ANNUAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Office of Chief Government Statistician, Zanzibar 2015

ANNUAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT ZANZIBAR

Base year = 2015

ZANZIBAR ECONOMY 2025

GDP AT CONSTANT PRICE

2023
GDP at 2015 Constant Price
TZS 3,758.6 Billion
Growth Rate 7.4%

2024
GDP at 2015 Constant Price
TZS 4,026.4 Billion
Growth Rate 7.1%

2025
GDP at 2015 Constant Price
TZS 4,307.9 Billion
Growth Rate 7.0%

GDP AT CURRENT PRICE

2023
GDP at Current Price
TZS 6,041.3 Billion

2024
GDP at Current Price
TZS 6,572.6 Billion

2025
GDP at Current Price
TZS 7,029.9 Billion

GDP BY PRODUCTION 2025 in Constant Price

Crops
TZS 325.8 Billion
6.4%

Livestock
TZS 175.2 Billion
4.9%

Fishing
TZS 209.3 Billion
5.7%

Manufacturing
TZS 353.5 Billion
5.4%

Wholesale and Retail Trade
TZS 367.4 Billion
5.7%

Accommodation and Food Services
TZS 838.0 Billion
11.8%

Financial and Insurance Activities
TZS 230.4 Billion
13.2%

Public Administration
TZS 296.7 Billion
4.4%

Education
TZS 119.9 Billion
6.7%

Human Health and Social Work
TZS 48.7 Billion
4.9%

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY PRODUCTION

NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Table 1: Nominal GDP 2020 - 2025 (in Billion TZS)

Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Taxes on products	646.7	571.7	469.0	454.3	413.2	413.2
Total GVA at basic price	6,383.2	6,000.9	5,572.3	4,946.0	4,366.1	3,795.6

Table 1 presents the nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices and the total Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices for the period 2020 to 2025. In 2025, the nominal GDP at market prices is estimated at TZS 7,029.9 billion, representing a growth rate of 7.0 percent. Taxes less subsidies are recorded at TZS 646.7 billion in 2025, an increase of TZS 75.0 billion or 13.1 percent compared to the previous year.

Figure 1: Nominal GDP per capita 2020 -2025 (in USD)

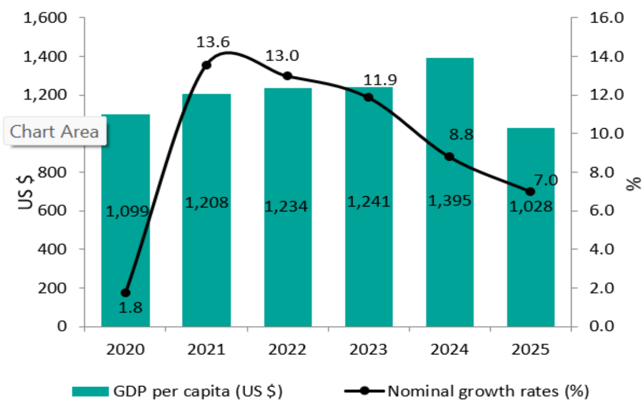
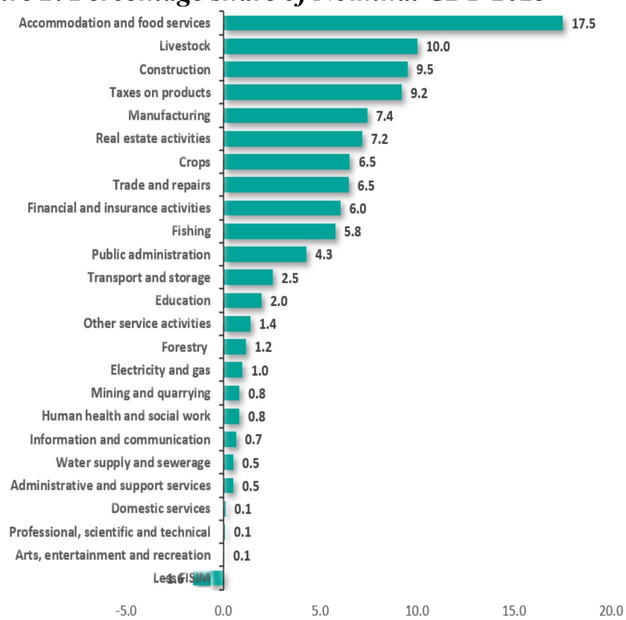


