultural		Type of I	**				
Region	Households Engaged in crop production	Ougania			ganic lizers	Household Applied Fertilizers		
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	21,191	78	11,086	40.8	12,446	45.8	
Kusini Unguja	26,872	23,411	87.1	9,724	36.2	14,386	53.5	
Mjini Magharibi	37,264	35,517	95.3	7,223	19.4	25,252	67.8	
Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	25,383	79.3	11,365	35.5	12,231	38.2	
Kusini Pemba	28,825	18,505	64.2	20,011	69.4	11,042	38.3	
Total	152,126	127,384	83.7	54,888	36.1	75,357	49.5	

Source: Annex Table (4-8) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

4.2.2.2 Area Applied with Fertilizer

The results show that, total area applied with fertilizer was 45,622 ha (33.0 percent) of the total area planted. Area applied with fertilizer by agricultural households was 43,886 ha (96.2 percent) while large scale farms had 1,737 ha (3.8 percent).

Furthermore, Evidence shows that agricultural households and large scale farms reported using organic, inorganic fertilizer or combination of the two. Standalone analysis of fertilizer uses by type showed that 36,715 ha (80.5 percent) was applied with organic fertilizer and 17,688 ha (38.8 percent) with inorganic fertilizer (Table 4.4).

Table 4.4: Area Applied with Fertilizer by Type, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

		Total Area			Fertilizer Typ	pe	
Coverage	Holding Category	Applied with Fertilizer	Percent	Organic F	Inorganic Fertilizer		
		(ha)		Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Perc ent
Zanzibar	Agricultural Households	43,886	96.2	36,371	99.1	15,972	90.3
	Large scale farms	1,737	3.8	344	0.9	1,716	9.7
	All holdings	45,622	100.0	36,715	80.5	17,688	38.8

Source: Annex Table (4-18) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

Among regions that used fertilizer, Mjini Magharibi had the highest proportion of the area applied with fertilizer (55.2 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (41.9 percent), while Kusini Pemba recorded the lowest proportion (17.5 percent).

The results further show that, Mjini Magharibi led in the application of organic fertilizer (92.3 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (88.1 percent) and Kaskazini Unguja (79.9 percent), while Kusini Pemba had the lowest proportion (67.8 percent).

On the other hand, Kusini Pemba led in the application of inorganic fertilizer (56.2 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (37.4 percent) and Kusini Unguja (34.5 percent), while Mjini Magharibi had the lowest application rate (29.0 percent) (Table 4.5).

Table 4.5: Area Applied with Fertilizer by Type and Region, during 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Category	Holdings Category Region		Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)	
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kusini Unguja	970	241	241	668	2.8	
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,530	671	530	438	0.8	
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	297	19	17	72	4.3	
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total	3,023	1,024	880	1,912	2.2	
Large Scale Farm		-	-	-	-	-	
All Holdings			1,025	881	1,913	2.2	

Source: Annex Table (4-18) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

4.2.3 Pesticides Use

Pesticides are chemicals intended to kill or control pests such as insects, weeds, fungi etc. This sub-section presents the use of these chemicals by agricultural households and planted area applied with pesticides.

4.2.3.1 Agricultural Households Applied Pesticides

The results reveal that, a total of 29,105 agricultural households (19.1 percent) practicing crop production applied pesticides during the 2022/23 agricultural year. Regional distribution shows that, Kaskazini Unguja reported the highest use of pesticides, (6,972 households; 25.7 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (6,229 households; 23.2 percent), while Mjini Magharibi had the lowest (5,375 households; 14.4 percent) (Table 4.6).

Table 4.6: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Applied Pesticides by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Donion	Agricultural Households	Agricultural Households Applied Pesticides				
Region	Engaged in Crop Production	Number	Percent			
Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	6,972	25.7			
Kusini Unguja	26,872	6,229	23.2			
Mjini Magharibi	37,264	5,375	14.4			
Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	4,638	14.5			
Kusini Pemba	28,825	5,890	20.4			
Total	152,126	29,105	19.1			

Among the pesticides applied by agricultural households, insecticides were the most used (18,555 households; 63.8 percent), followed by herbicides (14,801 households; 50.9 percent), fungicides (1,922 households; 6.6 percent) and rodenticides (155 households; 0.5 percent). Regionally, Mjini Magharibi had higher usage pesticides (4,276 households; 79.5 percent), followed by Kaskazini Pemba (3,372 households; 72.7 percent). In contrast, the lowest proportion of application was recorded in Kusini Pemba (2,956 households; 50.2 percent) (Table 4.7).

Table 4.7: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production Applied Pesticides by Types and Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Househ	Type of Pesticides									
	olds	Insecticide		Herbicide		Fungicide		Rodenticide		Other Pesticide	
	Applied Pesticid es	Househ olds	Perc ent	Househ olds	Perc ent	Househ olds	Perc ent	Househ olds	Perc ent	Househ olds	Perc ent 0.7 2.7
Kaskazini Unguja	6,972	4,136	59.3	3,316	47.6	334	4.8			49	0.7
Kusini	0,772	4,130	37.3	3,310	47.0	334	7.0	_		77	0.7
Unguja	6,229	3,816	61.3	4,247	68.2	1,066	17.1	155	2.5	168	2.7
Mjini Magharibi	5,375	4,276	79.5	1,945	36.2	168	3.1	-	-	-	-
Kaskazini Pemba	4,638	3,372	72.7	1,783	38.4	127	2.7	_	-	_	-
Kusini Pemba	5,890	2,956	50.2	3,510	59.6	227	3.9	_	_	-	_
Total	29,105	18,555	63.8	14,801	50.9	1,922	6.6	155	0.5	217	0.7

4.2.3.2 Area applied with Pesticides

The results show that, out of the total planted area, 19,188 ha (13.9 percent) was applied with pesticides, whereby 17,511 ha were from agricultural households and 1,677 ha were from large scale farms. Among regions that applied pesticides Kaskazini Unguja had the highest percentage of the planted area applied with pesticides (4,188; 17.0 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (4,157; 15.9 percent), while Kaskazini Pemba region recorded the lowest (2,260; 9.0 percent) (Table 4.8).

Table 4.8: Area Applied with Pesticides by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Area Planted with Crops (ha) —	Area Applied with Pesticides			
Category		Crops (na)	Area (ha)	Percent		
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,612	4,188	17.0		
	Kusini Unguja	26,110	4,157	15.9		
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	21,963	3,181	14.5		
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	25,110	2,260	9.0		
	Kusini Pemba	37,202	3,726	10.0		
	Total	134,997	17,511	13.0		
Large Scale Farm	ıs	3,149	1,677	53.2		
All Holdings		138,146	19,188	13.9		

Source: Annex Table (4-20) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

4.2.3.3 Area Applied with Pesticides by Type

Pesticide application by type covered the following areas: insecticides were used on 10,213 ha (53.2 percent), herbicides on 11,022 ha (54.7 percent), fungicides on 1,318 ha (6.9 percent) (Table 4.9).

4.2.3.3.1 Insecticides

The findings show that, total of 10,213 ha applied with insecticides, of which 9,963 ha applied by agricultural households and 251 ha by large scale farms. In region wise, Kaskazini Unguja had the largest use of insecticides (2,782ha; 66.4 percent), followed by Kusini Unguja (2,673ha; 64.3 percent), while the smallest area was reported in Kusini Pemba (1,152ha; 30.9 percent) (Table 4.9).

4.2.3.3.2 Herbicides

Total area applied with herbicides during 2022/23 agricultural year in Zanzibar was 11,022 ha, whereby 9,389 ha were applied by agricultural households and 1,633 ha by large scale farms. Kusini Unguja was higher reported used herbicides (2,999 ha; 72.1 percent), followed by Kusini Pemba (2,817 ha; 70.8 percent), whereas Kaskazini Unguja reported the least (1,078 ha; 25.7 percent) (Table 4.9).

4.2.3.3.3 Fungicides

During the 2022/23 agricultural year, a total of 1,318 ha were applied with fungicides, of which 1,305 ha were applied by agricultural households and 13 ha by large scale farms. Out of the total area applied with pesticides, Fungicide usage was reported only in Kaskazini Unguja region (595 ha; 14.2 percent) and Kusini Unguja (480 ha; 11.5 percent) (Table 4.9).

Table 4.9: Area Applied with Pesticides by Type and Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding	Region	Total Area Planted with	Planted Area Applied with		Type of Po	esticides	
Category		Crops (ha)	Pesticides (ha)	Insecticides	Herbicides	Fungicides	Other pesticides
	Kaskazini Unguja	23,068	4,188	2,782	1,078	595	-
	Kusini Unguja	21,864	4,157	2,673	2,999	480	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	19,016	3,181	1,989	1,235	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	24,126	2,260	1,366	1,261	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	33,066	3,726	1,152	2,817	-	-
	Total	121,140	17,511	9,963	9,389	1,305	167
Large Scale Fa	rms	3,062	1,677	251	1,633	13	-
All Holdings		124,202	19,188	10,213	11,022	1,318	167

Source: Annex Table (4-20) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Chapter 5: Access to Financial Services (Credit)

5.1 Introduction

Access to financial services, particularly credit plays a critical role in advancing agricultural production. Farmers, who form the backbone of the country's economy, often require capital to invest in improved seeds and breeds, fertilizers, machinery, livestock and aquaculture production and inputs etc. Efforts to improve this access through micro-finance institutions, government-backed programs, and innovative financial technology solutions are essential to empower farmers, boost productivity, and enhance food security in the country, ultimately contributing to Zanzibar economic growth.

5.2. Access to Loans

The results show that, 0.7 percent of agricultural households and 9.0 percent of large scale farms accessed loans for various agricultural purposes. The most common loan providers to agricultural households were micro-finance institutions (29.3 percent) and NGOs (21.0 percent). However, Private money lender contributed a smaller share (1.0 percent).

On other hand large scale farms depended more on public banks and private money lenders each with 33.3 percent, followed by Commercial banks (22.2 percent) while Microfinance institutions had smallest share (11.1 percent) (Table 5.1).

Table 5.1: Number and Percentages of Agricultural Households with Agricultural Loans, by Region and Type of Lender, During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar

	for Ag	eted a Loan ricultural rposes		Main Loan Provider									
Holding Category	Number of holdings	Percentage of Holdings	Public Banks or Other Government Institutions	Commercial banks	Insurance Companies	Microfinance Institutions	NGOs	Production Cooperatives	Private Money Lender	Friends or family- Living in the country			
Agricultural Household	1,099	0.7	15.6	11.8	0	29.3	21	14.5	1	6.9			
Large Scale farms	9	9	33.3	22.2	0	11.1	0	0	33.3	0			

Source: Annex Table (9-2) in the Statistical Tables of AASS 2022/23

5.3. Reasons for not borrowing Money

Result shows 88.0 percent of agricultural households that did not borrow money for agricultural purposes. The main reason mentioned was they didn't request for loans, the next notable reason was not having enough income (5.1 percent), while 0.3 percent mentioned that they had no access to borrowing (1.1 percent) and high interest rates (0.3 percent).

For the large scale farmers, majority (61.5 percent) has mentioned that, they didn't need agricultural loans, as well as "Other" reasons, which have a notably high proportion (22.0 percent). Other key reasons include not enough income affecting 4.4 percent. While Refusals was reported by 9.9 percent of the farms (Table 5.2)

Table 5.2: Main Reason for not Borrowing Money, by Region, During 2022/23 Agricultural year, Zanzibar

Reasons	Agricultural Household	Large Scale farms	All
Did not request	88	61.5	88
Request was refused	1.9	9.9	1.9
Impossible to request, no access	0.3	0	0.3
Investment activity not accepted	0	0	0
Not enough income	5.1	4.4	5.1
Bad credit history	0.1	0	0.1
Inadequate collateral	0.1	0	0.1
Interest rate too high	0.3	2.2	0.3
Other Reasons	4.2	22	4.2

Source: Annex Table (9-3) in Statistical Table of AASS 2022/23

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Sampling Design of the Annual Agricultural Sample Survey 2022/23

This design took into account 5 domains (regions) from Zanzibar includes Kaskazini Unguja, Kusini Unguja, Mjini Magharibi, Kaskazini Pemba, Kusini Pemba.

Frame: list of 118 EAs created from the Population and Housing Census 2022 (PHC 2022). Available information for each EA: Region, District, Council, Constituency, Division, Ward, Village, EA, Hamlet, Rural/Urban type, number of households, number of agricultural households, number of households growing crops, number of households rearing livestock, number of households practicing aquaculture.

Frame Limitations: in the frame provided by NBS (National Bureau of Statistics of Tanzania) the EAs coincide with the Hamlets, hence some of them are highly populated (17.3% of EAs have more than 200 households, hitting the top of 11,660 households). Highly populated hamlets have a higher probability to be extracted in the sample, causing an intense listing operation. Since the GIS experts of NBS mentioned that partitioning the large hamlets into smaller EAs by using cartographic material was too time-consuming considering the survey work plan and deadlines, first it was proposed an artificial partition of the larger hamlets before the selection of the sample - i.e. that the hamlets with more than 200/150 households could be split into smaller EAs, with the assumption that both the number of households and the number of agricultural households must be distributed equally among the EAs. If these EAs were extracted in the sample, they would have been demarcated from the main hamlet by using cartographic material, paying attention to split the agricultural households equally between EAs. Albeit sub-optimal, this procedure was considered helpful since the demarcation operation would be conducted just on the sampled high-populated hamlets, not on <u>all</u> the large hamlets. However, the procedure could have generated discrepancy between the number of households (and agricultural households) artificially allocated from the hamlet to each EA before the sample extraction and the number found in the field after the demarcation of the hamlet with cartographic material (causing a bias in the sampling weights). In addition, the demarcation based on cartographic material seemed to be difficult for the NBS cartographers.

Considering the drawbacks of this approach, NBS proposed a dual approach – i.e., to conduct the listing operation in the hamlets with less than 200 households and to use the list of agricultural households as identified during the PHC 2022 in the large hamlets (with more than 200 households), without performing a new listing operation. NBS believes that the PHC 2022 household lists are still updated and they were used also for other surveys conducted in 2023; the sample attrition seems to be quite low and the holdings' contacts seem to be reliable.

However, household lists generally become outdated quickly as people migrate or change their engagement in agriculture. Therefore, it is not advisable to use the same approach for the AASS 2024. For the next survey cycles it is fundamental that NBS develops a frame with EAs completely demarcated and usable for statistical operations (all the EAs must contain at most 200 households). Splitting the large EAs in smaller pieces by using cartographic material and ground truth may seem a costly investment, but it is crucial to produce more reliable and precise results from the next surveys, including household and individual surveys. The institutions of Tanzania working on data production and data use can really benefit from it.

Source: AASS 2022/23 Sampling Technical Note

Sampling units

First stage: Enumeration Areas (Hamlets)

second stage: agricultural households, i.e. households growing crops and/or rearing livestock; aquaculture and bee-keeping activities are considered complementary to the first two primary activities. Therefore, households practicing just aquaculture or beekeeping are not considered to be part of the sampling units (the reason leading to this decision is that no previous information is available to consider in the computation of the sample size precision requirements of the estimates of these two sectors). A household is considered agricultural only if it has at least 25 square meters of planted land and/or one cattle and/or 5 goats/sheep/pigs and/or 50 chickens/ducks/turkeys.

Strata

Two to three strata of EAs in each domain were created considering three variables: the number of households growing crops, the number of households rearing livestock and the number of households practicing aquaculture as reported in the frame obtained from the PHC2022. This multivariate stratification has been conducted by the k-means algorithm with the R function *kmeans*. The means of the stratifying variables computed in each stratum and domain are given in Table 1. In general, on average, stratum one is the most populated and contains EAs less involved in agriculture, stratum three is the least populated and its EAs include a lot of households involved in crop cultivation, livestock rearing and aquaculture. In some domains the sample size is low, hence just two strata have been identified. The stratification procedure applied in Dodoma is shown in Annex 2.

First Stage Sampling Selection

Systematic selection with probability proportional to size (PPS). Within each stratum and domain, the EAs are ordered according to District's and Council's Codes which reflect the geographical proximity, then ordered according to Constituency's, Division's, Ward's, Village's codes. An implicit stratification is also performed, ordering by Urban/Rural type at Ward level. The EAs are selected with probability proportional to size where the measure of size is the number of agricultural households in the EA.

Second Stage Sampling Selection

Simple random sampling. In hamlets with more than 200 households, twelve (12) agricultural households are drawn from the PHC 2022 list with a simple random sampling without replacement procedure in each sampled hamlet. In hamlets with 200 households or less, twelve (12) agricultural

households will be selected with a simple random sampling without replacement procedure in each sampled hamlet after listing operation.

Table 1. Means of the stratifying variables in each stratum and domain.

	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	Mean HH	
Region	-		Aquac	Crops	Livestock(S	Aquac	Crops	Livestock	Aquac	
	(Stratum 1)	ratum 1)	(Stratum 1)	(Stratum 2)	tratum 2)	(Stratum 2)	(Stratum 3)	(Stratum 3)	(Stratum 3)	
Kaskazini Unguja	21.92	4.39	0.19	47.25	8.29	0.16	77.89	18.05	0.41	
Kusini Unguja	42.31	12.24	0.24	88.73	26.79	0.65	NaN	NaN	NaN	
Mjini Magharibi	9.27	1.64	0.08	36.09	8.16	0.26	NaN	NaN	NaN	
Kaskazini Pemba	33.05	9.02	0.14	61.12	20.43	0.27	90.68	33.85	0.43	
Kusini Pemba	32.53	8.54	0.16	61.21	16.71	0.47	NaN	NaN	NaN	

Sample size: The total sample size is calculated considering precision requirements of the estimates within each domain. The reference variables used to calculate the sample size are the <u>planted area</u> and the <u>number of Tropical Livestock Units (TLUs)</u> as collected in the Agricultural Sample Census 2019/2020² (AC20). Details on the choice of these variables are given in Annex 1.

Variables related to aquaculture and beekeeping have not been considered for the sample size calculation because very few sampling units of the AC20 reported information on these sectors, with the consequence that for some domains they cannot be computed because the holdings sampled in them did not practice aquaculture or beekeeping; for other domains the CVs of these variables are too high, increasing too much cv_{ACd}^2 in Formula (1) and, consequently, the sample size required for these domains. Therefore, the survey does not aim at producing reliable estimates for the aquaculture and beekeeping sectors. However, the questionnaire of AASS 2023 will contain a module on aquaculture and beekeeping to collect some information on these sectors and allow to compute a sample size for AASS

In each domain the required sample size is computed according to the following formula:

$$\tilde{n}_d = \frac{1}{g_d} n_{ACd} \frac{c v_{ACd}^2}{c v_d^{*2}} \quad , \quad (1)$$

² In the parameters' computation using AC20 data the agricultural households that don't respect the minimum thresholds (0.00617763 for area planted or 1 for cattle or 5 for small ruminants or 50 for small animals) and those presenting outliers for the variables of interest have been excluded.

where g_d is the expected response rate in domain d (it varies from 0.8 to 0.9), n_{ACd} is the sample size used in domain d in AC20, cv_{ACd} is usually the maximum between the CV of the average planted area (cv_{PAd}) and the CV of the average number of TLUs (cv_{TLUd}) as estimated using AC20 data and cv_d^* is the maximum acceptable CV for agricultural estimates in domain d for the AASS23. The latter term is set equal to 10% for the regions that contribute most to the agricultural sector in terms of planted area and TLUs. In some regions it is set equal to 15%, 20% or 25% according to the contribution of the domain to the agricultural sector. The value of cv_{ACd} in some regions can be equal to cv_{PAd} or cv_{TLUd} or also to their average, depending on the contribution of crop cultivation or livestock production to the agricultural sector within the domain. The sample sizes as obtained through this procedure are domain are shown in Table 2. In order to find the number of EAs to sample in each region, it is enough to take the upper integer part of the ratio between the domain sample size and the number of agricultural households that will be selected in each EA and that is set equal to 12. The total number of EAs is then calculated to be equal to 1,277. After a careful revision of these theoretical sample sizes which implied also simulations conducted from the AC20 data and after consultations with NBS and OCGS, it was decided to decrease the EAs upper bound to 80 (instead of 120) and to increase the lower bound to 20 (instead of 4) in Mainland and 13 in Zanzibar, for which a separate budget is available, so that it was possible to increase the overall sample size in its 5 Regions (Kaskazini Unguja, Kusini Unguja, Mjini Magharibi, Kaskazini Pemba, Kusini Pemba). The total sample size was then adjusted to be 1,416 agricultural holdings in 118 EAs.

Table 2. Sample size computed by domain.

	Area		Average	CV (%)						Sample Size		Sample	Sample Size
Region	Planted	TLU(%)	Contribution	Area		Realized	max CV		Response	(Agr.	Sample	Size (EA)	(Agr.
	(%)		Area &TLU	Planted	CV(%)*TLU	Sample	(%)	CV*(%)	rate	Household)	Seze (EA)	Adjusted	Household)
Kaskazini Unguja	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	5.2	14.1	427	14.1	25.0	0.90	152	13	35	420
Kusini Unguja	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	5.2	12.3	275	12.3	25.0	0.90	75	6	17	204
Mjini Magharibi	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	5.4	12.1	271	12.1	25.0	0.90	71	6	16	192
Kaskazini Pemba	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	5.1	16.1	342	16.1	25.0	0.90	159	13	37	444
Kusini Pemba	0.5%	0.2%		4.2	9.4	345	9.4	20.0	0.90	86	7	13	156
Zanzibar										543	45	118	1,416

Sample allocations to strata: the EAs allocations to the strata are computed according to a multivariate criterion which follows the formula below:

$$m_{hd} = m_d \frac{\frac{M_{hd}}{M_d} V_{hd}}{\sum_{g=1}^{H} \frac{M_{gd}}{M_d} V_{gd}},$$
 (2)

where m_{hd} is the sample size allocated to stratum h in domain d, m_d is the sample size in domain d as computed in the last column of Table 1, M_{hd} is the number of EAs in stratum h in domain d, M_d is the number of EAs in domain d, H is the total number of strata and V_{hd} is a convex combination of the single variables' variances in stratum h and domain d, i.e. $V_{hd}^2 = \sum_{k=1}^K q_{kd} S_{hkd}^2$, with S_{hkd}^2 , q_{kd} and K indicating respectively the variance of variable k in stratum k and domain k, the coefficient of importance of the variable k and the total number of variables considered in the allocation procedure. In our case k is equal to three and the stratifying variables are the number of households growing crops (k = 1), number of households rearing livestock (k = 1) and number of households practicing aquaculture (k = 1), whose coefficients k = 10 are respectively 0.4, 0.4 and 0.2 in each domain and stratum. In some domains the number of strata is set equal to two because of the low sample size. The final EAs allocations by domain are shown in Table 3. An example of strata allocations in Dodoma is given in Annex 2.

Table 3. EAs allocations to sampling strata in each domain.