Figure 1 illustrates the trend of nominal GDP per capita from 2020 to 2025. In 2025, GDP per capita is estimated at US$ 1,320, reflecting an increase of 6.2 percent compared to the previous year. Over the past five years, the average annual growth rate of GDP per capita has been 3.8 percent. Figure 2 shows the Nominal GDP percentage for the year 2025.

Accommodation is the first largest industry with a percentage share of 17.5 percent. Livestock is the second largest industry with a percentage share of 10.0 percent. Construction industry, with a percentage share of 9.5 percent, was the third largest industry. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation, Professional Scientific and Technical and Domestic Services industries shares were the lowest percentage in the Nominal GDP, with a share of 0.1 percent respectively. Administrative and Support Services and Water Supply and Sewerage industries have the second lowest share of 0.5 percent respectively for year 2025.

Figure 2: Percentage share of Nominal GDP 2025



REAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Table 2: Real GDP 2020 - 2025 (in billion TZS)

Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
GDP at Market Price	**4,307.9**	**4,026.4**	**3,758.6**	**3,498.8**	**3,275.3**	**3,116.3**
Taxes less subsidies	389.3	345.3	322.7	304.8	295.8	296.0
Total GVA at basic price	3,918.6	3,681.1	3,436.0	3,194.1	2,979.5	2,820.3

Table 2 presents the real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices and total Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices for the period 2020 to 2025. In 2025, real GDP at market prices is estimated at TZS 4,307.9 billion, an increase of TZS 281.6 billion compared to the previous year, corresponding to a 7.0 percent annual growth rate. Taxes less subsidies amount to TZS 389.3 billion in 2025, reflecting an increase of TZS 44.0 billion or 12.8 percent compared to the preceding year.

Figure 3: Real GDP and growth rate, 2020-2025

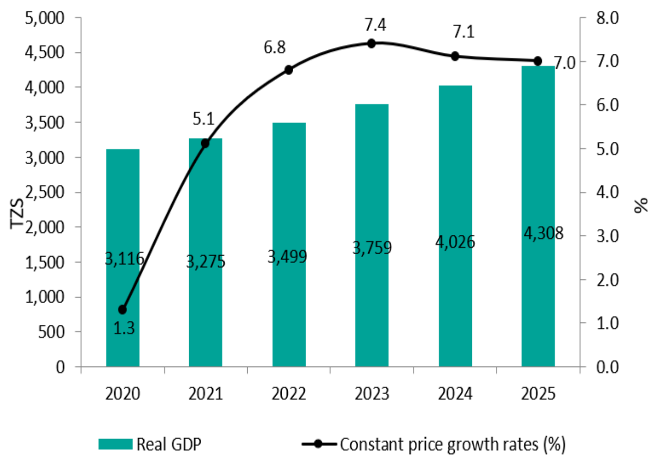


Figure 3 illustrates the trend of real GDP (in TZS) and its corresponding growth rates. As shown in the figure, Zanzibar's economy recorded positive real GDP growth throughout the period, except in 2020, when growth slowed to 1.3 percent due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. In 2025, the economy expanded by 7.0 percent, driven primarily by strong performance in the tourism and transportation sectors.

IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR

Figure 4: Implicit price deflator and growth rate, 2020 – 2025

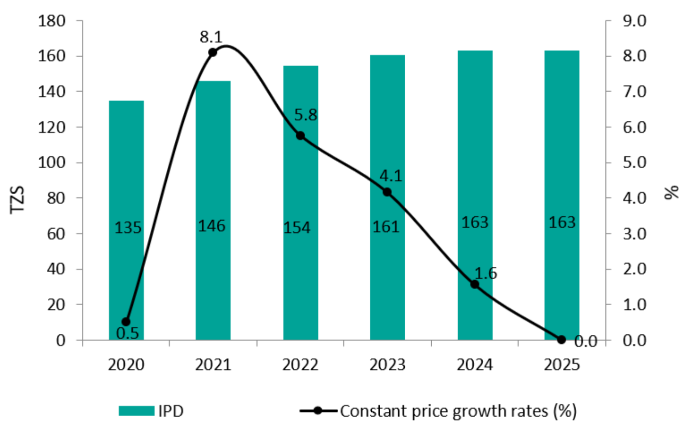
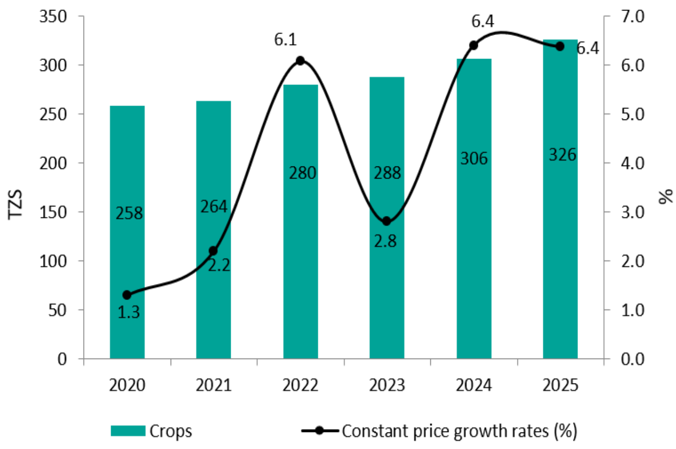


Figure 4 presents the Implicit Price Deflator (IPD) and its corresponding growth rate. In 2025, the IPD is estimated at 163.2, reflecting a stable compared to the previous year, indicating a rise in the overall price level of the economy. In contrast, the overall price level declined in 2020, largely due to a decrease in prices within the Accommodation and Food Service sub-sector.

Crops

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Crops sector is estimated at TZS 325.8 billion, representing the same as previous year, 6.4 percent. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 6.5 percent. This growth reflects improvements in agricultural productivity and higher output across key crops such as cassava, sweet potatoes, and bananas. The expansion is attributed to favorable weather conditions, enhanced access to agricultural inputs, and the adoption of improved farming practices that boosted yields and efficiency.

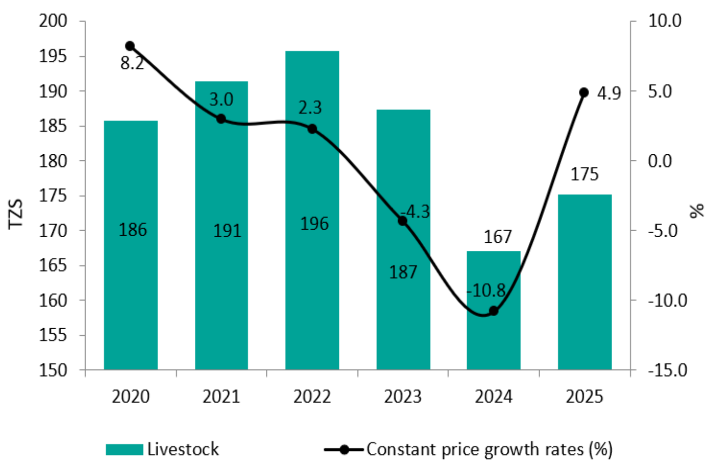
Figure 5: Value Added and growth rate for Crops Activities 2020 – 2025



The figure 5 above illustrates the Crops sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing a generally upward trend consistent with the sector's ongoing recovery and modernization efforts.