Region	Stratum 1	Stratum 2	Stratum 3	Total Sample Size
Kaskazini Unguja	11	15	9	35
Kusini Unguja	10	7	NA	17
Mjini Magharibi	11	5	NA	16
Kaskazini Pemba	12	15	10	37
Kusini Pemba	7	6	NA	13

Calculation of sampling weights. The sampling weight assigned to the agricultural households' j in EA i in domain d and stratum h is calculated as follows:

$$w_{jihd} = 1/\left[\left(m_{hd} \frac{F_{ihd}}{F_{hd}}\right) * \left(\frac{n_{ihd}}{N_{ihd}}\right)\right], (3)$$

where m_{hd} is the number of EAs selected in stratum h in domain d, F_{ihd} is the total number of agricultural households in the i-th EA and stratum h in domain d as listed in the sampling frame, F_{hd} is the total number of agricultural households in stratum h and domain d as listed in the sampling frame, n_{ihd} and N_{ihd} are respectively the number of agricultural households sampled and found after the listing operation in the i-th EA in stratum h and domain d.

Estimation. In order to estimate the total \hat{Y} of a variable Y, it's enough to apply the following formula:

$$\sum_{d=1}^{31} \sum_{h=1}^{H} \sum_{i=1}^{m_{hd}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{ihd}} w_{jihd} y_{jihd}, \quad (4)$$

Where y_{jihd} is the value of the variable Y for unit j in the i-th EA in stratum h and domain d and H is the total number of strata in domain d.

An approximation of the variance of the total \hat{Y} considering only the PSU component is given by:

$$V(\hat{Y}) = \sum_{d=1}^{25} \sum_{h=1}^{H} \frac{M_{hd}^{2}}{m_{hd}(m_{hd} - 1)} \sum_{i=1}^{m_{hd}} \left(\hat{Y}_{ihd} - \frac{1}{m_{hd}} \sum_{i=1}^{m_{hd}} \hat{Y}_{ihd}\right)^{2}, \quad (5)$$

where M_{hd} is the total number of EAs found in stratum h and domain d and \hat{Y}_{ihd} is the estimate of the total amount of Y in the i-th PSU in stratum h and domain d.

Annex 1. Key variables for the calculation of the sample size.

In order to compute the sample size for the Annual Agricultural Sample Survey 2023, we need to consider the targeted and realized precision of few key variables correlated to the overall set of variables that are going to be estimated using AASS23 data. It's not easy to select few representative variables for all the hundreds estimates that are usually produced through a survey. For the agricultural surveys, the choice usually falls on the *planted area* for the crop-related estimates and on the *number of TLUs* for the livestock-related estimates. The derivative variables *crop production* and *livestock production* are sometimes used, even though their variability (e.g. CV) is usually higher because they are obtained through quite complex operations on several original variables. It is also preferable to focus on the planted area than on the harvested area because the latter is usually collected on less holdings and, consequently, it may be less representative. If the agricultural survey aims at producing important estimates on fishery and aquaculture, it is necessary to include key variables for these sectors in the computation of the sample size, such as the area devoted to aquaculture activities or the number of fishes harvested. For the household surveys, the choice of the key variables usually falls on the household's income

or on variables related to poverty indexes usually identified by the analyst, such as the access to electricity.

For the Annual Agricultural Sample Survey 2023 the key variables selected for the computation of the sample size were the *planted area* and the *number of TLUs*. With *planted area* is intended the operated land under temporary, permanent crops, planted trees and fallow (categories 5.1.1., 5.1.2., 5.1.3., 5.1.4., 5.1.5., 5.1.8 and 5.1.10 of Question 5.1. in the AC20 questionnaire). Since the planted area by crop is collected both for the short rainy season and the long rainy season it was preferred to choose the variable generated by the more general Question 5.1. as reference for the calculation of the sample size. Using the AC20 data, it has been shown that the holding's planted area (computed summing up the planted area by crop) is extremely correlated with the holding's harvested area (computed summing up the harvested area by crop), with a correlation greater than 90%.

Annex 2. Example: calculation of sample size and strata allocations in Dodoma.

During the Agricultural Sample Census 2019/2020, 1,209 agricultural households were sampled in Dodoma ($n_{ACdodoma} = 1,209$) whose contribution to the national agricultural sector is 10% in terms of area planted and 6.7% in terms of TLUs. Given the high contribution both in terms of crop cultivation and livestock, cv_d^* is set equal to 10% and $cv_{ACdodoma}$ is the maximum between $cv_{PAdodoma}$ (=4%) and $cv_{TLUdodoma}$ (=7.49%), i.e. $cv_{ACdodoma} = 7.49\%$.

Hence, from Formula (1) the sample size in Dodoma is calculated to be:

$$\tilde{n}_d = \frac{1}{g_{dodoma}} n_{ACdodoma} \frac{cv_{ACdodoma}^2}{cv_{dodoma}^{*2}} = \tilde{n}_d = \frac{1}{0.9} 1,209 \frac{7.49^2}{10^2} = 755$$

To compute the number of EAs to be sampled in Dodoma (m_{dodoma}), it is enough to divide \tilde{n}_{dodoma} by 12 and take the integer part, i.e.:

$$m_{dodoma} = \left\lfloor \frac{\tilde{n}_{dodoma}}{12} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{755}{12} \right\rfloor = 63$$

The EAs in Dodoma have been stratified in three strata according to the number of households growing crops, rearing livestock and practicing aquaculture. From Table 1 and Figure 1 it is possible to see that the third stratum is composed by EAs which includes on average 341.95

households cultivating crops, 98.56 households rearing livestock, 0.11 households practicing aquaculture. In the other two strata EAs contain on average less agricultural households, particularly stratum one is formed by EAs where households are less intensively engaged in crop cultivation, livestock rearing and aquaculture.

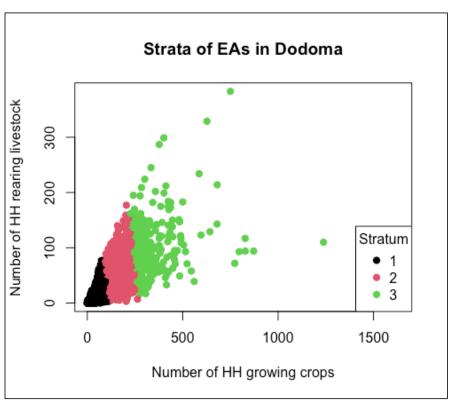


Figure 3. Enumeration Areas stratified according to the number of households growing crops and rearing livestock.

Formula 2 allows to take into consideration both the numerosity of the strata in Dodoma $(M_{1dodoma}=2755, M_{2dodoma}=1679, M_{3dodoma}=291)$, the variances of the three stratifying variables in stratum one $(S_{11dodoma}^2=853.71, S_{12dodoma}^2=211.66, S_{13dodoma}^2=0.065)$, in stratum two $(S_{21dodoma}^2=1525.71, S_{22dodoma}^2=585, S_{23dodoma}^2=0.055)$, in stratum three $(S_{31dodoma}^2=20059.31, S_{32dodoma}^2=2257.48, S_{33dodoma}^2=0.123)$ and the coefficients q_1, q_1 and q_3 set respectively to 0.4, 0.4 and 0.2 in all the domains and strata.

According to Formula 2 and considering $V_{1dodoma}^2 = \sum_{k=1}^3 q_k S_{1kdodoma}^2 = 426.163$, $V_{2dodoma}^2 = \sum_{k=1}^3 q_k S_{2kdodoma}^2 = 844.32$, $V_{3dodoma}^2 = \sum_{k=1}^3 q_k S_{3kdodoma}^2 = 9046.728$, the allocations to stratum 1, stratum 2, stratum 3 are calculated to be:

$$\begin{split} m_{1dodoma} &= m_{dodoma} \frac{\frac{M_{1dodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{1dodoma}}{\sum_{g=1}^{H} \frac{M_{gdodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{gdodoma}} \\ &= 63 * \frac{\frac{2755}{4725} * 20.64}{\frac{2755}{4725} * 20.64 + \frac{1679}{4725} * 29 + \frac{291}{4725} * 95.11} = 26.88, \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} m_{2dodoma} &= m_{dodoma} \frac{\frac{M_{2dodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{2dodoma}}{\sum_{g=1}^{H} \frac{M_{gdodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{gdodoma}} \\ &= 63 * \frac{\frac{1679}{4725} * 29}{\frac{2755}{4725} * 20.64 + \frac{1679}{4725} * 29 + \frac{291}{4725} * 95.11} = 23.02, \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} m_{3dodoma} &= m_{dodoma} \frac{\frac{M_{3dodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{3dodoma}}{\sum_{g=1}^{H} \frac{M_{gdodoma}}{M_{dodoma}} V_{gdodoma}} \\ &= 63 * \frac{\frac{291}{4725} * 95.11}{\frac{2755}{4725} * 20.64 + \frac{1679}{4725} * 29 + \frac{291}{4725} * 95.11} = 13.08, \end{split}$$

Rounding the three values to the nearest integer we get exactly the allocations given in Table 3, i.e. 27, 23, 13.

ANNEX TABLES

Table 2-1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households by Season and Region in Zanzibar for 2022/23 Agricultural Year

		Short Rainy S	eason	Long Rainy S	eason	Agricultural year					
Holding	Region	Number of	Percent of	Number of	Percent of	Name to the Committee	D	Number of	Percent of	Number of	Percent of
Category	Region	Cropping	Cropping	Cropping	Cropping	Number of Cropping Households	Percent of Cropping Households*	Livestock	Livestock	Agricultural	Agricultural
		Households	Households*	Households	Households*	lds* Households House		Households	Households*	Households	Households*
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	17.8	24,065	16.5	27,167	17.9	18,013	18.3	27,489	17.7
	Kusini Unguja	25,249	18.1	26,598	18.3	26,872	17.7	18,112	18.4	27,506	17.7
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,288	24.5	34,976	24	37,264	24.5	15,257	15.5	38,983	25.1
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	19.8	31,476	21.6	31,997	21	23,960	24.3	32,207	20.7
	Kusini Pemba	27,659	19.8	28,482	19.6	28,825	18.9	23,208	23.5	29,265	18.8
	Total	139,734	100	145,598	100	152,126	100	98,550	100	155,450	100
Large Scale Fa	arms	27	5.2	27	3.1	30	3.3	52	7.6	71	6.4

Table 3-1: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Households, by Type of Farm Activities and Sex of Head in Zanzibar for 2022/23 Agricultural Year

Region	Agricultural Households Engaged in Crop Production			Agricultural Households Engaged in Livestock Production Out of Total			Aquacultu	ral Households l nre Production (ricultural Housel	Out of Total	Total		
	Male-Headed	Female-Heade	i All	Male-Headed	Female-Headed	l All	Male-Headed	Female-Headed	l All	Male-Headed	Female-Headed	l All
Kaskazini Unguja	99.2	97.1	98.8	67.5	55.9	65.5	1.8	4.3	2.3	22,888	4,601	27,489
Kusini Unguja	97.2	100	97.7	67.7	57.8	65.8	8.2	11	8.7	22,443	5,063	27,506
Mjini Magharibi	96	93.8	95.6	39.1	39.4	39.1	0	0	0	32,200	6,783	38,983
Kaskazini Pemba	99.2	100	99.3	76.6	66.2	74.4	14.5	16.2	14.9	25,422	6,785	32,207
Kusini Pemba	99.4	94.8	98.5	81.3	71.1	79.3	1.8	0	1.4	23,447	5,818	29,265
Total	98	97.1	97.9	64.7	57.8	63.4	5	6.4	5.3	126,399	29,051	155,450

Table 3-4: Land Area by Use for Short and Long Rainy Seasons in Zanzibar for 2022/23 Agriculture Year

			Short R	tainy Season		Long R	ainy Season		
Holding Category	Land Use	Average (Ha)	Total (Ha)	Percent of Agricultural Households	Total Households	Average (Ha)	Total (Ha)	Percent of Agricultural Households	Total Households
	Area under Temporary Mono Crop	0.2	23,817	56.8	79,483	0.2	33,554	62.4	90,841
	Area under Temporary Mixed Crops	0.1	12,428	43	60,201	0.1	13,711	45.6	66,355
Agricultural	Area under Fallow	0	303	0.8	1,077	0	106	0.4	552
Households	Area under Permanent /Temporary mix	0.1	18,606	35.3	49,392	0.1	18,346	33.8	49,174
	Area under Permanent Mono Crops	0.1	9,635	36.9	51,638	0.1	8,581	33.6	48,980
	Area under Permanent Mixed Crops	0.1	16,007	44	61,564	0.1	16,290	41.8	60,825
	Area under Temporary Mono Crop	3.6	100	57.1	16	5.2	145	60.7	17
	Area under Temporary Mixed Crops	0	0	3.6	1	0	0	0	-
Large Scale	Area under Fallow	1.5	42	7.1	2	28.4	796	3.6	1
Farms	Area under Permanent /Temporary mix	0	0	3.6	1	0	0	0	-
	Area under Permanent Mono Crops	84.6	2,368	60.7	17	19.1	535	39.3	11
	Area under Permanent Mixed Crops	0	1	7.1	2	0	1	3.6	1

Table 3-6: Proportion of Land by Ownership Status within Region in Zanzibar for 2022/23 Agricultural Year

Holdings Category	Region	Customary right occupancy	Granted right of occupancy	Purchased	Rented/ Leased in	Share cropped in	Borrowed for free	Moved in without permission	Communal land rights	Other	Total
	Kaskazini Unguja	58.1	2.6	5.4	3.2	0	27.1	0.4	3.2	0	100
	Kusini Unguja	47.3	1.5	36.1	2.1	0.5	10.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	100
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	15.7	24.7	23.8	0.5	0.6	25.4	3.1	6.1	0	100
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	47.8	1.8	6.8	0.4	0.1	37.7	0	2.9	2.4	100
	Kusini Pemba	49.7	0.2	7.1	1.2	0.1	41.4	0	0.4	0	100
	Total	44.4	5.4	16.3	1.5	0.3	28.5	0.8	2.4	0.5	100
Large Scale Farms		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		44.4	5.4	16.3	1.5	0.3	28.5	0.8	2.4	0.5	100

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 4-2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Holdings with an Irrigation System and Total Area Irrigated by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

			a Number of I	Holdings Irrigated	Method of ir	rigation									
Holding Category	Region	Number Holding	of Number of 1	noiumgs migatet	Watering cans method		Sprinkler m	Sprinkler method Drip n		Drip method		Flooding method		Other methods	
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
·	Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	4,202	16.9	15,603	62.7	4,699	18.9	849	3.4	4,108	16.5	0	0	
	Kusini Unguja	25,249	5,070	20.1	7,281	28.8	3,739	14.8	7,818	31	7,789	30.8	0	0	
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,288	11,296	32.9	21,903	63.9	4,667	13.6	4,936	14.4	2,359	6.9	1,028	3	
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	3,484	12.6	19,908	72	1,526	5.5	1,820	6.6	5,116	18.5	0	0	
	Kusini Pemba	27,659	2,054	7.4	7,205	26	0	0	1,562	5.6	15,836	57.3	3,056	11	
	Total	139,734	26,106	18.7	76,838	55	17,524	12.5	19,722	14.1	25,990	18.6	3,027	2.2	
Large Scale Fa	arms	27	15	55.6	11	40	2	6.7	9	33.3	5	20	0	0	

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.....Table 4-2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Holdings with an Irrigation System and total Area Irrigated by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Number of			Method of ir	rigatio	ı								
Holding Category	Region	Holding Engaged in Crop Production	Number of Holdings Irrigated	Percent	Watering buckets	cans	Percent	Sprinkler	Percent	Drip Number	Percent	Flooding	Percent	Other	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,065	2,950	12.3	16,763		69.7	3,571	14.8	1,771	7.4	3,149	13.1	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,598	6,043	22.7	11,981		45	3,188	12	6,586	24.8	5,380	20.2	0	0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,976	16,595	47.4	20,824		59.5	4,697	13.4	3,427	9.8	3,017	8.6	3,556	10.2
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,476	3,374	10.7	22,433		71.3	946	3	1,386	4.4	6,733	21.4	754	2.4
	Kusini Pemba	28,482	3,031	10.6	6,769		23.8	0	0	0	0	19,327	67.9	2,386	8.4
	Total	145,598	31,992	22	80,926		55.6	15,893	10.9	15,873	10.9	26,477	18.2	9,202	6.3
Large Scale Far	rms	27	11	40.7	7		27.3	2	9.1	12.0	45.5	5.0	18.2	0.0	0.0

[&]quot; - " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Holdings with an Irrigation System and total Area Irrigated by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – (Short and Long Rainy Season)

		Number Holdings	of	Holdings Irrigated	Method of in	rrigation								
Holding Category	Region	Engaged	in	Holdings III igated	Watering ca	ns buckets	Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding		Other	
		Crop Production	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	5,160	19	17,383	64	4,576	16.8	1,536	5.7	4,767	17.5	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	6,707	25	12,035	44.8	3,389	12.6	7,526	28	6,267	23.3	0	0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	18,760	50.3	24,596	66	4,668	12.5	3,230	8.7	2,843	7.6	3,351	9
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	4,701	14.7	24,880	77.8	1,309	4.1	1,561	4.9	6,100	19.1	550	1.7
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	3,715	12.9	5,589	19.4	0	0	900	3.1	18,604	64.5	3,732	12.9
	Total	152,126	39,043	25.7	89,865	59.1	16,589	10.9	16,137	10.6	28,033	18.4	8,762	5.8
Large Scale Fa	nrms	30	16	53.3	11	37.5	2	6.3	9	31.3	8	25	0	0

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.....Table 4-2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Holdings with an Irrigation System and total Area Irrigated by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Number of	Number	of Holdings	Method of irrigation									
Holding		Holding	Irrigated		Watering cans buckets		Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding		Other	
Category	Region	Engaged in												
Category		Crop	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
		Production												
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,065	2,950	12.3	16,763	69.7	3,571	14.8	1,771	7.4	3,149	13.1	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,598	6,043	22.7	11,981	45	3,188	12	6,586	24.8	5,380	20.2	0	0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,976	16,595	47.4	20,824	59.5	4,697	13.4	3,427	9.8	3,017	8.6	3,556	10.2
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,476	3,374	10.7	22,433	71.3	946	3	1,386	4.4	6,733	21.4	754	2.4
	Kusini Pemba	28,482	3,031	10.6	6,769	23.8	0	0	0	0	19,327	67.9	2,386	8.4
	Total	145,598	31,992	22	80,926	55.6	15,893	10.9	15,873	10.9	26,477	18.2	9,202	6.3
Large Scale Far	rms	27	11	40.7	7	27.3	2	9.1	12	45.5	5	18.2	0	0

[&]quot; - " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-2: Number and Percentage of Agricultural Holdings with an Irrigation System and total Area Irrigated by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – (Short and Long Rainy Season)

Holding		Number of Hold	ings Number	of Holdings	Method of irrigation									
_	Region	Engaged in (rop Irrigated		Watering cans buckets		Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding		Other	
Category		Production	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	5,160	19	17,383	64	4,576	16.8	1,536	5.7	4,767	17.5	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	6,707	25	12,035	44.8	3,389	12.6	7,526	28	6,267	23.3	0	0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	18,760	50.3	24,596	66	4,668	12.5	3,230	8.7	2,843	7.6	3,351	9
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	4,701	14.7	24,880	77.8	1,309	4.1	1,561	4.9	6,100	19.1	550	1.7
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	3,715	12.9	5,589	19.4	0	0	900	3.1	18,604	64.5	3,732	12.9
	Total	152,126	39,043	25.7	89,865	59.1	16,589	10.9	16,137	10.6	28,033	18.4	8,762	5.8
Large Scale Far	rms	30	16	53.3	11	37.5	2	6.3	9	31.3	8	25	0	0

[&]quot; - "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-2: Area Planted under Irrigation by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

Holdings	Region	Total Area Planted	Total Area Ir methods	rigated for all	Watering can	s or buckets	Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding/ sur	face	Others	
		with all Crops (ha)	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	12,501	1,705	13.6	839	49.2	579	34	-	-	139	8.2	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	13,346	2,078	15.6	353	17	88	4.3	1,205	58	431	20.7	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	10,192	1,831	18	615	33.6	404	22	626	34.2	185	10.1	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	10,698	873	8.2	296	33.9	72	8.3	167	19.1	338	38.7	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	15,800	1,053	6.7	184	17.4	-	-	-	-	731	69.4	-	-
	Total	62,538	7,539	12.1	2,286	30.3	1,143	15.2	2,193	29.1	1,823	24.2	94	1.2
Large Scale Fa	rms	2,468	19	0.8	7	37.2	-	-	6	32.2	5	28.5	-	-
All Holdings		65,006	7,559	11.6	2,294	30.3	1,144	15.1	2,199	29.1	1,829	24.2	94	1.2

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-2: Area planted under Irrigation by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

Holding	Region	Total Area Planted with all	Total Area Irr methods (ha)	igated for all	Watering car	ns or buckets	Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding/ sur	face	Others	
Category		Crops (ha)	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	12,111	1,170	9.7	558	47.7	334	28.5	155	13.2	124	10.6	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	12,764	1,701	13.3	218	12.8	110	6.4	1,022	60.1	350	20.6	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	11,771	3,527	30	904	25.6	555	15.7	1,002	28.4	345	9.8	721	20.5
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	14,412	886	6.1	311	35.1	-	-	-	-	358	40.5	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	21,402	1,048	4.9	221	21.1	-	-	-	-	801	76.5	-	-
	Total	72,459	8,331	11.5	2,212	26.5	1,056	12.7	2,304	27.7	1,979	23.8	780	9.4
Large Scale Far	rms	681	16	2.3	4	22.8	-	-	8	49.4	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		73,141	8,347	11.4	2,215	26.5	1,056	12.7	2,312	27.7	1,983	23.8	780	9.3

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-2: Area planted under Irrigation by Method of Irrigation and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – (Short and Long Rainy Season)

Holding	Region	Total Area Planted with all Crops (ha)	Total Area Irr methods (ha)	igated for all	Watering can	s or buckets	Sprinkler		Drip		Flooding/ sur	face	Others	
		with all Crops (lia)	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,612	2,875	11.7	1,397	48.6	913	31.7	303	10.5	263	9.1	=	-
	Kusini Unguja	26,110	3,778	14.5	572	15.1	198	5.2	2,227	59	781	20.7	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	21,963	5,358	24.4	1,519	28.4	958	17.9	1,628	30.4	530	9.9	723	13.5
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	25,110	1,758	7	606	34.5	130	7.4	292	16.6	696	39.6	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	37,202	2,101	5.6	405	19.3	-	-	-	-	1,531	72.9	-	-
	Total	134,997	15,870	11.8	4,498	28.3	2,199	13.9	4,497	28.3	3,802	24	873	5.5
Large Scale Far	rms	3,149	35	1.1	11	30.6	-	-	14	40	10	27.1	=	-
All Holdings		138,146	15,905	11.5	4,509	28.3	2,200	13.8	4,511	28.4	3,812	24	873	5.5

[&]quot; - " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 4-3: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households, by Type of Seeds Used in Short Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

	Total Number of Agricultural	o .		Type of Seeds	
Regions	Households Practicing		Improved (%)	Traditional (%)	Improved, Recycled
	Cropping	used seeds	Improved (78)	Traditional (70)	(%)
Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	22,031	16.6	70.5	29.8
Kusini Unguja	25,249	23,253	26.4	35.6	59
Mjini Magharibi	34,288	25,681	16.2	68.6	25.5
Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	26,024	14.6	73.1	26.2
Kusini Pemba	27,659	24,439	4	59.4	40.3
Total	139,734	121,428	15.4	61.8	35.9

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-3: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households, by Type of Seeds Used in Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Regions	Agricultural Households	Agricultural Households that used seeds	Type of Seeds		_
Regions	Practicing Cropping	Agricultural Households that used seeds	Improved (%)	Traditional (%)	Improved, Recycled (%)
Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	21,861	15.2	76.5	29.2
Kusini Unguja	25,249	24,487	26.1	26.8	58.6
Mjini Magharibi	34,288	27,876	16.7	71.8	25.7
Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	30,418	12.9	74.4	28.3
Kusini Pemba	27,659	26,957	4.6	59.5	42.9
Total	139,734	131,599	14.8	62.3	36.5

Cont..... Table 4-3: Percentage Distribution of Agricultural Households, by Type of Seeds Used During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

			Type of Seed Used		
Region	Agricultural Households Practicing Cropping	Agricultural Households that us seeds	Percentage of Improved seeds	Percentage of Traditional seeds	Percentage of Improved seeds, Recycled
Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	25,948	19.8	79.4	30.6
Kusini Unguja	25,249	25,425	31	40.5	63.1
Mjini Magharibi	34,288	30,500	22.1	71.6	29.5
Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	31,069	16.9	76.1	30.3
Kusini Pemba	27,659	27,446	5.4	62.2	43.7
Total	139,734	140,387	18.9	66.6	38.7

Table 4-4: Cropped Area Planted with Improved Seeds in Short and Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

	Short Ra	niny Season	Long Rainy Season				
Region	Crop area planted with seeds	Crop area under improved seeds	Crop area planted with seeds	Crop area under improved seeds			
Kaskazini Unguja	7,514	1,103	8,309	893			
Kusini Unguja	6,694	1,590	6,372	1,706			
Mjini Magharibi	5,829	963	7,219	1,256			
Kaskazini Pemba	7,423	887	11,168	1,059			
Kusini Pemba	8,785	318	14,196	366			
Total	36,245	4,862	47,265	5,281			

[&]quot;- " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-4: Cropped Area Planted with Improved Seeds During 2022/23 Agricultural Year During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Region	Total crop area planted with seeds	Crop area under improved seeds
Kaskazini Unguja	15,824	1,997
Kusini Unguja	13,066	3,296
Mjini Magharibi	13,048	2,219
Kaskazini Pemba	18,591	1,946
Kusini Pemba	22,981	685
Total	83,510	10,143

Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using Fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) in Short Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

T 11 G	Region	Agricultural Households with Crop Production	Percent of Agricultural Households	with Crop Type of Fertilizer		
Holding Categories	Region	Agricultural Households with Crop Froduction	Production Applying Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorgani	ic Fertilizer
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,8	90	44.1	78.8	39.8
	Kusini Unguja	25,2	49	53.3	84.4	35.4
Agricultural Households	Mjini Magharibi	34,2	88	64.3	97.5	16
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	27,6	48	29.1	88	21.6
	Kusini Pemba	27,6	59	22.7	85.7	40.5
	Total	139,7	34	43.5	88.7	27.8
Large Scale Farms			27	85.2	73.9	69.6
All Holdings				43.5	88.7	27.8

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data

Cont..... Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using Fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) in Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Agricultural Households		Type of Fertilizer					
		with Crop Production	Production Applying Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorganic Fertilizer				
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,065	31.2	84.9	26.8				
	Kusini Unguja	26,598	42.3	87.2	32.3				
Agricultural Households	Mjini Magharibi	34,976	61.5	94.2	20.7				
	Kaskazini Pemba	31,476	34.1	76.4	37				
	Kusini Pemba	28,482	34.9	61.6	69.1				
	Total	145,598	41.8	83.3	34.4				
arge Scale Farms		27	74.1	60	80				
All Holdings			41.9	83.3	34.4				

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data

Cont..... Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using Fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Cotocom	Region	Total number of Ag. HHs	Percent of Agricultural Households with Crop		Type of Fertilizer
Holding Category	Region	with crop production	Production Applying Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorganic Fertilizer
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	78	40.8	45.8
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	87.1	36.2	53.5
A!	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	95.3	19.4	67.8
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	79.3	35.5	38.2
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	64.2	69.4	38.3
	Total	152,126	83.7	36.1	49.5
Large Scale Farms		30	73.1	76.9	86.7
All Holdings			83.7	36.1	49.5

Cont..... Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using Fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) in Short Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

		Agricultural Households	Percent of Agricultural Households	Type of Fertiliz					
Holding Category	Region	with Crop Production	with Crop Production Applying Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorganic Fertilizer				
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	44.1	78.8	39.8				
	Kusini Unguja	25,249	53.3	84.4	35.4				
Agricultural Households	Mjini Magharibi	34,288	64.3	97.5	16				
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	29.1	88	21.6				
	Kusini Pemba	27,659	22.7	85.7	40.5				
	Total	139,734	43.5	88.7	27.8				
Large Scale Farms			85.2	73.9	69.6				
All Holdings			43.5	88.7	27.8				

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data

Cont..... Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) in Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holding Cotocom	Region	Agricultural Households with	Percent of Agricultural Households with		Type of Fertilizer
Holding Category Agricultural Households	Region	Crop Production	Crop Production Applying Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorganic Fertilizer
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,065	31.2	84.9	26.8
	Kusini Unguja	26,598	42.3	87.2	32.3
A amigustus mal ITassach alda	Mjini Magharibi	34,976	61.5	94.2	20.7
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,476	34.1	76.4	37
	Kusini Pemba	28,482	34.9	61.6	69.1
	Total	145,598	41.8	83.3	34.4
Large Scale Farms		27	74.1	60	80
All Holdings			41.9	83.3	34.4

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data

Cont..... Table 4-8: Percentage of Agricultural Households using fertilizers (Organic and Inorganic) During 2022/23 Agricultural Year – Zanzibar

Holding Category	Region	Total number of Ag. HHs	Percent of Agricultural Households with Crop Production Applying	Type of Fertilizer	Type of Fertilizer				
,		with crop production	Fertilizers	Organic Fertilizers	Inorganic Fertilizer				
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	78	40.8	45.8				
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	87.1	36.2	53.5				
Agricultural Households	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	95.3	19.4	67.8				
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	79.3	35.5	38.2				
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	64.2	69.4	38.3				
	Total	152,126	83.7	36.1	49.5				
Large Scale Farms		30	73.1	76.9	86.7				
All Holdings			83.7	36.1	49.5				

Table 4-18: Area Planted with Use of Fertilizer by Fertilizer and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar Type, Season

		Short Rainy Season			Long Rainy Season	Agricultural year	Agricultural year				
Holding Category		Total Area Applied with Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Organic Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Inorganic Fertilizer (ha)	Total Area Applied with Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Organic Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Inorganic Fertilizer (ha)	Total Area Applied with Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Organic Fertilizer (ha)	Area Applied with Inorganic Fertilizer (ha)	
	Kaskazini Unguja	4,680	3,531	1,691	3,032	2,628	857	7,712	6,159	2,549	
	Kusini Unguja	5,992	5,187	2,168	4,956	4,457	1,612	10,948	9,643	3,780	
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	5,775	5,570	1,265	6,348	5,617	2,256	12,123	11,187	3,521	
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	2,599	2,018	914	3,978	2,938	1,543	6,576	4,956	2,457	
	Kusini Pemba	2,683	2,292	1,207	3,843	2,134	2,459	6,526	4,425	3,665	
	Total	21,729	18,597	7,245	22,157	17,774	8,727	43,886	36,371	15,972	
Large Scale Far	rms	1,358	103	1,348	379	241	368	1,737	344	1,716	
All Holdings		23,087	18,700	8,592	22,536	18,015	9,096	45,622	36,715	17,688	

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 4-19: Percentage of Agricultural Holding using Pesticides by Pesticides Type and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

		Number of	Number of	f Holdings	Number of l	Holdings by	Type of Pestic	rides						
		Holdings	Applied	Any	Insecticides		Horbicidos	Herbicides			Rodenticid		Other Pest	ioidos
Holding Category	Region	Engaged in	Pesticides				Tier bicides			Fungicide		Rodeniede		iciues
		Crop	Holdings	D4	Holdings	D4	Holdings	D4	Holdings	D4	Holdings	D4	Holdings	Percent
		Production	notatings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,890	5,549	22.3	3,180	57.3	2,615	47.1	185	3.3	0	0	49	0.9
	Kusini Unguja	25,249	5,646	22.4	3,436	60.9	3,731	66.1	1,066	18.9	155	2.7	122	2.2
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,288	4,350	12.7	2,997	68.9	1,521	35	168	3.9	0	0	0	0
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	27,648	2,703	9.8	2,216	82	668	24.7	127	4.7	0	0	0	0
	Kusini Pemba	27,659	3,800	13.7	2,729	71.8	1,036	27.3	227	6	0	0	0	0
	Total	139,734	22,048	15.8	14,558	66	9,571	43.4	1,773	8	155	0.7	171	0.8
Large Scale Farms		27	18	66.7	17	94.4	6	33.3	3	16.7	0	0	0	0

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 4-19: Percentage of Agricultural Holding using Pesticides by Pesticides Type and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Number of Holdings	Number Holdings	of Applied	Number of Holdings by Type of Pesticides									
Holding	Region	Engaged in	Any Pestic		Insecticides		Herbicides		Fungicide		Rodenticide		Other Pesticides	
Category		Crop Production	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,065	3,369	14	2,390	70.9	1,093	32.4	188	5.6	0	0	0	0
	Kusini Unguja	26,598	4,735	17.8	3,237	68.4	3,151	66.5	1,020	21.5	0	0	46	1
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	34,976	3,592	10.3	3,012	83.9	1,068	29.7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,476	3,722	11.8	2,387	64.1	1,686	45.3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kusini Pemba	28,482	4,482	15.7	1,481	33	3,194	71.3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	145,598	19,901	13.7	12,507	62.8	10,192	51.2	1,207	6.1	0	0	46	0.2
Large Scale F	arms	27	15	55.6	13	86.7	5	33.3	3	20	0	0	0	0

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 4-19: Percentage of Agricultural Holding using Pesticides by Pesticides Type and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - (Short and Long Rainy Season)

Holding		Number of Holdings	Number o	of Holdings	Number of	Holdings by	Type of Pestic	rides						
Category	Region	Engaged in	Applied Ar	y Pesticides	Insecticides		Herbicides		Fungicide		Rodenticide		Other Pesticides	
category		Crop Production	Holdings	Holdings Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent	Holdings	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,167	6,972	25.7	4,136	59.3	3,316	47.6	334	4.8	0	0	49	0.7
	Kusini Unguja	26,872	6,229	23.2	3,816	61.3	4,247	68.2	1,066	17.1	155	2.5	168	2.7
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	37,264	5,375	14.4	4,276	79.5	1,945	36.2	168	3.1	0	0	0	0
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	31,997	4,638	14.5	3,372	72.7	1,783	38.4	127	2.7	0	0	0	0
	Kusini Pemba	28,825	5,890	20.4	2,956	50.2	3,510	59.6	227	3.9	0	0	0	0
	Total	152,126	29,105	19.1	18,555	63.8	14,801	50.9	1,922	6.6	155	0.5	217	0.7
Large Scale Fa	rms	30	20	66.7	18	90	7	35	5	25	0	0	0	0

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 4-20: Area Planted with Use of Pesticides, by Pesticide Type and Region in Short Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year - Zanzibar

			Planted	Area Applied	Type of Pesticide									
Holding	Region	Total Area Planted	with Pest	ticides	Insecticides E		Herbici	Herbicides F		ides	Rodent	ticides	Other 1	pesticides
Category	Region	with Crops (ha)	Area	Percent	Area (ha)	Donoont	Area	Percent	Area	Percent	Area	Percent	Area	Percent
			(ha)	Tercent	Area (na)	Percent	(ha)	rercent	(ha)	rercent	(ha)	rercent	(ha)	rercent
	Kaskazini Unguja	12,501	2,752	22	1,543	56.1	877	31.9	431	15.7	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	13,346	2,209	16.6	1,246	56.4	1,637	74.1	185	8.4	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	10,192	1,672	16.4	1,034	61.9	663	39.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	10,698	862	8.1	594	68.9	241	27.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	15,800	1,584	10	653	41.2	878	55.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	62,538	9,080	14.5	5,071	55.9	4,296	47.3	846	9.3	-	-	-	-
Large Scale Fa	rms	2,468	1,351	54.7	137	10.1	1,331	98.5	3	0.2	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		65,006	10,430	16	5,208	49.9	5,626	53.9	849	8.1	-	-	-	-

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont......Table 4-20: Area planted with Use of Pesticides, by Pesticide Type and Region in Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year – Zanzibar

		Total Area Planted	Planted	Area Applied with	Type of Pesticide									
Holding	Region	with Crops (ha)	Pesticid	es	Insecticides H		Herbici	Herbicides		ides	Roden	ticides	Other 1	pesticides
Category	Region	Number	Area	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area	Percent	Area	Percent	Area	Percent	Area	Percent
		rumber	(ha)	rereem	rrea (na)	rerent	(ha)	rerent	(ha)	rereent	(ha)	rereem	(ha)	rereem
	Kaskazini Unguja	12,111	1,436	11.9	1,239	86.3	201	14	164	11.4	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	12,764	1,947	15.3	1,427	73.3	1,361	69.9	295	15.2	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	11,771	1,509	12.8	954	63.3	572	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	14,412	1,398	9.7	772	55.2	678	48.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	21,402	2,142	10	498	23.3	1,762	82.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	72,459	8,431	11.6	4,891	58	4,574	54.2	459	5.4	-	-	-	-
Large Scale Fa	rms	681	326	47.9	114	35	302	92.6	10	3.2	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		73,141	8,757	12	5,006	57.2	4,876	55.7	469	5.4	-	-	-	-

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont..... Table 4-20: Area Planted with Use of Pesticides, by Pesticide Type and Region in Short and Long Rainy Season During 2022/23 Agricultural Year – Zanzibar

			Planted	Area	Type of Pesticide									
Holding Category	Region	Total Area Planted with Crops (ha)	Applied Pesticide	with s	Insecticides		Herbicid	les	Fungic	ides	Roden	ticides	Other	pesticides
Category		with Crops (na)	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent	Area (ha)	Percent
	Kaskazini Unguja	24,612	4,188	17	2,782	66.4	1,078	25.7	595	14.2	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	26,110	4,157	15.9	2,673	64.3	2,999	72.1	480	11.5	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	21,963	3,181	14.5	1,989	62.5	1,235	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	25,110	2,260	9	1,366	60.5	918	40.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	37,202	3,726	10	1,152	30.9	2,640	70.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	134,997	17,511	13	9,963	56.9	8,870	50.7	1,305	7.5	-	-	167	1
Large Scale Fa	ırms	3,149	1,677	53.2	251	15	1,633	97.4	13	0.8	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		138,146	19,188	13.9	10,213	53.2	10,502	54.7	1,318	6.9	-	-	167	0.9

[&]quot; - " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 5.1: Number of Agricultural Households, Planted and Harvested Area, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Short Rainy Seasons – Zanzibar

		Maize					Paddy				
Holdings Category	Region	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	2,477	439	320	175	0.5	5,654	1757	1444	1164	0.8
	Kusini Unguja	1,130	145	145	178	1.2	2,918	922	922	1249	1.4
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,376	184	82	177	2.2	1,821	487	229	168	0.7
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	237	38	32	63	2	1,180	200	152	89	0.6
	Kusini Pemba	867	122	104	41	0.4	464	141	122	93	0.8
	Total	6,087	929	684	635	0.9	12,037	3,506	2,868	2,763	1
Large Scale Far	ms	3	5	1	1	0.6	3	28	28	12	0.4
All Holdings			935	685	636	0.9		3,534	2,895	2,775	1

[&]quot;- " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

		Sorghum					Bulrush Millet				
Holdings Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	169	15	14	19	1.4	-	-	=	=	=
	Kusini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	541	60	36	38	1.1	327.1	60.1	33.7	53.3	1.6
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	710	75	49	57	1.2	327	60	34	53	1.6
Large Scale Far	rms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			91	66	58	0.9		60	34	53	1.6

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

		Cassava					Sweet Potatoes				
Holdings Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	15,017	3,159	2,251	6,825	3	3,119	444	379	1,527	4
	Kusini Unguja	19,096	2,995	2,657	6,844	2.6	1,933	246	231	1,572	6.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	16,444	2,738	2,479	7,035	2.8	3,246	362	324	1,648	5.1
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	22,865	5,546	4,414	12,895	2.9	1,925	436	372	1,074	2.9
	Kusini Pemba	21,585	5,583	4,410	14,728	3.3	1,382	222	187	424	2.3
	Total	95,007	20,021	16,210	48,327	3	11,606	1,710	1,493	6,245	4.2
Large Scale Far	ms	5	13	2	0	0	=	=.	-	=	-
All Holdings			20,034	16,212	48,328	3		1,738	1,515	6,287	4.2

[&]quot;- " Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Maize					Paddy				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	3,426	450	341	293	0.9	2,226	644	525	409	0.8
	Kusini Unguja	3,020	359	240	259	1.1	1,785	449	445	811	1.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,502	68	19	29	1.5	2,570	987	584	374	0.6
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	573	92	64	67	1	12,508	3,140	2,481	1,929	0.8
	Kusini Pemba	1,411	207	145	159	1.1	17,021	6,945	5,319	3,165	0.6
	Total	9,932	1,176	809	809	1	36,109	12,164	9,352	6,688	0.7
Large Scale Far	rms	3	6	5	2	0.4	6	69	64	22	0.4
All Holdings			1,182	814	811	1		12,233	9,416	6,710	0.7

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Water Mellon					Bulrush Millet				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number o holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	494	134	59	39	0.7	=-	=.	=	=	=
	Kusini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	1,012	114	78	77	1	405	57	20	32	1.6
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1,505	248	137	116	0.8	405	57	20	32	1.6
Large Scale Far	rms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings				137	116	0.8		57	20	32	1.6

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

		Cassava						Sweet Potatoes				
Holding Category	Region	Number	of	Area Planted	Area Harvested	Production	Yield	Number of holdings	Area Planted	Area Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		holdings		(ha)	(ha)	(tons)	(tons/ha)	Number of holdings	(ha)	(ha)	(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	16,124		3,899	823	1,801	2.2	7,702	1,479	734	2,635	3.6
	Kusini Unguja	19,947		3,165	1,271	4,116	3.2	2,360	280	211	809	3.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	17,327		2,664	1,819	2,696	1.5	4,579	1,143	903	2,067	2.3
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	25,253		5,490	1,548	3,821	2.5	8,530	1,492	1,302	3,897	3
	Kusini Pemba	22,803		6,068	2,801	6,225	2.2	964	111	44	126	2.8
	Total	101,454		21,285	8,261	18,657	2.3	24,136	4,506	3,195	9,534	3
Large Scale Far	rms	5		12	2	3	1.4	4	54	40	133	3.3
All Holdings				21,297	8,263	18,660	2.3		4,560	3,236	9,667	3

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

		Maize					Paddy				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	5,029	889	661	469	0.7	6,530	2,401	1,968	1,574	0.8
	Kusini Unguja	3,142	504	385	438	1.1	3,073	1,370	1,366	2,060	1.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	2,079	253	101	206	2	3,241	1,473	813	542	0.7
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	724	131	96	131	1.4	12,843	3,340	2,632	2,018	0.8
	Kusini Pemba	1,743	329	249	201	0.8	17,021	7,086	5,441	3,257	0.6
	Total	12,716	2,105	1,493	1,444	1	42,708	15,670	12,220	9,451	0.8
Large Scale Far	rms	4	11	6	3	0.5	6	96	91	34	0.4
All Holdings			2,116	1,499	1,447	1		15,767	12,311	9,486	0.8

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

		Sorghum						Bulrush Millet					
Holdings Category	Region	Number households	of	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number households	of	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	606		149	72	59	0.8	-		-	=	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	1,425		174	114	115	1	548		117	54	86	1.6
	Kusini Pemba	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Total	2,031		323	186	173	0.9	548		117	54	86	1.6
Large scale Fari	ms	=		-	=	-	-	-		-	=	-	=
All Holdings				339	203	174	0.9			117	54	86	1.6

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

		Cassava						Sweet Potato				
Holdings Category	Region	Number households	of	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of households	Area Planted (Ha)	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	19,625		7058	3073	8626	2.8	8,494	1,923	1,113	4,162	3.7
	Kusini Unguja	20,989		6160	3927	10960	2.8	3,264	525	443	2,381	5.4
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	20,301		5402	4298	9730	2.3	6,054	1,505	1,227	3,715	3
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	26578		11036	5962	16716	2.8	9,270	1,928	1,674	4,971	3
	Kusini Pemba	23461		11651	7210	20953	2.9	2,059	334	231	550	2.4
	Total	110,955		41307	24,471	66,985	2.7	29,142	6,215	4,689	15,778	3.4
Large scale Far	rms	6		25	4	3	0.8	4	83	62	176	2.9
All Holdings				41,332	24,475	66,988	2.7		6,298	4,750	15,954	3.4

[&]quot;- "Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont ... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Area, Production and Yield by Crop and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

		Irish Potatoes						Cocoyam				
Holding Category	Region	Number Holdings	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield on Area harvested (tons/ha)	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield on Area harvested (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-		-	-	-	-	1,596	91	26	31	1.2
	Kusini Unguja	-		-	-	-	-	2,144	146	27	115	4.2
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-		-	-	-	-	2,056	322	99	61	0.6
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-		-	-	-	-	6,148	566	152	207	1.4
Large Scale Fa	ırms	=		-	-	=	=	=	-	-	=	=
All Holdings				-	-	-	-		566	152	207	1.4

⁻ Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont ... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Area, Production and Yield by Crop and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Long Rain Season

				Cocoyam	Production (tons) 7 19 22 55	
Holding Category	Region	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)		Yield on Area harvested (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,124	86	3	7	2.4
	Kusini Unguja	2,652	267	9	19	2.1
A I II I - I I -	Mjini Magharibi	2,256	307	77	22	0.3
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	6,348	666	93	55	0.6
Large Scale Farms		=	=	=	-	-
All Holdings			666	93	55	0.6

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont ... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Area, Production and Yield by Crop and Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Agricultural Year Season

Holding Category	Region	Cocoyam					Onions					
		Number of Holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield on Area harvested (tons/ha)	Number Holdings	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield on Area harvested (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,872	177	28	38	1.3	-		-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	3,121	413	36	134	3.7	-		-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	2,423	629	176	82	0.5	-		-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Total	7,769	1,232	246	262	1.1	373		39	-	-	-
Large Scale Farms		=	-	=	-	-	-		-	=	=	=
All Holdings			1,232	246	262	1.1			39			

[&]quot;." Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont......Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Groundnuts During the Agricultural Year, Zanzibar –Short and Long Rainy Season

				She	ort Rainy Seasor	1		Long Rainy Season					
Holding Category	Region	Number households	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number households	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Kusini Pemba	2,106		501	465	776	1.7	1,343		178	102	114	1.1
	Total	2,647		586	540	826	1.5	1,992		269	147	158	1.1

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont......Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

			Piş	geon Pea				Groundnut		
Holding Category	Region	Number of households	Area Planted (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of households	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	3,118	566	319	0.6	214	33	19	10	0.5
	Kusini Unguja	2,913	290	135	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	647	146	85	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-	-	-	-	239	79	62	31	0.5
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	2,811	679	567	890	1.6
	Total	6,678	1,002	539	0.5	3,918	854	687	984	1.4

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont... Table 5-1 Number of Agricultural Holding, Planted Area, Production and Yield by Crops During the 2022/2023 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

				Groundnut			Sugarcane				
Holding Category	Region	Number of households	Area	Area Harvested	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of	Area Planted (Ha)	Production (tons)		
		Number of nouscholds	Planted (ha)	(ha)	1 Toduction (tons)	i ieiu (tolis/lia)	households	Area Fianteu (IIa)	r roduction (tons)		
-	Kaskazini Unguja	214	33	19	10	0.5	705	312	8,158		
	Kusini Unguja	-	-	-	-	-	565	138	850		
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-	3,053	1,202	12,512		
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	239	79	62	31	0.5	-	-	-		
	Kusini Pemba	2,811	679	567	890	1.6	=	-	-		
	Total	3,918	854	687	984	1.4	4,695	1,987	22,634		

[&]quot;" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1 Number of Agricultural Holding, Planted Area, Production and Yield by Crops During the 2022/2023 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Holdings Cotocom	Daniona		Cinnamon		Cloves				
Holdings Category	Regions	Number of Holding	Area Planted (ha)	Production (tons)	Number of Holding	Area Planted (ha)	Production (tons)		
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	=	-	614	166	37		
	Kusini Unguja	-	-	-	1,159	316	69		
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	236	93	61	1,623	1,522	1,074		
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	1,292	922	462		
	Total	236	93	61	4,687	2,925	1,642		
Large Scale Farms		-	-	-	-	-	-		
All Holdings		236	93	61		3,721	1,642		

[&]quot;" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Short Rainy Season

Holding Category	Region	Tomatoes				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,326	204	193	2,526	13.1
	Kusini Unguja	2,410	163	162	1,478	9.1
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	596	328	325	947	2.9
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	838	245	217	3,088	14.2
	Kusini Pemba	1,338	668	634	11,963	18.9
	Total	6,508	1,607	1,531	20,002	13.1
Large Scale Farms		4	1	1	17	14.2
All Holdings			1,608	1,533	20,020	13.1

"-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Short Rainy Season

		Bitter tomato					Sweet bell pepper				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	637	73	62	322	5.2	=	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	505	194	140	225	1.6	712	146	146	502	3.4
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	479	15	15	64	4.2	1,530	242	237	283	1.2
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	412	22	21	159	7.5	216	6	6	18	3
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	2,219	323	256	774	3	2,685	485	481	1,538	3.2
Large Scale Fa	rms	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			324	257	774	3		486	481	1,539	3.2

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Long Rainy Season

Holding Category	Region	Tomatoes				
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,809	194	131	459	3.5
	Kusini Unguja	2,333	92	83	263	3.2
A 1 T 1 - 1	Mjini Magharibi	1,287	443	363	2,424	6.7
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	1,375	404	299	2,485	8.3
	Kusini Pemba	1,191	414	405	8,864	21.9
	Total	7,995	1,546	1,282	14,495	11.3
Large Scale Farms		÷	Ē	ē	=	=
All Holdings			1,547	1,282	14,501	11.3

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Long Rainy Season

		Bitter tomato					Sweet bell pepper				
Holding Category	Region	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of Holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	486	208	178	269	1.5	=	=	=	=	=
	Kusini Unguja	829	218	52	56	1.1	587	96	96	166	1.7
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-	-	-	-	1,530	430	293	155	0.5
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	188	18	18	100	5.5	216	13	11	54	5
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	2,046	467	268	473	1.8	2,333	538	399	374	0.9
Large Scale Far	rms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			467	268	473	1.8		539	400	374	0.9

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

•		Avocado					Mango				
Holding Category	Region	Number	of Area	Planted	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area	Planted	Production (tons)	Yield
	**	holdings	(ha)					(ha)			(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	-		-	-	2,500	828		1,765	2.1
	Kusini Unguja	1,724	186		694	3.7	4,818	590		23,303	39.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-		-	=	1,485	326		867	2.7
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	352	20		8	0.4	481	43		10	0.2
	Kusini Pemba	=	-		-	=	1,552	541		1,016	1.9
	Total	2,403	216		718	3.3	10,835	2,328		26,961	11.6

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

		Pineapple			Orange		
Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Production (tons)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Production (tons)
	Kaskazini Unguja	795	127	108	1,323	213	627
	Kusini Unguja	720	266	125	4,113	762	2,537
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	2,045	498	150	1,102	306	404
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	754	171	57	-	-	=
	Kusini Pemba	886	239	121	-	-	-
	Total	5,199	1,301	561	6,885	1,330	3,668
Large Scale Farms		-	=	-	-	-	=
All Holdings			1,301	561		1,331	3,675

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont.... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

Holding		Tomatoes								Bitter toma	to						
Category	Region	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		holdings		(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)	holdings		(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	2,271		398		325		2,985	9.2	787		281		239		591	2.5
	Kusini Unguja	3,223		254		245		1,741	7.1	829		413		192		281	1.5
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,287		771		689		3,371	4.9	479		18		18		104	5.8
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	1,816		648		516		5,573	10.8	412		40		39		259	6.6
	Kusini Pemba	1,693		1,082		1,039		20,828	20.1			-		-		=	=
	Total	10,291		3,153		2,813		34,498	12.3	2,693		790		524		1,246	2.4
Large Scale Fa	rms	4		2		2		22	12.3	-		-		-		-	-
All Holding				3,155		2,815		34,520	12.3			791		525		1,247	2.4

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar – Agricultural Year

-		Banana			Sweet bell pepper				
Holding Category	Region	Number of Holding	Area Planted	Production (tons)	Number of	Area Planted	Area Harvested	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
		Number of Holding	(ha)	1 Toduction (tolls)	holdings	(ha)	(ha)	r roduction (tons)	i ieiu (tons/na)
	Kaskazini Unguja	10,881	3,617	12,291	-	-	-	-	-
	Kusini Unguja	15,544	3,620	13,945	970	241	241	668	2.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	22,784	3,900	11,331	1,530	671	530	438	0.8
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	12,266	2,738	5,508	297	19	17	72	4.3
	Kusini Pemba	21,863	9,158	14,441	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	83,338	23,033	57,516	3,023	1,024	880	1,912	2.2
Large Scale Farms		4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings			23,036	57,517		1,025	881	1,913	2,2

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar–Short Rainy Season

Holding		Amaranths						Cucumber							
Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		Number of notdings	Area Fianteu (na)	(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)	holdings		(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	862	48	47		31	0.7	326		85		80		233	2.9
	Kusini Unguja	1,860	145	145		594	4.1	-		-		-		-	=
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	2,653	46	45		79	1.8	-		-		-		-	-
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	852	68	68		52	0.8	-		-		-		-	-
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-		-	-	-		-		-		-	-
	Total	6,412	325	323		760	2.4	861		159		153		463	3
Large Scale Far	rms	4	1	1		3	2.3	-		-		-		-	-
All Holdings			326	325		763	2.4			159		153		463	3

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Short Rainy Season

Holding		Water Mel	on						Okra						
Category	Region	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area Harvested (ha)	Production	Yield	Number of holdings	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		holdings		(ha)		Area Harvesteu (IIa)	(tons)	(tons/ha)	Number of notdings	(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	-		-		-	-	-	536	47		39		116	3
	Kusini Unguja	376		110		95	1,772	18.7	755	143		143		269	1.9
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	486		83		78	1,289	16.4	765	24		22		23	1
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	606		185		55	383	6.9	511	37		34		105	3.1
	Kusini Pemba	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
	Total	1,508		417		259	4,297	16.6	2,900	294		282		574	2
Large Scale Far	rms	-		-		=	=	=	3	2		2		2	1.1
All Holdings				418		260	4,326	16.7		296		284		576	2

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

Category		Amaranths						Cucumber				
Holding Category	Region	Number holdings	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	879		55	49	43	1	879	55	49	43	0.9
	Kusini Unguja	2,135		103	92	291	3	2,135	103	92	291	3.2
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	3,880		96	52	124	2	3,880	96	52	124	2.4
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	808		20	18	57	3	808	20	18	57	3.2
	Kusini Pemba	626		45	45	39	1	626	45	45	39	0.9
	Total	8,328		320	255	554	2	8,328	320	255	554	2.2
Large Scale Far	rms	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings				320	256	557	2		320	256	557	2.2

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Long Rainy Season

Holding		Water Melo	n						Okra							
Category	Region	Number	of Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		holdings	(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)	holdings		(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	190	80		36		928	25.7	831		87		87		110	1.3
	Kusini Unguja	275	99		80		1,537	19.2	447		134		75		131	1.8
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	-	-		-		-	-	1,086		54		15		13	0.9
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	-	-		-		-	-	449		17		16		23	1.4
	Kusini Pemba	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-	-
	Total	949	402		189		4,083	21.6	3,252		322		222		288	1.3
Large Scale Far	rms	-	=		-		=	-	-		-		-		-	-
All Holdings			402		189		4,083	21.6			322		223		289	1.3

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Agricultural Year

		Okra							Spinach							
Holding Category	Region	Number holdings	of	Area (Ha)	Planted	Area Harvested (Ha)	Production (Ton)	Yield (Ton/Ha)	Number holdings	of	Area (ha)	Planted	Area (ha)	Harvested	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,066		134		126	226	1.8	-		-		-		=	=
	Kusini Unguja	755		277		218	401	1.8	-		-		-		-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	1,253		78		37	36	1.0	=		-		-		=	=
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	628		54		50	128	2.5	-		-		-		-	-
	Kusini Pemba	586		73		73	71	1.0	-		-		-		-	-
	Total	4,288		616		505	862	1.7	-		-		-		-	-
Large Scale Far	ırms	3		2		2	3	1.5	-		-		-		-	-
All Holdings				618		507	865	1.7			23		4		1	0.3

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont...Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield by Crop During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar - Agricultural Year

Holding				I	Amarantl	ns							Cucum	ber		
Category	Region	Number	of	Area Planted (ha)	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield	Number	of	Area	Planted	Area	Harvested	Production	Yield
Category		holdings		Area Flanteu (na)	(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)	holdings		(ha)		(ha)		(tons)	(tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	1,137.90		102.5	95.6		73.8	0.9	631		205		199		420	2.1
	Kusini Unguja	2,606.40		247.6	236.2		885.1	3.2	524		137		90		144	1.6
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	4,520.20		141.9	97.2		203.3	2.4	-		-		-		-	-
Agricultural Households	Kaskazini Pemba	1,210.70		88	85.5		109.5	3.2	237		39		31		67	2.2
	Kusini Pemba	625.9		64.2	64.2		42.7	0.9	-		-		-		-	-
	Total	10,101		644	578.6		1,314	2.3	2,152		600		494		876	1.8
Large Scale Farms	Zanzibar	4		2	2		6	3.0	-		-		-		-	-
All Holdings	Zanzibar			646	581		1,320	2.3			600		494		876	1.8

[&]quot;." Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar Cont... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar Cont... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Holdings, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar Cont... Table 5-1: Number of Agricultural Year, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Planted and Harvested Areas, Production, Yield of Watermelon During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Planted Areas, Plan

- Agricultural Year

Holding Category	Region	Number of holdings	Area Planted (ha)	Area Harvested (ha)	Production (tons)	Yield (tons/ha)
	Kaskazini Unguja	190	120	66	1,781	27.0
	Kusini Unguja	422	208	175	3,309	18.9
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	486	225	93	1,697	18.3
Households	Kaskazini Pemba	703	265	114	1,593	14.0
	Kusini Pemba	-	=	≘	=	=
	Total	1,801	819	447	8,380	18.7
Large Scale Farms		-	-	-	-	-
All Holdings		1802	820	449	8,409	18.7

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 5-3: Total Agricultural Household Area Affected by Shocks in Selected Crops in Short and Long Rainy Seasons During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Сгор	Total area Planted	Fully Affected by Climate Shocks	Fully Affected by Non-climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Non-climate Shocks	Partially Affected by both Climate and Non- Climate Shocks	Total Area Planted	Fully Affected by Climate Shocks	Fully Affected by Non-climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Non-climate Shocks	Partially Affected by both Climate and Non- Climate Shocks
Maize	929	6	104	24	112	0	1176	70	189	14	64	30
Paddy	3506	219	170	70	173	7	12164	384	783	673	802	170
Sorghum	75	0	0	10	15	0	248	21	16	0	70	3
Bulrush Millet	60	0	0	3	24	0	57	0	30	4	3	0
Cassava	20,021	429	1811	428	1026	116	21285	218	12178	57	544	27
Sweet potatoes	1710	51	45	26	68	26	4506	346	665	87	177	35
Cocoyam	566	52	324	0	37	0	666	0	566	0	7	0
Onion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ginger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cowpeas	1712	169	247	27	161	7	419	20	114	1	12	9
Groundnut	586	0	10	1	35	0	269	25	58	9	30	0
Cabbage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amaranths	325	0	0	1	0	0	320	20	31	11	2	0
Cucumber	159	0	0	0	6	0	441	8	37	0	55	0
Water melon	417	100	29	15	14	0	402	35	143	19	16	0
Okra	294	0	0	2	10	0	322	0	98	0	1	0
Tomatoes	1607	18	1	51	6	0	1546	15	118	18	106	7
Bitter tomato	323	0	0	56	11	0	467	0	162	5	33	0
Sweet/bell pepper	485	0	0	0	4	0	538	0	38	90	2	9

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 5-3 Cont...: Total Large Scale Farms Area Affected by Shocks in Selected Crops in Short and Long Rainy Seasons During the 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Сгор	Total area Planted	Fully Affected by Climate Shocks	Fully Affected by Non- climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Non- climate Shocks	Partially Affected by both Climate and Non- Climate Shocks	Total Area Planted	Fully Affected by Climate Shocks	Fully Affected by Non-climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Climate Shocks	Partially Affected by Non- climate Shocks	Partially Affected by both Climate and Non- Climate Shocks
Maize	5	1	3	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	0
Paddy	28	0	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	4	1	0
Sorghum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cassava	13	0	11	0	0	0	12	0	10	0	0	0
Sweet potatoes	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	0	14	0	0	0
Cowpeas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amaranths	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water melon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Okra	2	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tomatoes	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bitter tomato	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweet/bell pepper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 5.4 Agricultural Households Harvest Uses by Crop During 2022/23 Agricultural Year, Zanzibar

Cuono	Disposition (tota	al production uses	in %)						
Crops	Sold unprocesse	d HH consumptio	n Given to others	Used to pay for inputs	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed	Others	Total
Maize	61.2	31.4	6.3	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	100
Paddy	3.2	78.1	11.4	0.1	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	100
Sorghum	0.0	84.6	11.2	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	100
Bulrush Millet	0.0	89.4	3.2	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	100
Cassava	23.4	61.6	14.1	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	100
Sweet potatoes	40.6	46.4	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100
Cocoyam	11.3	71.8	16.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Beans	=	=	=	E	=	=	=	=	-
Cowpeas	49.4	45.3	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	100
Pigeon pea	1.4	71.6	26.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	100
Groundnut	81.9	16.9	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
Cashew nut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sugar cane	62.9	29.2	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	100
Cardamom	=	=	=	E	=	=	=	=	-
Cinnamon	83.6	14.9	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Clove	97.9	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Banana	33.0	50.2	16.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Avocado	67.4	19.6	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Mango	65.0	19.4	15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Pineapple	60.5	28.7	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Orange	41.0	26.1	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.8	100
Cabbage	=	=	=	E	=	=	=	=	-
Spinach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amaranths	63.8	27.9	7.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Cucumber	81.5	13.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100
Water melon	90.4	6.6	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Okra	66.6	25.2	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100
Tomatoes	77.5	15.4	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
Bitter tomato	75.3	18.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
Sweet/bell pepper	85.0	12.2	2.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100

[&]quot;.-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Cont... Table 5.4 Large Scale Farms Harvest Uses by Crop During 2022/23 Agricultural Year – Zanzibar

Crops	Sold	HH consumption	Given to others	Used to pay for	Animal feed	Seeds	Processed	Others	Total
Сторь	unprocessed	TITI consumption	orven to others	inputs		Seeds	Trocessed	Others	10111
Maize	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paddy	74.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	6.7	15.3	100.0
Sorghum	=	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Cassava	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Sweet potatoes	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Cowpeas	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Sugar cane	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Banana	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Mango	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Orange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amaranths	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Water melon	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Okra	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Tomatoes	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Bitter tomato	-	=	-	-	-	=	=	=	=
Sweet/bell pepper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[&]quot;--" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 9-2: Number and Percentages of Agricultural Households with Agricultural Loans, by Region and Type of Lender During 2022/23 Agricultural Year – Zanzibar

		Contracted Agricultural F	a Loan for Purposes	Main Loan Pro	vider									
Category K	Region	Number of Holdings	Percentage of Holdings	Public Banks or Other Government Institutions	Commercial Banks	Insurance Companies	Microfinance Institutions	NGOs	Production Cooperatives	Private Money Lender	Friends or Family- living in the Country	Friends Family- living Abroad	or Othe	er
	Kaskazini Unguja	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kusini Unguja	382	1.4	-	34	-	40.6	-	25.5	-	-		-	-
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	569	1.5	30	-	-	29.4	40.5	-	-	-		-	-
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kusini Pemba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total	1,099	0.7	15.6	11.8	-	29.3	21	14.5	1	6.9		-	-
Large scale Fa	ırms	9	9	33.3	22.2	=	11.1	=	=	33.3	=		-	-
All holdings		1,108	0.7	15.7	11.9	-	29.2	20.8	14.3	1.3	6.8		-	-

[&]quot;-" Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

Table 9-3: Number and Percentage of Holdings with Main Reason for not Borrowing Money by Region During 2022/23 Agricultural Year - Zanzibar

	Region	Numbers of Holdings	Main Reason for not	Borrowing Money							
Holdings		that did not Borrow		Request was	Impossible tor	Investment	Not enough	Bad credit	Inadequate collateral	Interest rate	
Category		Money for	Did not request	Request was refused	request, no	activity not	Not enough income	history		too high	Other
		Agricultural Purpose		reiuseu	access	accepted	income	ilistory	conateral	too mgn	
	Kaskazini Unguja	27,402.5	90.2	2.5	0.7	=	3.9	=	=	=	2.6
	Kusini Unguja	27,123.9	63.8	2.4	-	-	17.4	=	0.4	-	16.0
Agricultural	Mjini Magharibi	38,413.8	94.7	2.3	-	-	0.7	-	-	1.0	1.4
Household	Kaskazini Pemba	32,145.5	89.3	1.4	-	-	5.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	2.9
	Kusini Pemba	29,265.0	98.1	0.8	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	154,350.6	88.0	1.9	0.3	-	5.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	4.2
Large scale Far	rms	91.0	61.5	9.9	=	=	4.4	Ξ	=	2.2	22.0
All holdings		154,441.6	88.0	1.9	0.3	-	5.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	4.2

[&]quot;." Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual holdings or insufficient data available from survey (Total includes withheld data)

ANNEX: QUESTIONNAIRE



United Repuplic of Tanzania

ANNUAL AGRICULTURAL SAMPLE SURVEY 2022/23
(This information is collected under the Statistics Act, [Cap 351 R.E 2019])
THIS INFORMATION IS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND IS TO BE USED FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSES ONLY





			_	
REGION:		 		
DISTRICT:		 		
COUNCIL:		 		
WARD/SHEHIA		 		
VILLAGE/MTAA		 		
EA/ENUMERATION AREA:		 		
HEADNAME/FARM ADMINISTRATOR	Headname:			
PHONE/SIMU	Phone:	 		

SECTION 0: SCREENING

ENUM_ID_SCREEN	ENUM_ID_SCREEN. Enumerator enter his/her code.
SUP_ID_SCREEN	SUP_ID. Enumerator enter his/her team supervisor's code.
CONFIRM	CONFIRM. DO NOT READ OUT LOUD: Do you confirm that the household you are about to list is located in %REGION% region, %DISTRICT% district, %WARD% ward/shehia, %VILLAGE% village, and in the EA number %EA%?
) 0 No) 1 Yes
If CONFIRM==1	
respondent must be 15 y household	e household now and attempt to start the interview. To start the interview, seek out a competent respondent. A competent rears of age or older and must have knowledge of the household agricultural activities. The respondent is preferably the head. spondent be available at the time of your visit, you can set a maximum of two additional appointments to identify and espondent.
If CONFIRM==1 INTVW_START	INTVW_START. Record the date and time the interview started.
If CONFIRM==1	
of Statistics are preparir	CONSENT: I am working with The Ministry of Agriculture and the National Bureau ag for an agriculture survey and I need to ask you a few questions to assess your agricultural activity. The data will be for the survey. This will take only 5 minutes. If you have any questions related to this survey, please contact at the National Bureau of Statistics on Do you have any questions for me?
If IsAnswered(INTVW_STA	CONSENT. Can I start asking questions now? O No O Yes
If CONSENT==1	
SUB-SECTION - HOUSEHO	OLD AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY - Start
ADDRESS	ADDRESS. Enumerator record any information that could help locate the household: street, house number, identifiable characteristics, etc.

HEAD_NAME	HEAD_NAME. What is the name of the househo	ld hea	d?	
	* Record the three names of the household he	ead		
Q00	Q00. Is %HEAD_NAME% the respondent?			
)	0	No
)	1	Yes
If Q00==0				
RESPNAME	RESPNAME. What is the respondent's name?			
	* Record the three names of the respondent			
If IsAnswered(RESPNAME)			
Q01	Q01. What is %RESPNAME%'s relationship to %	6HEAD	O NA	AME%?
	•)	1	
)		Son/daughter of the head
)		Father/mother of the head
)		Grandson/granddaughter of the head
		5		Other relative
		5		Other
)	Ü	Culci
If (IsAnswered(Q01) && Q0	041-4) 0004			
ii (isaliswereu(QUI) && QU	• •	ioobol	d on	gage in own account crop cultivation activity during
Q02	the 2022/23 agricultural year?	1261101	u en	gage in own account crop cultivation activity during
QUZ	* Do not consider crop cultivation activities p	orforn	and :	as naid amployage or unnaid workers
	bo not consider crop cultivation activities p			No
)		Yes
	CO2 What was the total area surrently sulfiveted			
Q03	Q03. What was the total area currently cultivated	Dy 761	пЕА	D_NAME% \$ flousefiold duffing the2022/23?
QUS	agricultural year?			
	* Include plots cultivated under temporary or			
(51-4(000)	permanent crops			
If IsAnswered(Q03)	OOO II DO NOT DEAD OUT LOUD ILI			
Q03_unit	Q03_unit. DO NOT READ OUT LOUD: Unit			
	mentioned by the respondent.	_		
)		Hectares
)	2	
)	3	Square meters
	Q04. Did any member of %HEAD_NAME%'s hou	usehol	d en	gage in own account livestock, rabbit or poultry
Q04	raising activity during the 2022/23 agricultural ye	ar?		
	* Do not include pets, racing horses, fighting	chick	en o	r cattle raised for cattle judging
)	0	No
)	1	Yes
If Q04==1				
Q05				
		type of	anir	mals were raised by %HEAD_NAME%'s household?
	* Select all that apply			
	□ 1 (:attle		

	2	Goats
	3	Sheep
	4	Pigs
	5	Poultry (including chicken, ducks, turkeys
	6	Rabbits
п	7	Other animals not listed above

If Q05.ContainsAny(1,2,3,4,5)

<u>INSTRUCTION</u>: The following inventory questions only apply to livestock and poultry that are kept on that particular household holding.

If Q05.Contains(1)

Q05_cattle Q05_cattle. How many cattle does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

If Q05.Contains(2)

Q05_goat Q05_goat. How many goats does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

If Q05.Contains(3)

Q05_sheep Q05_sheep. How many sheep does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

If Q05.Contains(4)

Q05_pig Q05_pig. How many pigs does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

If Q05.Contains(5)

Q05_poultry Q05_poultry. How many poultry does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

* Poultry includes chicken, ducks and turkeys

If Q05.Contains(6)

Q05_rabbit Q05_rabbit. How many rabbits does %HEAD_NAME%'s household rear as of today?

Q06. Did any member of %HEAD_NAME%'s household engage in own account bee-keeping activity during

the 2022/23 agricultural year?

* Do not consider activities performed as paid employees or unpaid workers

) 0 No) 1 Yes

Q07. Did any member of %HEAD_NAME%'s household engage in own account aquaculture activity during

the 2022/23 agricultural year?

* Do not consider aquaculture activities performed as paid employees or unpaid workers

) 0 No) 1 Yes

If Q02==1 || Q04==1 || Q07==1

CONTACT_SCREEN_1 CONTACT_SCREEN_1. What is %HEAD_NAME%'s phone number?

* If no phone number, enter 0000000000

If IsAnswered(CONTACT_SCREEN_1) && CONTACT_SCREEN_1!="0000000000"

CONTACT_SCREEN_2 CONTACT_SCREEN_2. What is %HEAD_NAME%'s second phone number?

* If no second phone number, enter 0000000000

If CONTACT_SCREEN_1 == "00000000000" || CONTACT_SCREEN_2 == "00000000000"

CONTACT_SCREEN_3. Please give me the phone number of a close relative or neighbor of %HEAD_NAME%

whom I can call to get back in touch with you?

Holding_TYPE CAPI-COMPUTED VARIABLE: 1 if this is a small-scale holding and 2 if large-scale holding.

CAPI-COMPUTED VARIABLE: 1 if this is an agricultural household (Q02 or Q04 equal to 1) and 0 if it is a AGRI non-agricultural household (Q02 AND Q04 = 0). CAPI-COMPUTED VARIABLE: 1 if this is a small holding (at least 25m2 cultivated OR 1 cattle OR ELIGIBLE_SMALLSCALE 5 goats/pigs/sheep OR 50 chicken/ducks) and 99 otherwise. CAPI-COMPUTED VARIABLE: 1 if ELIGIBLE_SMALLSCALE == 1 and Holding TYPE == 1 **ELIGIBLE** $\ensuremath{\mathsf{INTVW_END}}.$ Record the date and time the interview ended. INTVW_END SUB-SECTION 1 - HOUSEHOLD AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY - End If ELIGIBLE==1 GPS GPS. Please record the household GPS coordinates in front of the main dwelling. * Make sure you are outside, with a clear view of the sky. RESULT_SCREEN RESULT_SCREEN. DO NOT READ OUT LOUD: Please select the screening result.) 1 Complete) 2 Incomplete - respondent termination) 3 Refusal 4 Absent at 2nd appointment 5 Cannot interview (respondent sick, in quarantine, cannot speak, etc.) COMMENT SCREEN COMMENT_SCREEN. Insert any general comments on this screening If Q02==1 || Q04==1 SELECT_SURVEY SELECT_SURVEY. DO NOT READ OUT LOUD: Has this holding been selected for the main survey? Scope: Supervisor 0 No

Scope: Hidden

ANNEX TABLES NEX TABLES

INSTRUCTION: GO TO THE HOUSEHOLD/FARM NOW AND ATTEMPT TO START THE INTERVIEW.

TO START THE INTERVIEW, SEEK OUT A COMPETENT RESPONDENT - I.E., AN INDIVIDUAL OF 15 YEARS OR ABOVE WHO KNOWS
THE HOUSEHOLD/FARM'S AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES. THE RESPONDENT FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD/FARM WILL PREFERABLY
BE %HEADNAME%.

If Holding_TYPE==1

1. DO NOT READ OUT LOUD: Does this household still live in %REGION% region, %DISTRICT% district, %WARD% ward/shehia, %VILLAGE% village, and in the EA number %EA%?

If Q1==1 || Holding_TYPE==2

INTVW_STARTa. INTERVIEW START DATE AND TIME (1st attempt).

If Q1==1 || Holding TYPE==2

2a. Is %HEADNAME% available for the interview?

If Q2a==0

3a. Is there any other competent respondent to answer questions on the agricultural activities of the household/farm? (eg., area planted, production, input use, etc.)

If Q3a==0

INSTRUCTION: SET UP AN APPOINTMENT AND COME BACK LATER TO INTERVIEW A COMPETENT RESPONDENT. YOU MAY CONTACT %HEADNAME% AT %PHONE% TO SET A 1ST APPOINTMENT.

If Q3a==0

INTVW_STARTb. INTERVIEW START DATE AND TIME (2nd attempt).

If Q3a==0

2b. Is %HEADNAME% available for the interview?

If Q2b==0

3b. Is there any other competent respondent to answer questions on the agricultural activities of the household/farm? (eg., area planted, production, input use, etc.)

If Q3b==0

INSTRUCTION: SET UP AN APPOINTMENT AND COME BACK LATER TO INTERVIEW A COMPETENT RESPONDENT. YOU MAY CONTACT %HEADNAME% AT %PHONE% TO SET A 2ND APPOINTMENT.

If Q3b==0

INTVW_STARTc. INTERVIEW START DATE AND TIME (3rd attempt).

If Q3b==0

2c. Is %HEADNAME% available for the interview?

If Q2c==0

3c. Is there any other competent respondent to answer questions on the agricultural activities of the household/farm? (eg., area planted, production, input use, etc.)

If (Q2a==1 || Q3a==1||Q2b==1||Q3b==1||Q2c==1||Q3c==1)

4. Is %HEADNAME% the respondent?

If Q4==0

5. What is the name of the respondent? * Record the three names of the respondent

CAPI RESPNAME: Stores the respondent name, %HEADNAME% if Q4==1 or %Q5% if Q4==0.

If (Q2a==1 || Q3a==1||Q2b==1||Q3b==1||Q2c==1||Q3c==1)

Hello, I am (name) from the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS)/Office of Chief Government Statistician (OCGS).

We are conducting an annual agricultural survey in Tanzania. Your household/farm has been randomly chosen to participate in this survey. Your cooperation and answers would be extremely important since they reflect the status of many of our farmers who live in similar conditions. I would greatly appreciate if your household/farm participated in this survey, answering questions on the agricultural activities it has undertaken. The information you provide will assist all levels of government and other organizations to better understand the agricultural sector. Please be aware that all information collected in this survey will be kept strictly confidential. If you are not comfortable to respond to specific questions please inform me. Please let me know if I can go ahead with the interview.

CONSENT. Can I start asking questions now?

If CONSENT==1

CONTACT_2023_1. What is %RESPNAME%'s phone number?

* If no phone number, enter 000

If IsAnswered(CONTACT_2023_1) && CONTACT_2023_1!="000"

CONTACT_2023_2. What is %RESPNAME%'s second phone number?

* If no phone number, enter 000

If Holding_TYPE==1 && (CONTACT_2023_1 == "000" || CONTACT_2023_2 == "000")

CONTACT_2023_3. Please give me the phone number of a close relative or neighbor of %RESPNAME% whom I can call to get back in touch with you?

If CONSENT==1

ENUMERATOR: I am going to ask you questions about the past short-rains season, also known as VULI SEASON and the long-rains season, also called MASIKA. When asking about the MASIKA season, we will also include the dry season. The past VULI SEASON started in October 2022 and ended in February 2023, while the MASIKA and DRY SEASON started in March 2023 and ended in September 2023.

- 6. Did you or any member of your household/farm engage in own-account crop cultivation during the Vuli or Masika or dry seasons of the past 2022/2023 agricultural year?
- * Do not consider crop cultivation activities performed as paid employees or unpaid workers
- 7. Did you or any member of your household/farm engage in own-account livestock or poultry rearing from October 2022 to September 2023?
- * Do not include pets, racing horses, fighting chicken or cattle raised for cattle judging

8. Did you or any (Yes1 N	,_	our household/farm engage	in own-account bee-k	eeping from October	2022 to September 2023?	1
9. Did you or any 2023? (Yes1 N	,	our household/farm engage	in own-account aquac	culture activity from O	ctober 2022 to September	•
(Yes1 N	00)					

 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$ Do not consider a quaculture activities performed as paid employees or unpaid workers

IF VAR0==true && Holding_TYPE==1

IF VAR0==true && Holding_TYPE==1

SECTION 2: HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AND HOLDER IDENTIFICATION

IN ORDER TO MAKE A COMPREHENSIVE LIST OF INDIVIDUALS CONNECTED TO THE HOUSEHOLD, USE THE FOLLOWING PROBE QUESTIONS:

First, give me the names of all the members of your <u>immediate family</u> who normally live and eat their meals together here.

WRITE DOWN NAMES, SEX, AND RELATIONSHIP TO HH HEAD. LIST HOUSEHOLD HEAD ON LINE

Then, give me the names of any other persons related to you or other household members who normally live and eat their meals together here.

Then, give me the names of other persons who are not present now but normally live and eat their meals here. For example, household members studying elsewhere or travelling.

Finally, give me the names of any other persons not related to you or other household members, but who normally live and eat their meals together here, such as servants, lodgers, or other who are not relatives.

DO NOT LIST SERVANTS WHO HAVE A HOUSEHOLD ELSEWHERE, AND GUESTS WHO ARE VISITING TEMPORARILY AND HAVE A HOUSEHOLD ELSEWHERE.

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
D	NAME		In this household, what is	How old is	Did [NAME] work
22	MAKE A COMPLETE LIST		[NAME]'s relationship to the	[NAME]?	on any
CODE	OF ALL INDIVIDUALS WHO		head?		agricultural
	NORMALLY LIVED AND	What is the	HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD1	IF LESS	activities in the
	ATE THEIR MEALS	sex of	SPOUSE	THAN 1 YEAR	past 2022/2023
	TOGETHER IN THIS	[NAME]?	FATHER/MOTHER	OF AGE,	agricultural year?
	HOUSEHOLD IN THE PAST	[· ·· ···-]·	OTHER NOT RELATIVE	TYPE ZERO	
	6 MONTHS, STARTING				
	WITH THE HEAD OF	MALE1 FEMALE			
	HOUSEHOLD.	0			
					YES1 NO0
	(CONFIRM THAT				
	HOUSEHOLD HEAD HERE				
	IS SAME AS HOUSEHOLD				
	HEAD LISTED ON COVER.)				
	LIST	CODE	CODE	YEAR	CODE
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					

If s2q04>=5

132

7			
8			
9			
10			

SECTION 3. FIELD ROSTER

List all the fields accessed or used by the farm in the past 2022/2023 agricultural year. Include fields that were used partially or entirely for crop cultivation (including vegs and fruit trees and kitchen gardens), farm buildings, farmyards, temporary or permanent pastures, forests and other wooded land, aquaculture. Include also fields that were left temporarily fallow or unused.

A FIELD IS ANY PIECE OF LAND OF ONE LAND TENURE TYPE ENTIRELY SURROUNDED BY OTHER LAND, WATER, ROAD, FOREST OR OTHER FEATURES NOT FORMING PART OF THE farm. OR FORMING PART OF THE farm UNDER A DIFFERENT LAND TENURE TYPE.

If Q2a==0 If Q2a==0 If Q3A.ContainsAny(1,3) FIELD 2a 2b 2c 4A 5A FIELD NAME Is the [FIELD] In which region is In which district is Did you use this [FIELD] field What is the area of this [FIELD] field? How did the household/farm use this Ē field located in [FIELD] [FIELD] in the past 2022/23 VULI [FIELD] field during the past 2022/23 [DISTRICT] SEASON, MASIKA and DRY VULI SEASON? located? located? INSTRUCTION: THE AREA IS SEASON, or both? district? **DECLARED** BY THE RESPONDENT. IF THE AREA IS REPORTED ON THE SELECT ALL THAT APPLY FIELD DOCUMENT, ASK TO SEE THE RESIDENTIAL... YES...1 DOCUMENT VULI.....1 NO...0 CODES FOR UNIT OF MASIKA and DR' PERMANENT GRAZING (LIVESTOCK/POULTRY)5
TEMPORARILY FALLOW (LIVESTOCK/POULTRY)6 MEASUREMENT: SEASON.....2 HECTARE.....1 BOTH.....3 ACRE.....2 SQUARE METERS.....3 TEXT CODE CODE CODE **TEXT** NUMBER UNIT CODE 2 3

if VAR 2 == 1 OR VAR3 == 1 OR Q5a.Contains(6) OR q5b.Contains(6)

	If IsAnswered(Q5A)					If Q3A.Contains(2,3)	ntains(2,3) If Is Answered(Q5B)				q5b.Contains(6)	
1.	Q5A_			CAPI-V	AR2		5B	Q5B_			CAPI-VAR3	CAPI-VAR4
FIELD NAME	What p	percentage	of this	PROGR	RAMMED	IN	How did the household/farm use this	What pe	ercentage	of this	PROGRAMMED IN	PROGRAMMED IN CAPI:
	[FIELD] field was CAPI: Was [FIELD]		[FIELD] field during the past 2022/23	[FIELD] field was dedicated			CAPI: Is [FIELD]	Was [FIELD] used for				
	dedicated to each use? used for growing of			r growing	g crops	MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON?	to each u	use?		used for growing	growing crops either in	
		in the past 2022/23			2022/23	SELECT ALL THAT APPLY				crops in the	VULI or in MASIKA and	
			YES			RESIDENTIAL				2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? YES1 NO0	DRY SEASON? YES1 NO0	
TEXT	1st%	2nd%	3rd%				GAVE OUT FOR FREE 14 OTHER (SPECIFY) 99	1st%	2nd%	3rd%		
						•						
						•						

If Any.Q05A.Contains(12) ||Any.Q05B.Contains(12)

6. What is the total amount earned from renting out /sharecropping out your land in the past 2022/2023 agricultural year?

134

^{*}If sharecropped out, estimate the cash value

^{*}TZS

Ask if VAR2_ALLFIELDS == true || FIELD.Any(x=>x. s3q05a contains (6))

SECTION 4. VULI PLOT ROSTER

													If s4q02.InList(1,2)	If s4q02.InList(1,2)
표	I am about to ask you questions	P	1.	2.	3.								4.	5a.
FIELD ID	about the plots in [FIELD] field in	PLOT ID	PLOT NAME	During the past 2022/23	Wha	t was	the	area	of t	his [l	PLOT] plot?	Was this [PLOT] plot in pure	Was there any irrigation
D	the past 2022/2023 VULI	٥		VULI SEASON, how was									stand or mixed during the past	infrastructure on this
	SEASON.			this [PLOT] plot used?	INST	ΓRUC	TION	: F	ARME	ΞR	DECI	LARES	2022/23 VULI SEASON?	[PLOT] plot during the
					PLO	T ARI	EA (N	IO ME	ASU	REM	ENT			past 2022/23 VULI
	Please list all plots cultivated with			READ ANSWERS										SEASON?
	crops, used as kitchen													
	gardens/backyards or left fallow				_	ES F							PURE STAND1	INSTRUCTION:
	during the past 2022/2023 VULI					TARE							MIXED/INTERCROPPED2	INCLUDES FULLY
	SEASON.			A KITCHEN		IARE								CONTROLLED
				GARDEN/BACKYARD1										IRRIGATION AND
	A PLOT IS DEFINED AS A			CULTIVATED WITH										PARTIALLY
	CONTINUOUS PIECE OF LAND			TEMPORARILY LEFT										C@NTROLLED1
	ON WHICH A SPECIFIC CROP			FALLOW3										IRRIGATION: "
	OR A MIXTURE OF CROPS IS													
	GROWN OR WHICH IS FALLOW													
	OR WAITING TO BE PLANTED.													
			TEXT	CODE	NUM	/BER						UNIT	CODE	CODE
1		1				_	_	_		_	_			
1		2			_	_	_	_		_	_			
1		3			_	_	_	_		_	_			
1		4			_	_	_	_			_			
1		:			_	_	_	_			_			
2		1			_	_	_	_			_			
2		2			_	_	_	_		_	_			

Ask if VAR2_ALLFIELDS == true || IELD.Any(x=>x.s3q05a contains(6))

SECTION 4. VULI PLOT ROSTER

If

				If s4q05a==1	If s4q05a==1	s4q02.InList(1,2)	If s4q07==1
끎	I am about to ask you questions	몬	1.	5b.	6.	7.	8.
FIELD ID	about the plots in [FIELD] field in	PLOT ID	PLOT NAME	Approximately what	What was the main method of irrigating	Did you apply any	Which organic fertilizers were applied
0	the past 2022/2023 VULI	U		percentage or	plants/pouring water on the plants on this	organic fertilizer on	on this [PLOT] plot during the past
	SEASON.			proportion of [PLOT]	[PLOT] plot during the past 2022/23	this [PLOT] plot	2022/23 VULI SEASON?
				plot was irrigated	VULI SEASON?	during the past	
	Please list all plots cultivated with			during the past		2022/2023 VULI	SELECT ALL THAT APPLY
	crops, used as kitchen gardens/backyards or left fallow during the past 2022/2023 VULI SEASON. A PLOT IS DEFINED AS A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF LAND ON WHICH A SPECIFIC CROP OR A MIXTURE OF CROPS IS GROWN OR WHICH IS FALLOW OR WAITING TO BE PLANTED.			2022/23 VULI SEASON?	READ ANSWERS IRRIGATION BY USING WATERING CANS OR BUCKETS	YES1	SOLID MANURE/FARM YARD MANURE
			TEXT	%	CODE	CODE	CODE
1		1			-		
1		2			-		
1		3			-		
1		4			-		
1		:			-		
2		1			-		
2		2			-		

Ask if VAR2_ALLFIELDS == true || FIELD.Any(x=>x.s3q05a contains(6))

SECTION 4. VULI PLOT ROSTER

				s4q02.InList		s4q02.lnL		
				(1,2)	If s4q09==1	ist(1,2)	If s4q11==1	
FIELD	I am about to ask you questions about the plots in [FIELD] field in the past 2022/2023 VULI	PLOT ID	1.	9.	10.	11.	12.	
	SEASON.	=	PLOT	Did you apply	Which inorganic	Did you	Which pesticides	
١٥		"	NAME	any inorganic	(chemical) fertilizers	apply any	were applied on	
	Please list all plots cultivated with crops, used as kitchen gardens/backyards or left fallow			fertilizer on	were applied on this	pesticide	this [PLOT] plot	
	during the past 2022/2023 VULI SEASON.			this [PLOT]	[PLOT] plot during the	on this	during the past	
				plot during	past 2022/23 VULI	[PLOT]	2022/2023 VULI	
	A PLOT IS DEFINED AS A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF LAND ON WHICH A SPECIFIC			the past	SEASON?	plot during	SEASON? INSECTICIDES	1.6
	CROP OR A MIXTURE OF CROPS IS GROWN OR WHICH IS FALLOW OR WAITING TO			2022/2023	DIAMMONIUM PHOSPHA		9 HERBICIDE (SOLI	(D) 17
	BE PLANTED.			VUNP ··· · 0	SELECTM ALLMONTHATN		SELECTIDE ALLIQU	JID)18
				SEASON?	APPLY AMMONIUM SULPHATE	(SA)	.1	19
					NITROGEN, PHOSPHOR	USEASON 1	RODENTICIDE	
					POTASSIUM (NPKs) MINJINGU NAFAKA PL		ł I	
					NPS ZINC		į.	
					OTHER (SPECIFY)	1	5	
			TEVE	0005	0005	0005	0005	
			TEXT	CODE	CODE	CODE	CODE	
1		1						
1		2						
1		3						
1		4						
1		:						
2		1						
2		2						

SECTION 5. VULI CROP ROSTER

					IF sect 4-Q4 ==2	IF CAPI-VAR5==1		IF CAPI-VAR5==1	IF CAPI-VAR5==1
FIELD ID	PLOT	1.	CROP	CAPI-VAR5	2	3		TEMPORARY CROPS	1 5.
D	ID	I am about to ask you about crops on [FIELD] field, [PLOT]. List all the temporary and permanent crops, including fruit trees on [PLOT] in the past 2022/23 VULI SEASON.	D	PROGRAMMED IN CAPI: IS [CROP] TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT? TEMPORARY1 PERMANENT2	During the past 2022/23 VULI SEASON, approximately what percent of [PLOT] was planted with [CROP]?	When was [CROP the past 2022/23 V	10 211 212 01	Which [CROP] seeds did you use during the past 2022/23 VULI SEASON? SELECT ALL THAT APPLY IF RESPONDENT DOES NOT KNOW, ASK TO SEE TACKAGINGAL. IMPROVED, RECYCLED	Did you harvest any of the [CROP] on this [PLOT] during the past 2022/2023 VULI SEASON? YES1 NO0
		CROP NAME	4	CODE	PERCENTAGE	MONTH	YEAR	CODE	CODE
1	1		2						
1	1		3						
1	2		1						
1	2		2						
1	2		3						
1	3		1						
1	3		2						
2	1		1						
2	1		1						
2	1		1						
2	1		2					_	

2 1 3

Ask IF VAR2_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 5. VULI CROP ROSTER

IF Q5==1 IF Q5==1

표	PLOT	4	CROP	CARLVARS	TEMPORARY CROPS				
:IELD ID	9 10	1.	유	CAPI-VAR5	6	7.	8a.	8b.	8b_unit
D		I am about to	D	PROGRAMMED	Why did not you harvest [CROP] from [PLOT]	When did you start harvesting [CROP]	In which	How much [CROP]	in total did
		ask you about		IN CAPI: IS	during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON?	from this [PLOT] during the past	states/condition	you harvest from	[PLOT] plot
		crops on		[CROP]		2022/2023 VULI SEASON?	s did you	under [STATE/0	CONDITION]
		[FIELD] field,		TEMPORARY OR	TOO LITTLE RAIN/DROUGHT1	SELECT ALL THAT APPLY	harvest [CROP]	state/condition duri	ng the past
		[PLOT].		PERMANENT?	RAIN/FLOOD DAMAGE2	* For continuous harvest, indicate the	on [PLOT] plot	2022/2023 VULI sea	ason?
					RAIN CAME TOO EARLY OT TOO	date when the harvest first began.	during the past		
		List all the			LATE	JANUARY01	2022/2023 VULI		
		temporary		TEMPORARY1	WIND/FROST DAMAGE4 PLANT PEST/DISEASE5	FEBRUARY02 MARCH03	SEASON?		
		and		PERMANENT2	FIRE DAMAGE6	MARCH03 APRIL04			
		permanent			CROP THEFT7	MAY05	SELECT ALL		
		crops,			NO AVAILABLE LABOR8	JUNE06	THAT APPLY		
		including fruit			CROP STILL ON THE FIELD9	JULY07			
		trees on		► NEXT		AUGUST08 SEPTEMBER09	(Max 2		
		[PLOT] in the				OCTOBER10	answers)		
		past 2022/23					ŕ		
		VULI							
		SEASON.							
		CROP NAME		CODE			CODE	NUMBER	UNIT
1	1		1						
1	1		2						
1	1		3						
1	2		1						
1	2		2						
1	2		3						
1	3		1						

1	3	2											
2	3	1											
2	1	1											
2	1	1											
2	1	2											
2	1	3											
SEC	TION	5. VULI CROP ROS	TER	<u> </u>		l.							
Ask	IF VA	R2_ALLFIELDS ==	true						IF CAPI-			IF	CAP
					IF Q5==1	IF Q5==1		IF CAPI-VAR5==	2 VAR5==2	IF CAPI-VAR5==2	!	VAR5=	==2
끎	PLOT	_	Я	0.00.00.00	TEMPORARY CROPS			PERMANENT CR	OPS				
FIELD ID	의	1.	CROP	CAPI-VAR5	9.	10.		11.	12.	13.		14.	
0	0	I am about to ask	₽	PROGRAMMED	During the past 2022/23	Why not harvestin	g all the area planted	Was the [CROP] How many	How many [CF	ROP]	Have	yo
		you about crops		IN CAPI: IS	VULI SEASON,	with [CROP] on	this [PLOT] plot?	on this [PLOT] plo	t [CROP]	were in the produ	ction	planted	d an
		on [FIELD] field,		[CROP]	approximately what	SELECT THE MAI	IN TWO REASONS.	cultivated in	plants/trees	age during the	past	[CROP	<u>'</u>]
		[PLOT].		TEMPORARY	percentage of [PLOT]			compact c	r were on this	2022/23	VULI	during	th
				OR	area planted with	TOO LITTLE RA	IN/DROUGHT1	scattered	[PLOT] plot	SEASON?		past 2	2022/2
		List all the		PERMANENT?	[CROP] was harvested?		MAGE2	planting?	during the			VULI	
		temporary and				-	00 EARLY OT TOO		past 2022/23	*PRODUCTION	AGE	SEASO	N?
		permanent crops,					MAGE4	COMPACT SCATTERED	VULI	IS THE AGE	AT		
		including fruit				PLANT PEST/DI	SEASE5	SCATTERED	SEASON?	WHICH THE TREE	∃ OR		
		trees on [PLOT] in		TEMPORARY1 PERMANENT2			6			PLANT IS READY	/ TO	YES	.1
		the past 2022/23							IF THE		THE	NO	0
		VULI SEASON.							FARMER IS	PRODUCT	OF		
						► NI	EXT CROP		UNABLE TO	INTEREST			
									QUANTIFY,				
									RECORD -	IF THE FARMER	-		
									99.	UNABLE	TO		
										QUANTIFY, REC	ORD		
]							-99			
		CROP NAME		CODE	PERCENT (%) OF HARVESTED PLOT AREA	1st REASON	2nd REASON	CODE	NUMBER	NUMBER		CODE	

1	1	1	2				
1		1	3				
1		2	1				
1		2	2				
1		2	3				
1		3	1				
1		3	2				
2		1	1				
2		1	1				
2		1	1				

Ask IF VAR2_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 5. VULI CROP ROSTER

			•				_		_	
								IF CAPI-		IF CAPI-
					IF Q5==1	IF Q5==1	IF CAPI-VAR5==2	VAR5==2	IF CAPI-VAR5==2	VAR5==2
FIE	PLOT	1.	CROP	CAPI-VAR5	TEMPORARY CROPS		PERMANENT CROI	PS		
FIELD ID) I	1.	OP ID	CAPITVARS	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
D		I am about to ask	0	PROGRAMMED	During the past 2022/23	Why not harvesting all the area planted	Was the [CROP]	How many	How many [CROP]	Have you
		you about crops		IN CAPI: IS	VULI SEASON,	with [CROP] on this [PLOT] plot?	on this [PLOT] plot	[CROP]	were in the	planted any
		on [FIELD] field,		[CROP]	approximately what	SELECT THE MAIN TWO REASONS.	cultivated in a	plants/trees	production age	[CROP] during
		[PLOT].		TEMPORARY OR	percentage of [PLOT]		compact or	were on this	during the past	the past
				PERMANENT?	area planted with [CROP]	TOO LITTLE RAIN/DROUGHT1	scattered planting?	[PLOT] plot	2022/23 VULI	2022/23 VULI
		List all the			was harvested?	RAIN/FLOOD DAMAGE2		during the	SEASON?	SEASON?
		temporary and				RAIN CAME TOO EARLY OT TOO LATE		past 2022/23		
		permanent crops,		TEMPORARY1		WIND/FROST DAMAGE4	COMPACT1 SCATTERED2	VULI	*PRODUCTION	
		including fruit trees		PERMANENT2		PLANT PEST/DISEASE5	SCATTERED2	SEASON?	AGE IS THE AGE	YES1
		on [PLOT] in the				FIRE DAMAGE6			AT WHICH THE	NO0
		past 2022/23 VULI				CROP THEFT		IF THE	TREE OR PLANT IS	
		SEASON.				NO AVAIDABLE DABOK		FARMER IS	READY TO	
						► NEXT CROP		UNABLE TO	PRODUCE THE	
								QUANTIFY,	PRODUCT OF	
								RECORD -	INTEREST	
								99.		
									IF THE FARMER IS	
									UNABLE TO	
									QUANTIFY,	
									RECORD -99	
		CROP NAME		CODE	PERCENT (%) OF	1st REASON 2nd REASON	CODE	NUMBER	NUMBER	CODE
		OTTOT TO UNE		0022	HARVESTED PLOT AREA	TOTAL TOTAL	0052	HOMBER	HOMBER	OODL
1	1		1							
1	1		2							
1	1		3							
1	2		1							

1	2	2				
1	2	3				
1	3	1				
1	3	2				
2	1	1				
2	1	1				
2	1	1				

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true || FIELD.Any(x=>(x.s3q05b.Contains(6) || (x.s3q05b.Contains(0) && x.s3q05a.Contains(6))))

SECTION 6. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON PLOT ROSTER

				If s7q05a==1	If s7q05a==1	If s7q02.InList(1,2)	If s7q07==1
E		PLOT	1.	5b.	6.	7.	8
ELD ID	I am about to ask you questions about the plots in [FIELD] field in the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. These questions will therefore cover the period between March 2023 and September 2023. Please list all plots cultivated with crops, used as kitchen gardens/backyards or left fallow during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. A PLOT IS DEFINED AS A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF LAND ON WHICH A SPECIFIC CROP OR A MIXTURE OF CROPS IS GROWN OR WHICH IS FALLOW OR WAITING TO BE PLANTED.	.OT ID	PLOT NAME	Approximately what percentage or proportion of [PLOT] plot was irrigated during the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON?	What was the main method of irrigating plants/pouring water on this [PLOT] plot during the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? READ ANSWERS IRRIGATION BY USING WATERING CANS OR BUCKETS		_

	TEXT	%	CODE	CODE	CODE
1	1		-	-	
1	2		-	-	
1	3		-	-	
1	4		-	-	
1	:		=	=	
2	1		-	-	
2	2		-	-	

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true || FIELD.Any(x=>(x.s3q05b.Contains(6) || (x.s3q05b.Contains(0) && x.s3q05a.Contains(6))))

SECTION 6. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON PLOT ROSTER

If s7q02.lnList(1,2) If s7q09==1

s7q02.lnList(1,2) If s7q11==1

				11 37 402.111131(1,2)	11 37 4001	37 q02.111L13t(1,2)	manager .
ΞE		PLC	1.	9	10	11	12
	I am about to ask you questions about	9 6	PLOT	Did you apply any	Which inorganic (chemical) fertilizers were	Did you apply any	Which pesticides were applied
0	the plots in [FIELD] field in the past	Ü	NAME	inorganic fertilizer on	applied on this [PLOT] plot during the past	pesticide on this	on this [PLOT] plot during the
	2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and			this [PLOT] plot?	2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON?	[PLOT] plot during	past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON
	DRY SEASON. These questions will					the past 2022/23	and DRY SEASON?
	therefore cover the period between				SELECT ALL THAT APPLY	MASIKA	
	March 2023 and September 2023.					SEASON and	SELECT ALL THAT APPLY
				YES1		DRY SEASON?	
	Please list all plots cultivated with crops, used as kitchen gardens/backyards or left fallow during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. A PLOT IS DEFINED AS A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF LAND ON WHICH A SPECIFIC CROP OR A MIXTURE OF CROPS IS GROWN			NO0	UREA	YES1	INSECTICIDES16 HERBICIDE (SOLID)17 HERBICIDE (LIQUID)18 FUNGICIDE19 RODENTICIDE20 OTHER (SPECIFY)21

	OR WHICH IS FALLOW OR WAITING		i i		l i		i
	TO BE PLANTED.						
			TEXT	CODE	CODE	CODE	CODE
1		1					
1		2					
1		3					
1		4					
1		:	_				
2		1					
2		2					

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 7. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON CROP ROSTER

IF CAPI-VAR5_3==1 IF CAPI-VAR5_3==1 VAR5_3==1

Ξ	밑		유				TEMPORARY CROPS		
FIELD ID	PLOT	1.	CROP	CAPI-VAR5_3	2	2a.	3.	4.	5.
□	₽	I am about to ask you	₽	PROGRAMMED IN	During the past	Was this [CROP]	When was [CROP] planted	Which [CROP] seeds did you	Did you harvest any
		about crops on [FIELD]		CAPI: IS [CROP]	2022/2023 MASIKA	under a greenhouse or	on [PLOT] plot during the	use during the past 2022/23	of the [CROP] on
		field, [PLOT].		TEMPORARY OR	SEASON and DRY	a high shelter during	past 2022/23 MASIKA	MASIKA SEASON and DRY	this [PLOT] during
		ileiu, [PLOT].					'		
		1:-4 -II 4b 4		PERMANENT?	SEASON,	the past 2022/23	SEASON and DRY	SEASON?	the past 2022/2023
		List all the temporary			approximately what	MASIKA SEASON	SEASON? DECEMBER 2022 12	OFFICE ALL THAT APPLY	MASIKA SEASON
		and permanent crops,		TEMPORARY1	percent of [PLOT]	and DRY SEASON?	JANUARY 20231	SELECT ALL THAT APPLY	and DRY
		including fruit trees on		PERMANENT2	was planted with		FEBRUARY 20232 MARCH 20233	IF RESPONDENT DOES NOT	SEASON?
		[PLOT] in the past			[CROP]?	YES1	APRIL 20234	KNOW, ASK TO SEE	
		2022/23 MASIKA				NO0	MAY 20235	PACKAGING 1	YES1
		SEASON and DRY					JUNE 20236	TRADITIONAL2 IMPROVED,	NO0
		SEASON.					JULY 20237	RECYCLED3	
							AUGUST 20238 SEPTEMBER 20239		
		CROP NAME		CODE	NUMBER	CODE	CODE	CODE	CODE
<u> </u>		ONOT WINE		OODE	TYOMBEN	OODL	OODL	OODL	OODL
1	1		1						
1	1		2						
1	1		3						
1	2		1						
1	2		2						
1	2		3						
1	3		1						
1	3		2						
2	1		2						
2	1		3						
2	1		4						
2	1		5						
2	1		6						
		ALL FIELDS 4min	l -						

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 7. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON CROP ROSTER

FQS=0 FQS=1 FQS=									based on	
CAP: IS [CROP] from [PLOT] during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest, indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest, indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? PERMANENT? PASTAN CAME TO SEASON? POT TOO LATE:						IF Q5==0	IF Q5==1	IF Q5==1	s5q08a	IF Q8b>0
CAP: IS [CROP] from [PLOT] during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest, indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? For continuous harvest, indicate past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON? PERMANENT? PASTAN CAME TO SEASON? POT TOO LATE:	FIE	PLC	1.	CR	CAPI-VAR5_3	6	7.	8a.	8b.	8b_unit
Vou about crops on	5] H	I am about to ask	OP I	PROGRAMMED IN	Why did not you harvest [CROP]	When did you start harvesting [CROP]	In which	How much [CR	OP] in total did
PENT PERMANENT? PERMANENT? DRY SEASON? PLOTI plot during the past 2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and permanent crops, including fruit frees on [PLOT] in the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. PERMANENT. 2 PERMANENT. 2 PERMANENT. 2 PERMANENT. 2 PARAGE			you about crops on	D	CAPI: IS [CROP]	from [PLOT] during the past	from this [PLOT] during the past	states/conditions did	you harvest fro	om [PLOT] plot
List all the lemporary and permanent crops, including full trees on [PLOT] in the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. CROP NAME CODE CO			[FIELD] field,		TEMPORARY OR	2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and	2022/2023 MASIKA SEASON and	you harvest [CROP] on	under [STA	TE/CONDITION]
List all the temporary and permanent crops, including fruit trees on [PLOT] in the past 2022/23 TEMPORARY .1			[PLOT].		PERMANENT?	DRY SEASON?	DRY SEASON?	[PLOT] plot during the	state/condition	during the past
List all the temporary and permanent crops, including fruit trees on [PLOT] in the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON?						RAIN/DROUGHT1	* For continuous harvest, indicate the	past 2022/2023	2022/2023 MA	SIKA SEASON
NUMBER N			List all the					MASIKA SEASON and	and DRY SEAS	ON?
DAMAGE			temporary and					DRY SEASON?		
Including fruit trees on PLOT in the past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. CODE			permanent crops,			DAMAGE4				
December 2022/23 Past 2022/23 Past 2022/23 Past 2022/23 Past 2023/23			including fruit trees		PERMANENT2			SELECT ALL THAT		
Past 2022/23 MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. CODE CODE NUMBER 202308 SEPTEMBER 202309 OCTOBER 202210 NOVEMBER 202212 CODE NUMBER UNIT			on [PLOT] in the					APPLY		
MASIKA SEASON and DRY SEASON. CODE COD			past 2022/23			ANIMAL/BIRDS DAMAGE9				
CROP NAME CODE CODE NOVEMBER 202212 CODE NUMBER UNIT			MASIKA SEASON			OTHER (SPECIFY)99		(Max 2 answers)		
CROP NAME			and DRY SEASON.			► NEXT CROP	OCTOBER 202210			
1 1			CROP NAME		CODE	CODE		CODE	NUMBER	UNIT
1 1 1 3	1	1		1			DECEMBER 202212			
1 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	1		2						
1 2 2 1 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	1		3						
1 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	2		1						
1 3 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	2		2						
1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	2		3						
2 1 2 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	3		1						
2 1 3 2 1 4 2 1 5	1	3		2						
2 1 2 1 5	2	1		2						
2 1 5	2	1		3						
	2	1		4						
	2	1		5						
	2	1		6						

ROSTER

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 7. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON CROP ROSTER

표	PLOT	1.	CROP	CAPI-VAR5_3	9.	10.		10a	10b	10c
FIELD ID	OI TC	I am about to	유	PROGRAMMED	During the past 2022/23	Why not harvesting	all the area planted	How much	How much [CROP] do	What was, according to you, the
0	0	ask you about	D	IN CAPI: IS	MASIKA SEASON and	with [CROP] o	on this [PLOT]?	[CROP] do you	you think you have lost	main reason why losses of
		crops on		[CROP]	DRY SEASON,			think you could	during the past	[CROP] under
		[FIELD] field,		TEMPORARY	approximately what	SELECT THE MAIN		have harvested	2022/2023 MASIKA	[STATE/CONDITION] were
		[PLOT].		OR	percentage of [PLOT]	TOO LITTLE RAI		from [PLOT]	SEASON and DRY	experienced during the 2022/2023
				PERMANENT?	planted with [CROP] was	RAIN/FLOOD DAN	AAGE2 EARLY OT TOO	under	SEASON harvest of	MASIKA SEASON and DRY
		List all the			harvested?	LATE		[STATE/CONDITI	[PLOT], under	LSEASON harvesting of [PLOT]?
		temporary and				WIND/FROST		ON] if no losses	[STATE/CONDITION]?	Use of inappropriate tools, equipment or machinery2
		permanent				DAMAGE PLANT PEST/DIS		had been suffered		Bad weather during harvest3
		crops,				FIRE DAMAGE		prior to the	*Report	Lack of resources or labour4
		including fruit				CROP THEFT	7	harvest?	%s7q08b_unit%	Inappropriate harvesting period5
		trees on				NO AVAILABLE I				Too lengthy harvesting duration6
		[PLOT] in the				ANIMAL/BIRDS I OTHER (SPECIFY		*Report		Other (specify)99
		past 2022/23				OTHER (OTECTT	.,	%s7q08b_unit%		
		MASIKA								
		SEASON and						-999 = same		
		DRY						harvest as		
		SEASON.						reported		
								previously		
		CROP NAME		CODE	PERCENT (%) OF PLANTED PLOT AREA	1st REASON	2nd REASON	NUMBER	NUMBER	CODE
1	1		1							
1	1		2							
1	1		3							
1	2		1							
1	2		2							

1	2	3			
1	3	1			
1	3	2			
2	1	2			
2	1	3			
2	1	4			
2	1	5			

Ask if VAR3_ALLFIELDS == true

SECTION 7. MASIKA AND DRY SEASON CROP ROSTER

					IF CAPI-VAR5_3==2	IF CAPI-VAR5_3==2	IF CAPI-VAR5_3==2	IF CAPI-VAR5_3==2
FIELD	PLOT	1	CROP	CAPI-VAR5_3	PERMANENT CROPS			
) D	1.	OP IC	CAPI-VARS_S	11.	12.	13.	14.
U		I am about to ask	D		Is the [CROP] on this	How many [CROP]	How many of them are in	Have you planted any
		you about crops on		PROGRAMMED IN	[PLOT] cultivated in a	plants/trees are on this	the production age?	[CROP] during the past
		[FIELD] field,		CAPI: IS [CROP]	compact or scattered	[PLOT]?		2022/23 MASIKA
		[PLOT].		TEMPORARY OR	planting?		*PRODUCTION AGE IS	SEASON and DRY
				PERMANENT?			THE AGE AT WHICH	SEASON?
		List all the					THE TREE OR PLANT	
		temporary and				IF THE FARMER IS	IS READY TO	
		permanent crops,			COMPACT1	UNABLE TO QUANTIFY,	PRODUCE THE	
		including fruit trees			SCATTERED2	RECORD -99.	PRODUCT OF	YES1
		on [PLOT] in the					INTEREST	NO0
		past 2022/23						
		MASIKA SEASON					IF THE FARMER IS	
		and DRY SEASON.					UNABLE TO	
							QUANTIFY, RECORD -	
							99	
		CROP NAME		CODE	CODE	NUMBER	NUMBER	CODE
1	1		1					

1	1	2			
1	1	3			
1	2	1			
1	2	2			
1	2	3			
1	3	1			
1	3	2			
2	1	2			
2	1	3			
2	1	4			
2	1	5			
2	1	6			

Ask if any perm culture in Vuli or Masika sections (plot VULI or plot MASIKA)

SECTION 8. PERMANENT CROP PRODUCTION

	IF Q1==0	IF Q1==1	IF Q1==1					IF q6 < q4b
표 R 1.	2.	3.	4a.	4b.	4c	5.	6.	7.

Ask if s5q05==1 || s7q05==1||s8q01==1

SECTION 9: CROP USE HARVEST USE

_ IF Q1==1

CROP ID		1.	1.a	1. b		1. c		1.d	Instorage
유	PROGRAMMED IN	Did you store any of	In which type of facility was most of	What quantity	of [CROP] did	How much [Cl	ROP] stored	What was, according to you, the main	PROGRAMMED
	CAPI: LIST ALL	the [CROP]	[CROP] stored ?	you store afte	the harvest(s)	from the past	2022/2023	reason why losses were suffered	IN CAPI: Takes
	HARVESTED	harvested in the past		of the p	ast 2022/23	agricultural sea	son do you	during the storage? Inappropriate storage	a blank string
	CROPS FROM	2022/23 agricultural	Traditional granary1	agricultural ye	ar?	think you have lo	ost?	Inappropriate storage facility (e.g.	value if
	SECTION 6 (ie., if	year?	Metal silo2					unprotected)1	s1q01==0 and
	sect 6 Q4==1) AND		Storage room (simple)3 Storage room (with					Inappropriate storage	takes the string
	SECTION 9 9ie., if		controlled temperature					container (e.g. unsealed bags)2	value ", including
	sect 9 Q4==1)		and/or humidity)4					Insufficient drying of	the quantity in
		YES1 NO0	Unprotected storage (e.g.					crop prior to harvest3	storage?" if
		1100	heaped on the ground)5 Other(specify)99					Excess humidity and/or	s7q01==1
								temperature variations4 Excessive storage	
								Excessive storage duration5	
								No/too little or	
								inappropriate use of	
								pesticides6	
							1	Other (specify)99	
	CROP NAME	CODE	CODE	QTY 1	UNIT 1	QTY 1	UNIT 1	CODE	
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									

Ask if s5q05==1 || s7q05==1||s8q01==1

SECTION 9: CROP HARVEST USE

		_	IF Q2.Contains(1)	if Q3>0	IF Q2.Contains(2)	IF Q2.Contains(3)	IF Q2.Contains(4)	IF Q2.Contains(5)
CROP		2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
P	PROGRAMMED	Did your household/farm use ,	What percentage	What was	What percentage or	What percentage or	What percentage or proportion of the	What percentage or
	IN CAPI: LIST	or intended to use the [CROP]	or proportion of the	the total	proportion of the	proportion of the	[CROP] harvested in the past 2022/23	proportion of the
	ALL	produce [instorage] for any of	[CROP] harvested	value of all	[CROP] harvested in	[CROP] harvested in	agricultural year was used or intended	[CROP] harvested in
	HARVESTED	the following purposes?	in the past 2022/23	unprocess	the past 2022/23	the past 2022/23	to be used to pay for land, labour or	the past 2022/23
	CROPS FROM		agricultural year	ed_[CROP]	agricultural year was	agricultural year was	inputs	agricultural year was
	SECTION 6 (ie.,	*READ ANSWERS	was sold, or	sales or	consumed or	given out as gift or	[instorage]?	used or intended to be
	if sect 6 Q4==1)	*SELECT ALL THAT APPLY	intended to be sold	intended	intended to be	intended to be given		used for animal feed
	AND SECTION 9		in unprocessed	sales	consumed by	out as gift to other	IF PROCESSED BEFORE GIVING	[instorage]?
	9ie., if sect 9		form [instorage]?	[instorage]?	household members	households	OUT AS REIMBURSEMENT,	
	Q4==1)	FOR SALE1			either in processed	[instorage]?	INCLUDE IT HERE AS PART OF THE	EXCLUDE THE
		FOR SELF CONSUMPTION2 FOR GIVING OUT AS GIFT		ESTIMATE	or unprocessed form		RAW PRODUCT	QUANTITY OF CROP
		TO OTHER HOUSEHOLDS3		THE VALUE	[instorage]?	IF PROCESSED		USED AS ANIMAL
		FOR PAYING FOR LAND,		OF IN-KIND		BEFORE GIVING		FEED DUE TO PEST
		LABOUR OR INPUTS4		PAYMENTS	IF PROCESSED	OUT AS GIFT,		DAMAGE.
		FOR ANIMAL FEED5 FOR SEEDS FOR NEXT			FOR	INCLUDE IT HERE		
		SEASON6			CONSUMPTION,	AS PART OF THE		
		FOR PROCESSING AND		ESTIMATE	INCLUDE IT HERE	RAW PRODUCT		
		SALE 7		THE VALUE	AS PART OF THE			
				OF SALES	RAW PRODUCT			
				NOT YET				
				DONE				
	CROP NAME	CODE	%	TZS	%	%	%	%
1				_				
2								
3								
4								

5				
6				
7				
8				
9				

Ask if s5q05==1 || s7q05==1||s8q01==1

SECTION 9: CROP HARVEST USE

If CAPI-VAR5==1 &&

		Q2.Contains(6)	IF Q2.Contains(7)	IF Q2.Contains(99)	IF Q2.Contains(7)	IF Q12>0
CR		9.	10.	11.	12.	13.
CROP ID	PROGRAMMED IN	What percentage or	What percentage or	What percentage or	What quantity of [CROP] do you	What was, according to you, the main reason for
0	CAPI: LIST ALL	proportion of the [CROP]	proportion of the [CROP]	proportion of the	think you have lost during all the	the losses of [CROP] during processing?
	HARVESTED	harvested in the past	harvested in the past	[CROP] harvested in the	processing operations conducted	
	CROPS FROM	2022/23 agricultural year	2022/23 agricultural	past 2022/23	for [CROP] in the past 2022/23	
	SECTION 6 (ie., if	was used or intended to be	year was processed or	agricultural year was	agricultural year? Note	
	sect 6 Q4==1) AND	used for seeds in the	intended to be	used or intended to be	1: By processing we mean any	
	SECTION 9 9ie., if	following season	processed for sale	used for any other	transformation conducted to the	Inappropriate handling of
	sect 9 Q4==1)	[instorage]?	[instorage]?	purposes not mentioned	crop after its harvest, including	product1
				before [instorage]?	drying, cleaning/winnowing, milling,	Use of inappropriate tools,
					crushing, peeling, cutting/slicing	equipment or machinery2 Inappropriate processing
					etc. Note 2: Please	facility (e.g.on bare
					express the losses in terms of the	floor)3
					end product. For example, if maize	Other(specify)99
					was threshed, express the losses	
					during threshing in grain terms, e.g.	
					half a bag of grain, 10kg of grain,	
					etc.	
	CROP NAME	%	%	%	QTY 1 UNIT 1	CODE

1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				

Ask if permanent or temp crop was planted: - (VULI) VAR5==1||s5q15==1- (MASIKA) VAR5_3==1||s7q15==1 <u>SECTION 10. SEED AND SEEDLINGS ACQUISITION</u>

-		

PROGRAMMED IN CAPI: LIST HERE ALL THE TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT CROPS THAT HAVE BEEN PLANTED IN THE VULI OR IN THE MASIKA SEASON		the total [CROP] dlings or planted pe past VULI ONDENT FKNOW, D SEE	IF VAR3_A 2. What was quantity of seeds, see cuttings during the 2022/23 SEASON? IF RESPONSION ASK TO PACKAGIN KILOGRUSE SEEDLING CUTTING	the total [CROP] addins or planted to past MASIKA DNDENT KNOW, DOWN SEE THE S	3. What was the source of [CROP] seeds, seedlings or cuttings that was used during this past 2022/2023 agricultural year? SELECT ALL THAT APPLY FROM PREVIOUS HOLDING'S HARVEST	seeds, seedling cuttings that purchased in th 2022/2023 agricyear all subspartly subsidized subsidized? ALL PURCHERE SUBSIDIZED.	CROP] gs or you e past cultural sidized, or non- HASES1 HASES	IF Q4.InList(2,3) 5a. What was the quantity of subsidized [CROP] seedlings cuttings that purchased for past 2022 agricultural years with the property of the past 2022 agricultural years with the past 2022 agricultural years with the past 2022 agricultural years agricultural years with the past 2022 agricultural years agricultural year	e total non-seeds, or t you or the 2/2023 rear?	IF Q4.InList(1) 5b. What was quantity of [CROP] seedlings or that you pure the past agricultural years. KILOGRAM. SEEDLINGS	the total subsidized seeds, cuttings chased for 2022/2023 ear?	IF Q4.InList(2,3,98) 6a. What was the average unit price of the non-subsidized [CROP] seeds, seedlings or cuttings that you purchased for the past 2022/2023 agricultural year?	General Report of the subsidized [CROP] seeds, seedlings or cuttings that you purchased for the past 2022/2023 agricultural year?
CROP ID	QTY	UNIT	QTY	UNIT	PURCHASE FROM FARMER CODE	CODE	98	QTY	UNIT	QTY	UNIT	TZS per unit	TZS per unit
						-							
						-							

		_					.=	
				_				i '
								ı '
				=				· '
								·
				-				

SECTION 11. INPUT USE AND ACQUISITION (FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES)

IF Q02.ContainsAny(4,5,6) && @rowcode.InList(8,21)

Z	PROGRAMMED IN CAPI: LIST ALL FERTILIZERS	1		2	3.
INPUT CODE	AND PESTICIDES THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN	What was t	he quantity	How did you obtain the [INPUT	Were the [INPUT TYPE] that
8	THE PAST 2022/23 AGRICULTURAL YEAR (see		TYPE] that	TYPE] that were used during the	you purchased in the past
m	sect 6 and sect 9, Q1B, 2B, 3B)		sed during	past 2022/23 agricultural year?	2022/2023 agricultural year
		•	2022/23	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	all subsidized, partly
		agricultural		SELECT ALL THAT APPLY	subsidized or non-
		3	,		subsidized?
		REPORT	NOT	GIFT FROM NEIGHBORS,	
		DILUTED (YTÇ	FRIENDS, RELATIVES1 DONATIONS FROM	ALL PURCHASES WERE
				GOVERNMENTAL	ALL PURCHASES WERE SUBSIDIZED1
		CODES	FOR	INSTITUTIONS2	SOME PURCHASES WERE
		UNIT:		DONATIONS FROM NON GOV ORGANIZATIONS3	
			1 M2	PURCHASE FROM LOCAL	NO PURCHASE WAS SUBSIDIZED3
			TER3	MERCHANT/GROCERY4	DON'T KNOW98
			4	PURCHASE FROM GOVERNMENT AGENCY5	
		OTHER (S	PEC).99	PURCHASE FROM FARMER	
				ASSUCTATION 6	
	INPUT TYPE	QTY	UNIT	CODE	CODE
1	SOLID MANURE / FARM YARD MANURE				
2	LIQUID MANURE / SLURRY				
3	GREEN MANURE (CROP RESIDUES)				
4	COMPOST				
5	STABILIZED SEWAGE SLUDGE				
6	BIOFERTILIZERS				
7	OTHER ORGANIC FERTILIZER				
8	UREA				
9	DIAMMONIUM PHOSPHATE (DAP)				
10	CALCIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE (CAN)				
11	AMMONIUM SULPHATE (SA)				
12	NITROGEN, PHOSPHORUS, POTASSIUM (NPK)				
13	MINJINGU NAFAKA PLUS				
14	NPS Zinc				
15	OTHER INORGANIC FERTILIZER				
16	INSECTICIDES				
17	HERBICIDES (SOLID)				
18	HERBICIDES (LIQUID)				
19	FUNGICIDES				
20	RODENTICIDES				
21	OTHER (SPECIFY)				

Ask if (s4q05==1 || s4q07==1 || s4q09==1) || (s6q05==1 || s6q07==1 || s6q09==1)

SECTION 11. INPUT USE AND ACQUISITION (FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES)

IF Q03.InList(2,3,98) ||

(Q02.ContainsAny(4,5,6) &&

IF

		@rowcode.InList(1,7))	IF Q03.InList(1,2)	Q02.ContainsAny(4,5,6)
7	PROGRAMMED IN CAPI: LIST ALL FERTILIZERS	4a	4b	5.
INPUT CODE	AND PESTICIDES THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN	-		**
2	THE PAST 2022/23 AGRICULTURAL YEAR (see	In total, how much non- subsidized [INPUT TYPE] has	In total, how much subsidized [INPUT	ENUMERATOR: ASKS IF RESPONDENT PREFERS
표	sect 6 and sect 9, Q1B, 2B, 3B)	your household/farm		GIVING THE TOTAL
	3000 0 and 3000 3, Q15, 25, 05)	purchased for the past		VALUE OF THE [INPUT
		2022/23 agricultural year?	purchased for the	TYPE] PURCHASED OR
			past 2022/23	THE UNIT PRICE
		REPORT NOT DILUTED QTY	agricultural year?	
		REPORT in %s11q1_unit%	,	
		. –	REPORT NOT	TOTAL VALUE1
			DILUTED QTY	UNIT PRICE2
			REPORT in	
			%s11q1_unit%	
	INPUT TYPE	QTY	QTY	CODE
1	SOLID MANURE / FARM YARD MANURE			
2	LIQUID MANURE / SLURRY			
3	GREEN MANURE (CROP RESIDUES)			
4	COMPOST			
5	STABILIZED SEWAGE SLUDGE			
6	BIOFERTILIZERS			
7	OTHER ORGANIC FERTILIZER			
8	UREA			
9	DIAMMONIUM PHOSPHATE (DAP)			
10	CALCIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE (CAN)			
11	AMMONIUM SULPHATE (SA)			
12	NITROGEN, PHOSPHORUS, POTASSIUM (NPK)			
13	MINJINGU NAFAKA PLUS			
14	NPS Zinc			
15	OTHER INORGANIC FERTILIZER			
16	INSECTICIDES			
17	HERBICIDES (SOLID)			
18	HERBICIDES (LIQUID)			
19	FUNGICIDES			
20	RODENTICIDES			
21	OTHER (SPECIFY)			

Ask if (s4q05==1 || s4q07==1 || s4q09==1) || (s6q05==1 || s6q07==1 || s6q09==1)

SECTION 11. INPUT USE AND ACQUISITION (FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES)

		IF.	IF.	IF.	"
		IsAnswered(Q04	IsAnswered(Q04	IsAnswered(Q04	IsAnswered(Q04
		a) && Q05==1	b) && Q05==1	a) && Q05==2	b) && Q05==2
INPUT CODE	PROGRAMMED IN CAPI: LIST ALL	6a.	6b	7a	7b
TC	FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN THE PAST 2022/23	What was the total	What was the total	What was the	What was the
윤	AGRICULTURAL YEAR (see sect 6 and sect	non-subsidized	subsidized value	average non-	average
	9, Q1B, 2B, 3B)	value of the [INPUT TYPE]	of the [INPUT TYPE] that you		subsidized unit
	3, 415, 25, 35)	that you	purchased for the	[INPUT TYPE]	[INPUT TYPE] that
		purchased for the	past 2022/23	that you	you purchased for
		past 2022/23	agricultural year?	purchased for the	the past 2022/23
		agricultural year?	,	past 2022/23	agricultural year?
		,		agricultural year?	,
	INPUT TYPE	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS
1	SOLID MANURE / FARM YARD MANURE				
2	LIQUID MANURE / SLURRY				
3	GREEN MANURE (CROP RESIDUES)				
4	COMPOST				
5	STABILIZED SEWAGE SLUDGE				
6	BIOFERTILIZERS				
7	OTHER ORGANIC FERTILIZER				
8	UREA				
9	DIAMMONIUM PHOSPHATE (DAP)				
10	CALCIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE (CAN)				
11	AMMONIUM SULPHATE (SA)				
12	NITROGEN, PHOSPHORUS, POTASSIUM (NPK)				
13	MINJINGU NAFAKA PLUS				
14	NPS Zinc				
15	OTHER INORGANIC FERTILIZER				
16	INSECTICIDES				
17	HERBICIDES (SOLID)				
18	HERBICIDES (LIQUID)				
19	FUNGICIDES				
20	RODENTICIDES				
21	OTHER (SPECIFY)				
	, - ,			l	

Ask if s1q07==1

SECTION 12. LIVESTOCK IN STOCK AND CHANGE IN STOCK

 $ENUMERATOR\ READ: In\ the\ next\ sections,\ I\ will\ ask\ you\ about\ the\ livestock\ you\ raised\ in\ the\ agricultural\ year\ 2022/23,\ from\ October\ 2022\ to\ September\ 2023.$

1a. From October 2022 to September 2023, did the household/farm keep any of the following livestock or poultry, irrespective of who the owner is?

*READ ANSWERS

*SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

Ask if s1q07==1

SECTION 12. LIVESTOCK IN STOCK AND CHANGE IN STOCK

					IF Holding_TYPE==1	IF Holding_TYPE==1			DODU
					&& s12q01b>0	&& s12q01b>0	IF Holding_TYPE==2	IF Q2a==1	BORN
CODE		CODE		1b.	1c.	1d.	2a.	2b.	3
DE LS GROUP	LIVESTOC K GROUP	DELSNAME	LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTR Y TYPE] did this household/farm keep as of 1st October 2023? IF 0 ▶ NEXT ROW	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTR Y TYPE] did this household/farm keep last year at the same period, as of 1st October 2022?	Does your household own all of the [LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE] it keeps on the farm as of 1st October 2023? 1 = Yes 0 = No	Does the farm have a production and/or marketing contract for [LIVESTOCK/POULTR Y TYPE] being raised?	Does the contract cover 100% of the [LIVESTOCK/P OULTRY TYPE] grown by the farm (exclusive contract)?	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTR Y TYPE] were born in the agricultural year from October 2022 to September 2023?
1	Large	1	Indigenous cattle						
1	ruminants	2	Improved cattle						
2	Small	3	Goats						
2	ruminants	4	Sheep						
3	Pigs	5	Pigs						
		6	Indigenous chicken						
4	Poultry	7	Improved chicken						
		8	Ducks						
5	Donkeys	9	Donkeys						
6	Dogs	10	Dogs						

SECTION 12. LIVESTOCK IN STOCK AND CHANGE IN STOCK

						OTHER ENTRIES				
				PURCHASES		(GIFTS -	SALES OF LIVE ANIM	MALS		
						RECEIVED, ETC.)				
CODE		CODE		4	5	6	7	8a	8b	8c
		ŒΙ			What was	How many		ENUMERATOR:	What were the total	What was the
S G	LIVESTO	LSN			the	[LIVESTOCK/POUL		ASK RESPONDENT	revenues from these	average unit price of
LS GROUP	CK	NAME			average	TRY		IF S/HE PREFERS	[LIVESTOCK/POUL	the
F	GROUP	ш			unit price	TYPE] were received		GIVING THE TOTAL	TRY	[LIVESTOCK/POUL
					of the	for free or as a gift or		VALUE OF THE	TYPE] sales from	TRY
					[LIVESTO	dowry from October		[LIVESTOCK/POUL	October 2022 to	TYPE] sold from
			LIVESTOCK/POUL	How many	CK NAME]	2022 to September	How many	TRY	September 2023?	October 2022 to
			TRY	[LIVESTOCK/POUL	purchased	2023?	[LIVESTOCK/POUL	TYPE] SOLD OR		September 2023?
			TYPE	TRY	from		TRY	THE UNIT PRICE		
				TYPE] did this	October		TYPE] has this farm			
				household/farm buy	2022 to		sold alive from	TOTAL VALUE1 UNIT PRICE2 ▶8C	▶ 9	
				alive from October	September		October 2022 to	0.11 1.1102.12 700		
				2022 to September	2023?		September 2023? IF 0 RECORD "0"			
				1F 0 RECORD 2023? AND ▶ 6			AND ▶ 9			
				number	TZS	number	number		TZS	TZS
1	Large	1	Indigenous cattle							
	ruminants	2	Improved cattle							
2	Small	3	Goats							
	ruminants	4	Sheep							
3	Pigs	5	Pigs							
		6	Indigenous chicken							
4	Poultry	7	Improved chicken							
		8	Ducks							
5	Donkeys	9	Donkeys							
6	Dogs	10	Dogs							

Ask if s1q07==1
SECTION 12. LIVESTOCK IN STOCK AND CHANGE IN STOCK

				DEATHS	LOST	ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED				
CODE		CODE		9	10	11	12		13	
DE LS GROUP	ELIVESTOCK GROUP GROUP		LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE] died (diseases, natural events, etc) from October 2022 to September 2023?	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE] were lost (stolen, missing etc.) from October 2022 to September 2023?	How many [LIVESTOCK/POULTRY TYPE] has this household/farm slaughtered from October		e they were	proportion [LIVESTOCK/POUL TYPE] meat consumed by	was the from
				number	number	2022 to September 2023? IF 0 RECORD "0" AND ▶ 16 number	QTY	UNIT	September 2023?	to
1	Large ruminants	1	Indigenous cattle							
1	Large rummanto	2	Improved cattle							
2	Small ruminants	3	Goats							
4	Siliali Tullillalits	4	Sheep							
3	Pigs	5	Pigs							
		6	Indigenous chicken							
4	Poultry	7	Improved chicken							
		8	Ducks							
5	Donkeys	9	Donkeys							
6	Dogs	10	Dogs							

Ask if s1q07==1
SECTION 12. LIVESTOCK IN STOCK AND CHANGE IN STOCK

				ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED			OTHER EXITS (DONATIONS, GIVEN AWAY ETC.)
CO		CODE		14	15	15b	16
CODE LS GROUP		윤		Did the household/farm	Approximately, what	What was the price per	How many
S G	LIVESTOCK	LSN		sell any slaughtered	proportion of slaughtered	kg of	[LIVESTOCK/POULTRY
R	GROUP	NAME		[LIVESTOCK/POULTRY	[LIVESTOCK/POULTRY	[LIVESTOCK/POULTRY	TYPE] were given away for
Þ		'''		TYPE] or their meat from	TYPE] was sold by the	TYPE] meat sold from	example as dowry from October
			LIVESTOCK/POULTRY	October 2022 to	farm from October 2022	October 2022 to	2022 to September 2023?
			TYPE	September 2023?	to September 2023?	September 2023?	
				YES1 NO0 ►16			
				CODE	%	TZS/	number
1	Large ruminants	1	Indigenous cattle				
		2	Improved cattle				
2	Small ruminants	3	Goats				
	Omaii ruminants	4	Sheep				
3	Pigs	5	Pigs				
		6	Indigenous chicken				
4	Poultry	7	Improved chicken				
		8	Ducks				
5	Donkeys	9	Donkeys				
6	Dogs	10	Dogs				

Ask if s1q07==1
SECTION 13: LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION COSTS

CODE		1a.	1b.	2a.	2b.	3.	4.	5.
ΙE		How much has this	How much has this	How much has this	How much has this	How much did this	How much did this	How much did this
LSN		household/farm	household/farm	household/farm spent	household/farm spent	household/farm	household/farm	household/farm
NAME		paid for water for	paid for water for	to purchase fodder /	to purchase fodder /	spend in total for	spend on vaccines	spend in total on
'''		[LIVESTOCK	[LIVESTOCK	crop residues / grazing	crop residues / grazing	breeding	and controls against	curative treatments
		GROUP] during	GROUP] during	insitu / industrial	insitu / industrial	[LIVESTOCK	internal and /	for [LIVESTOCK
		the wet season	the dry season	products / roots &	products / roots &	GROUP] from	external parasites	GROUP] from
		from October 2022	from October 2022	tubers / balanced	tubers / balanced	October 2022 to	for [LIVESTOCK	October 2022 to
		to September	to September	concentrates / feed	concentrates / feed	September 2023?	GROUP] from	September 2023?
	LIVESTOCK/POULTRY	2023?	2023?	supplements for	supplements for		October 2022 to	
	TYPE			[LIVESTOCK GROUP]	[LIVESTOCK GROUP]	*RECORD 0 IF NO	September 2023?	*RECORD 0 IF NO
		*RECORD 0 IF NO	*RECORD 0 IF NO	during the wet season	during the dry season	COSTS INCURRED		COSTS INCURRED
		COSTS	COSTS	from October 2022 to	from October 2022 to		*RECORD 0 IF NO	
		INCURRED	INCURRED	September 2023?	September 2023?		COSTS INCURRED	
				*RECORD 0 IF NO	*RECORD 0 IF NO			
				COSTS INCURRED	COSTS INCURRED			
		TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS
1	Indigenous cattle							
2	Improved cattle							
3	Goats							
4	Sheep							
5	Pigs							
6	Indigenous chicken							
7	Improved chicken							

Ask if s12q01a.ContainsAny(1,2,3)

SECTION 14: MILK PRODUCTION

-	N THE MILE TO THE SECOND				IF Q1==1 &&		IF (Q01==1 &&	IF (Q01==1 &&	IF	IF	IF
					Holding_TYPE=		Holding_TYPE=	Holding_TYPE=	IsAnswered(Q04	IsAnswered(Q04	IsAnswered(5
					=2	IF Q02==1	=1) Q02==0	=1) Q02==0	a)	b)	a)
				1	2	3	4a	4b	5a	5b	6a
CODE LS GROUP	LIVESTOCK GROUP	CODE LS NAME	LIVESTOCK NAME	Did the household/f arm milk any [LIVESTOC K NAME] from October 2022 to September 2023?	Did the household/farm keep record of the quantity of milk produced from October 2022 to September 2023?	What was the quantity of milk produced from the [LIVESTO CK NAME] from October 2022 to September 2023?	During the wet season between October 2022 and September 2023, how many [LIVESTOCK NAME] were milked?	During the dry season between October 2022 and September 2023, how many [LIVESTOCK NAME] were milked?	From October 2022 to September 2023, during the wet season, on average for how many days were [LIVESTOCK NAME] milked?	From October 2022 to September 2023, during the dry season, for average on how many days were [LIVESTOCK NAME] milked?	On these days during the wet season in which [LIVESTOCK NAME] were milked, what was the average milk production per head and per day?
				1 = Yes 0 = No	1 = Yes 0 = No	Litres	number	number	number	number	litres
1	Large ruminants	1	Indigenous cattle								
	Large runniants	2	Improved cattle								
2	Small ruminants	3	Goats								

Ask if s12q01a.ContainsAny(1,2,3)

SECTION 14: MILK PRODUCTION

				IF	IF	Q1==1		&&									
				IsAnswered(5b)	Holding	g_TYPE==1	1		IF Q1==	=1	IF Q8=	=1	IF Q8==1		IF Q9b==1	IF Q9b=	=2
				6b	7				8		9a		9b		9c	9d	
CODE LS GROUP	LIVESTOCK GROUP	CODE LS NAME	LIVESTOCK NAME	On these days during the dry season in which [LIVESTOCK NAME] were milked, what was the average milk production per head and per day?		tage or prop TOCK N. ed did	2022 (23, portion of AME] this	what	did househo	e milk of	what properties or properties [LI NAME]	October to nber 2023, percentage portion of VESTOCK milk ed did the hold/farm	OF EARN	PONDENT E farm GIVING AL VALUE INGS OR PRICE	How much has this farm earned in total by selling [LIVESTO CK NAME] milk from October 2022 to Septembe r 2023?	What we average price of [LIVESTO NAME] sold October: Septemb 2023? REPORT PRICE LITRE	unit of the OCK milk from 2022 to
1	Large ruminants	1	Indigenous cattle Improved														
		2	cattle														
2	Small ruminants	3	Goats														

SECTION 15: EGG PRODUCTION

IF @rowcode==1

&& ((Q01a==1 &&

						IF Q1a==1 &&	IF Q02==1	IF	Holding_TYPE==1)	IF
					IF Q1a==1	Holding_TYPE==2	@rowcode==2	IsAnswered(s15q03)	Q02==0)	IsAnswered(Q04)
				1a	1b	2	3	3_unit	4	5
CODE	CODE		LIVESTOCK	Has any	How many of	Did the farm keep	How many	Unit mentioned by the	How many clutching	How many eggs
표	윤		NAME	[LIVESTOCK	[LIVESTOCK	record of the	eggs did	respondent	periods did	per clutching
LS C	LS			NAME] in the	NAME] layed	quantity of eggs	[LIVESTOCK		[LIVESTOCK	period did
GROUP	NAME			household/farm	eggs from	layed from October	NAME] lay		NAME] have on	[LIVESTOCK
두	Е			produced any eggs	October 2022	2022 to September	from October		average from	NAME] lay on
			IF farm KEPT	from October 2022	to September	2023?	2022 to		October 2022 to	average?
		LIVESTOCK	ANY [LIVESTOCK	to September	2023?		September		September 2023?	
		GROUP	NAME] ASK	2023?			2023?			IF NONE,
		GROUP	QUESTION 1							RECORD 0
			IF NOT GO TO							
			NEXT	1 = Yes						
			[LIVESTOCK	0 = No		1 = Yes		1 = Eggs		
			NAME]	IF 0 ► NEXT LINE	number	0 = No	number	2 = Trays (30 eggs)	number	number
			Indigenous							
4	6	Poultry	chicken							
	7		Improved chicken							1

SECTION 15: EGG PRODUCTION

				IF	IF Q1a==1 &&					
				IsAnswered(s15q05)	Holding_TYPE==1	IF Q1a==1	IF Q7==1	IF Q7==1	IF Q8b==1	IF Q8b==2
				5_unit	6	7	8a	8b	8c	8d
CODE	CODE			Unit mentioned by the	From October 2022	From October	From October	ENUMERATOR:	How much has	What was the
			LIVESTOCK	respondent	to September	2022 to	2022 to	ASK IF THE farm	this	average unit
SC	LSN		NAME		2023, what	September	September 2023,	PREFERS GIVING	household/farm	price of the
LS GROUP	NAME		117 time		percentage or	2023, did this	what percentage	THE TOTAL VALUE	earned in total by	[LIVESTOCK
두	т				proportion of the	household/farm	or proportion of	OF EARNINGS OR	selling	NAME] eggs
					[LIVESTOCK	sell the	the [LIVESTOCK	THE UNIT PRICE	[LIVESTOCK	sold from
		LIVESTOCK	IF farm KEPT ANY		NAME] eggs were	[LIVESTOCK	NAME] eggs did	Total value1	NAME] eggs from	October 2022 to
		GROUP	[LIVESTOCK NAME]		consumed by the	NAME] eggs?	the	Unit Price2	October 2022 to	September
		CROOL	ASK QUESTION 1		household/farm?		household/farm		September	2023?
			AON QUEUTION I				sell?		2023?	
			IF NOT GO TO NEXT			1 = Yes				
						0 = No				
			[LIVESTOCK NAME]	1 = Eggs		U - NO				TZS per
				2 = Trays (30 eggs)	%		%		TZS	%s15q03_unit%
4	6	Poultry	Indigenous chicken							
4	7	Foultry	Improved chicken							

Ask if s1q07==1 || s1q08==1

SECTION 16: OTHER LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

Q1. Did this household/farm produce any of the following livestock product types or services from October 2022 to September 2023?

*Read answers

*Select all that apply

Ask if s1q07==1 || s1q08==1

SECTION 16: OTHER LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

		IF	IF					IF Q04==1 &&	IF Q04==1 &&		
		@rowcode.InList(@rowcode.InList(@rowcode.Inlist(1,2,3,4,	@rowcode.Inlist(IF	
_		1,2)	1,2)				IF Q4==1	5,99)	6,7)	Q6a==1	Q06a==2
PR([SPECIFIC ITEMS TO	2a.	2b.	3.		4	5.	6a	6b	6c	6d
PRODUCT	BE ENABLED BASED	How many local	How many	What is	the	Did this	What is the		How much in total	What is	What was the
ᄗ	ON THE ANIMALS	bee hives does this	improved bee	quantity	of	household/f	quantity of		did this	the total	average price
CODE	RAISED ON THE FARM]	household/farm	hives does this	[PRODUC	Τ	arm sell any	[PRODUCT	ENUMERATOR ACK	household/farm	value of	of the [ITEM]
m		have?	household/farm	TYPE] pr	oduced	[PRODUCT	TYPE] sold	ENUMERATOR: ASK	earn by selling	[PRODU	per
	PRODUCT TYPE		have?	from (October	TYPE] from	from October	RESPONDENT IF S/HE PREFERS	[PRODUCT	CT	%s16q02_uni
				2022	to	October	2022 to	S/HE PREFERS GIVING THE TOTAL	TYPE] from	TYPE]	t% sold from
				September	2023?	2022 to	September	VALUE OF	October 2022 to	sold from	October 2022
				Number/pi	eces.1	September	2023?	EARNINGS OR THE	September 2023?	October	to September
				Kg2		2023? YES1				2022 to	2023?
				Litre	3	NO0 ►	*ASK IN	UNIT PRICE Total Value1 Unit Price2		Septemb	
						NEXT	%s16q02_uni	Unit Price2		er 2023?	
						PRODUCT	t%				
				QUANTI							TZS per
		NUMBER	NUMBER	TY	UNIT		QUANTITY	CODE	TZS	TZS	%s16q02_uni
	0" 1 1					CODE					t%
1	Sting bee honey										
2	Stingless bee honey										
3	Animal skins										
4	Animal hides										
5	Animal dung								-		
	Animal draught power										
6	(oxen)										-
1_	Animal rent out for										
7	breeding									-	
99	Other (specify)								=		

Ask if s1q09==1

SECTION 17. AQUACULTURE PRODUCTION

_

ENUMERATOR READ: In the next sections, I will ask you about your aquaculture activity from October 2022 to September 2023.

1a. From October 2022 to September 2023, did the household/farm collect any of the following aquaculture products?

*READ ANSWERS
*SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

MILKFISH......1

 RAINBOW TROUT
 3

 LUNGFISH
 4

 AFRICAN CATFISH
 5

 PRAWNS
 6

 CRABS
 7

 SEAWEED
 8

 SEA CUCUMBER
 9

TILAPIA.....2

Ask if s1q09==1

SECTION 17. AQUACULTURE PRODUCTION

-

ENUMERATOR READ: In the next sections, I will ask you about your aquaculture activity from October 2022 to September 2023.

IF Holding_TYPE==1 && IF

	@rowcode.Inlist(1,2,3,	4,5)	Holding_TYPE==1		IF Q04==1	IF Q04==1	IF Q06a==1	IF Q06a==2
	1b	2	3	4	5	6a	6b	6c
	What was the main	What is the	From October 2022	From October	From October	ENUMERATOR:	What was the total	What was the
	source of fingerlings	total quantity of	to September 2023,	2022 to	2022 to	ASK	amount earned from the	average price
ITEMS	for the [ITEM]	[ITEM]	what percentage or	September	September	RESPONDENT IF	sales of [ITEM] done from	of the [ITEM]
	collected from October	collected from	proportion of the	2023, did the	2023, what	S/HE PREFERS	October 2022 to	per kg sold in
	2022 to September	October 2022	[ITEM] collected was	household/farm	percentage or	GIVING THE	September 2023?	the agricultural
	2023?	to September	consumed by this	sell any of the	proportion of	TOTAL VALUE OF		year 2022/23?
	OWN SOURCE1	2023?	household?	[ITEM]	[ITEM] did the	EARNINGS OR	CONSIDER ALL TYPES	
	NEIGHBOR2			collected?	household/farm	THE UNIT PRICE	OF SALES, INCLUDING	
	GOVERNMENT INSTITUTION3	*ASK IN KG		YES1	sell?	Unit Price2	PRODUCTION	
	PRIVATE TRADE4			NO0			CONTRACTS AND IN-	
	NGO/PROJECT5						KIND SALES	
	NATURAL POND6							
	OTHER (SPECIFY).99						ESTIMATE THE VALUE	
							OF IN-KIND	
							PAYMENTS.	
	CODE	QUANTITY	%	CODE	%	CODE	TZS	TZS per kg
1. Milkfish								
2. Tilapia								
3. Rainbow Trout								
4. Lungfish								
5. African catfish								
6. Prawns								
7. Crabs								

8. Seaweed				
9. Sea cucumber				

SECTION 18: LABOR

If Holding_TYPE==1

Household labor

				IF		IF	IF	IF	IF	IF	IF	IF	IF	IF
				IsAnswer	IF	Q4.Contain	IsAnswer	IsAnswer	Q4.Contains(IsAnswer	IsAnswer	Q4.Contain	IsAnswere	IsAnswere
		=	=	ed(Q01)	IsAnswered(Q02)	s(1)	ed(Q5a)	ed(Q5b)	2)	ed(Q5d)	ed(Q5e)	s(3)	d(Q5g)	d(Q5h)
ND	1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5a.	5b.	5c.	5d.	5e.	5f.	5g.	5h.	5i.
I	PROGRA	For how	On such	On such	On what sector of	For how	How many	How many	For how many	How many	How many	For how	How many	How many
INDIVIDUAL	MMED IN	many	months,	days, for	activities did	many	days per	hours per	months has	days per	hours per	many	days per	hours per
=	CAPI:	months	for how	how many	[NAME] work	months has	month on	day on	[NAME]	month on	day on	months has	month on	day on
	COPY	has	many	hours per	during the past	[NAME]	average?	average?	worked on	average?	average?	[NAME]	average?	average?
	FROM HH	[NAME]	days per	day on	2022/2023	worked on			livestock			worked on		
	MEMBER	worked	month	average	agricultural year?	crop			activities			aquaculture		
	ROSTER	on the	on	did		activities			during the			activities		
	TO HERE	farm	average	[NAME]	READ ANSWERS	during the			past			during the		
	ALL THE	during	did	work on	SELECT ALL	past			2022/2023			past		
	HOUSEHO	the past	[NAME]	the farm?	THAT APPLY	2022/2023			agricultural			2022/2023		
	LD	2022/20	work on			agricultural			year?			agricultural		
	MEMBERS	23	the			year?						year?		
	AGED 5	agricult	farm?		CROP1									
	YEARS	ural			LIVESTOCK2 AOUACULTURE.3									
	AND	year?			AUGACULIURE.3									
	ABOVE													
	PID	NUMBE R OF MONTH S	NUMBE R OF Days	NUMBER OF HOURS	CODE	NUMBER OF MONTHS	NUMBER OF DAYS	NUMBER OF HOURS	NUMBER OF MONTHS	NUMBER OF DAYS	NUMBER OF HOURS	NUMBER OF MONTHS	NUMBER OF DAYS	NUMBER OF HOURS
1		-	-	-										
2		-	-	-										

3	-	-	-					
4	-	-	-					
5								

SECTION 18: LABOR

External labor

6a. During the past 2022/2023 agricultural year, did the household/farm use any of the following types of external workers?

*READ ANSWERS

*SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

 FREE WORKERS
 .1

 EXCHANGE WORKERS
 .2

 HIRED WORKERS
 .3

 NONE
 .4

IF

-	-		IF Q6b==1	IF Q6b==1	IsAnswered(Q8)
		6b.	7	8	9
WORKER CATEGORY	SECTOR OF ACTIVITY	Did any of the [WORKER CATEGORY] work on [ACTIVITY] activities during the past agricultural year 2022/2023?	How many [WORKER CATEGORY] worked on [ACTIVITY] activities during the past agricultural year 2022/2023?	During the past agricultural year 2022/2023, on average for how many months did [WORKER CATEGORY] work on [ACTIVITY] activities?	On such months, on average for how many days per month did the [WORKER CATEGORY] work on [ACTIVITY] activities?
WORKER ID	ACTIVITYID	-	NUMBER	NUMBER OF MONTHS	NUMBER OF DAYS
1. Free workers	1. CROP	-			
	2. LIVESTOCK	_			
	3. AQUACULTURE	-			
2. Exchange workers	1. CROP	-			
	2. LIVESTOCK	-			
	3. AQUACULTURE	-			
3. Hired workers	1. CROP	-			
	2. LIVESTOCK	-			
	3. AQUACULTURE	-			

SECTION 18: LABOR

_External labor	_	IF IsAnswered(Q9)	IF WORKERID.InList(2,3)	IF Q11==1	IF Q11==1
		On such days, on average for how many hours per day did [WORKER CATEGORY] work	Have you paid [WORKER CATEGORY] for the work on [ACTIVITY] activities?	During the past agricultural year 2022/2023,	During the past agricultural year 2022/2023, how much in total did you pay in-kind [WORKER
WORKER CATEGORY	SECTOR OF ACTIVITY	on [ACTIVITY] activities?	YES1 NO0	how much in total did you pay cash [WORKER CATEGORY] for the work on [ACTIVITY] activities?	CATEGORY] for the work on [ACTIVITY] activities? EXCLUDE PAYMENTS MADE IN FARM PRODUCTION. ESTIMATE IN-KIND VALUE IN TZS RECORD 0 IF NONE
WORKER ID	ACTIVITYID	NUMBER OF HOURS	CODE	TZS	TZS
1. Free workers	1. CROP			'	
	2. LIVESTOCK				
	3. AQUACULTURE				
2. Exchange workers	1. CROP				
	2. LIVESTOCK				_
	3. AQUACULTURE				
3. Hired workers	1. CROP				
	2. LIVESTOCK				
	3. AQUACULTURE				

SECTION 19: OTHER ECONOMICS

1a. During the past 2022/2023 agricultural year, did the household/farm use/receive any of the following items or services?

*READ ANSWERS

*SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

*IF NECESSARY, PROVIDE EXAMPLES FROM THE ENUMERATOR MANUAL TO THE RESPONDENT

ANIMAL TRACTION RENTAL (RENT-IN)
POST-HARVEST LABOR2
TRANSPORT RELATED TO AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES3
RENTAL OF MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES4
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT,
VEHICLES5
RENTALS OR LEASING OF FARM LANDS AND BUILDINGS6
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE OF FARM BUILDINGS7
AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE8
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICES9
WATER FOR CROP CULTIVATION
TAXES AND LICENSING FEES FOR AGRICULTURAL
ACTIVITIES11
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES
HIRED WORKERS FOR SIMPLE AND ROUTINE TASKS ON THE
FARM
FUEL FOR VEHICLES, MACHINERY FOR FARMING14

SECTION 19: OTHER ECONOMICS

	@rowcode.inList(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,99)		Q1b==1	Q1b==1	
ΠE		1b.	2.	3.	
TEM CODE		Did your	What	What pe	eriod of
윤		household/farm	was the	time do	es this
		pay for [ITEM]	total	payment of	cover?
	ITEM (OFFINIOR	during the	amount	YEAR	
	ITEM / SERVICE	agricultural year	paid for	MONTH DAY	
		2022/23?	[ITEM]?	AGRICUL'	
				DURATI	
		YES1	TZS	ON	CODE
1	Animal traction rental (e.g. to prepare land)	NO0			
	Post-harvest labor (e.g. for Shelling, Peeling, Drying, Cleaning or				
2	Processing, etc)				
	Transport related to agricultural activities (e.g. transport crop to market,				
3	to storage, transport to buy inputs)				
	Rentals or leasing of machinery, equipment, or vehicles related to				
4	agricultural activities (exclude transport costs)				
	agricultural activities (exclude transport costs)				
5	Repairs and maintenance of machinery, equipment, and vehicles				
6	Rentals or leasing of farm lands and buildings				
7	Repairs and maintenance of farm buildings and fences				
8	Agricultural insurance				
9	Agricultural extension services (e.g. government or private extension				
	services)				
10	Water for crop cultivation (including irrigation fees)				
44	Taxes and licensing fees related to agricultural activities (e.g. land				
11	taxes, certification fees, crop production/sales)				
40	Contractual services for agricultural activities [exclude these costs from				
12	items above)				
13	Hired workers for simple and routine tasks on the farm				
14	Fuel for vehicles, machinery used for farming				
15	Electricity for farming activity				
99	Other (specify)				

4a. In the past 2022/2023 agricultural year, did this household/farm have access to or avail formal or informal credit for protection against external shocks?	IF Holding_TYPE==1 && s2q04>=15 && s19q04a==1 4b. Who in the household had access to or avail formal or informal credit? *SELECT ALL MEMBERS THAT APPLY	In the past 2022/2023 agricultural year, did this household/farm have access to or avail insurance for protection against external shocks?	6a. In the past agricultural year 2022/2023, has the household/farm taken any cash or in-kind loan for agricultural purposes? . 1	IF Holding_TYPE==1 && s2q04>=15 && s19Q06a==1 6b. Who in the household took a loan for agricultural purposes? *SELECT ALL MEMBERS THAT APPLY	IF Q06a==1 6c_cash What was the total cash amount received in the past agricultural year 2022/2023?	IF Q06a==1 6c_kind What was the total in-kind amount received in the past agricultural year 2022/2023? *If no in-kind amount received, record 0. Estimate value in	IF Q06a==1 6d. What was the loan yearly interest rate? IF SEVERAL LOANS, INDICATE THE AVERAGE
YES1 NO0		YES1 NO0				TZS.	RATE
					TZS	in-kind	%

SECTION 19: OTHER ECONOMICS

IF Q06a==1	IF Q06a==1		IF Q06a==0	IF Q06a==1	IF Q09a==1	IF Q09a==1
6e.	7		8	9a	9b_cash.	9b_kind.
Who was the main loan provider?	What were your three main reason	n for	What is the main reason why the	In the past	What was the total	What was the total in-
	seeking loans?		household/farm has not taken loans?	agricultural year	cash amount repaid	kind amount repaid
PUBLIC BANKS OR OTHER GOV. INSTITUTIONS1 CCMMERCIAL BANKS	PAY FOR LABORERS		DID NOT REQUEST	2022/2023, has the household/farm repaid any cash or in-kind loan taken for Yes agricultural purposes?0	in the past agricultural year 2022/2023?	in the past agricultural year 2022/2023? *IF IN-KIND, ASK THE RESPONDENT TO ESTIMATE VALUE
	1st 2nd	3rd	CODE	CODE	TZS	TZS
					_ _ _	_ _ _

Ask if VAR0==true && Holding_TYPE==2

SECTION 20. FARM REGISTRATION

1	2A	2B
Is the farm recorded in an official register? (e.g., administrative registers of agricultural enterprises, tax register, etc.)	Specify the type of register an	nd provide the registration number
YES1 NO0 ▶ NEXT SECTION	Registration of Busine Registration of Compar	
	in partnership (more than one personal company limited by shares is a registration	under which any business is carried on, whether on) or sole proprietorship (an individual). In that involves an association of any two or more as in line with the requirements prescribed by the
CODE	CODE	NUMBER

END OF INTERVIEW

CAPI-VAR6=1 if sect 13-Q1 CONTAINS MAIZE OR PADDY

1. STATUS OF THE INTERVIEW							
) 1 completed) 2 partially completed) 3 not interviewed 2. (IF Q1==2) REASON FOR NOT COMPLETING THE INTERVIEW		RESPOND OTHER A RESPOND ANSWERS RESPOND		SY WITH2 NOT KN3 ED TO ANSI	OW THE		
3. END TIME OF INTERVIEW	DATE		НН	MM			
4. Interview location		MAIN A	GRICULTURAI	BUILDING.	2		
5. GPS coordinates of the interview location 5a. latitudes 5b. longit				0			

APPENDIX: LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE AASS 2022/23

STATISTICIAN GENERAL
Mr. Salum Kassim Ali - OCGS
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Mr. Bakari Kitwana - OCGS
PROJECT MANAGER
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Mr. Boniface Kamgang
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Miss. Habiba Soud
Mr. Rajabu Juma
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SAMPLE DESIGNERS

Miss. Silvia Missiori
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Miss. Yasinta Kafulila
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Miss. Rabia Kassim
Mr. Mohammed Said
Mr. Salim Makame Salim
Mr. Rajabu Juma
Miss. Aysha Said
Miss. Habiba Soud
Miss. Nour Masoud
ADVISORS
Mr. Oswald Ruboha
Mr. Longin Nsiima
107

Miss. Sylvia Meku

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Mr. Ramadhan Hassan	Kaskazini Unguja
Mr. Othman Ali	Kusini Unguja
Miss. Nachia Salum	Kusini Pemba
Mr. Juma Omar	Kaskazini Pemba
LIST OF ENUMERATORS FOR AGRICULTURAL HOUSEHOLDS	REGION
Miss. Lutfia Ali Khatib	Kaskazini Unguja
Miss. Faidha Abdallah Khamis	Kaskazini Unguja
Mr. Miraji Haji Mshamba	Kaskazini Unguja
Mr. Hafidh Haji Salum	Kaskazini Unguja
Mr. Khatib Mohamed Khatib	Kusini Unguja
Miss. Hozema Jumbe Rajab	Kusini Unguja
Miss. Jumeu Said Khamis	Kusini Unguja
Mr. Aboud Ismail Maktoub	Kusini Unguja
Mr. Idrissa Juma Ali	Mjini Magharibi
Miss. Nassra Daud Ali	Mjini Magharibi
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Miss. Sesilia Kosta Henri	Mjini Magharibi
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Mr. Ahmed Mjaka Mkuu	Kusini Pemba
Mr. Mudrik Munir Ahmed	Kusini Pemba
Miss. Mgeni Khamis Haji	Kusini Pemba
Miss. Raya Haroub Ali	Kaskazini Pemba
Miss. Halima Asaa Othman	Kaskazini Pemba
Mr. Seif Sharif Hamad	Kaskazini Pemba
Miss. Rayyan Bakar Hamad	Kaskazini Pemba
LIST OF ENUMERATORS FOR LARGE SCALE FARMS	REGION

Mr. Mohamed Makame Abdulrahman	Kaskazini Unguja
Miss. Mwanaisha Juma Haji	Kusini Unguja
Mr. Ahmad Zahran Nassor	Mjini Magharibi
Mr. Abdalla Ayoub	Kusini Pemba
Mr. Omar Mbwana Dadi	Kaskazini Pemba