Livestock

Figure 6: Livestock and growth rate 2020 – 2025



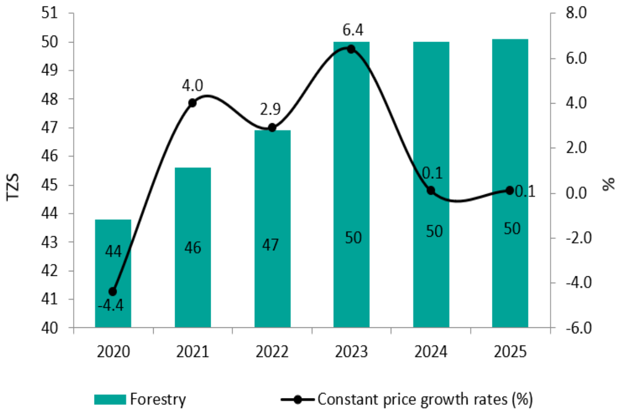
The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Livestock sector is estimated at TZS 175.2 billion in 2025, representing an increase of 4.9 percent compared to the previous year. This decline primarily reflects a reduction in the number of animals slaughtered, indicating lower production activity within the sector. Consequently, the Livestock sector accounted for 10.0 percent of the total Real GVA, underscoring its continued but slightly weakened contribution to the overall agricultural output.

Figure 6 illustrates the Livestock sector's value added, measured in billion TZS, alongside its annual real growth rate over the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the fluctuations in sector performance, reflecting changes in production levels and market dynamics during the period under review.

Forestry

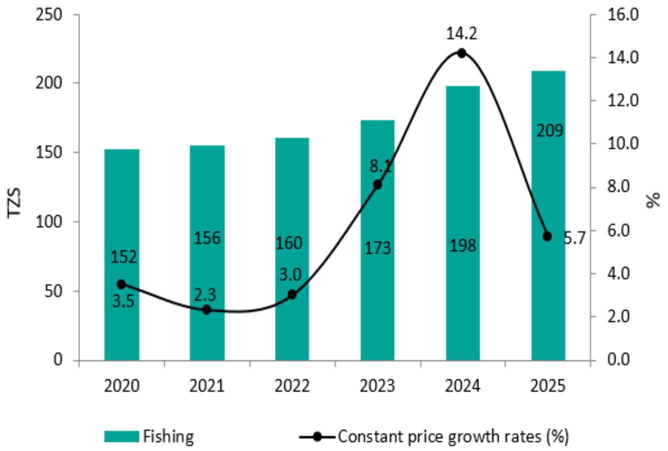
In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Forestry sector is estimated at TZS 50.1 billion, reflecting a marginal increase of 0.1 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 1.2 percent. This modest growth is mainly attributed to a slight rise in the production volume of forestry products, supported by improved forest management practices and increased demand for timber and related products. Figure 7 illustrates the Forestry sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing a generally stable trend with minor fluctuations driven by variations in production and resource utilization.

Figure 7: Value Added and growth rate for Forestry 2020 – 2025



Fishing

Figure 8: Value and Growth rate for Fishing Activities 2020 – 2025



The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Fishing sector is estimated at TZS 209.3 billion in 2025, as shown in Figure 8. This represents a growth of 5.7 percent compared to 2024, indicating a notable expansion in fishing activities. The increase is largely attributed to a higher volume of fish catch relative to the previous year, reflecting improved sector performance. Overall, the Fishing sector contributed 5.8 percent to total Real GVA in 2024, underscoring its continued importance within the primary production industries.

Mining and Quarrying

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Mining and Quarrying sector is estimated at TZS 53.6 billion, representing a strong growth of 4.0 percent compared to 2024. The sector accounts for 0.8 percent of total GVA. This notable performance is mainly attributed to the expansion of quarrying activities, including increased extraction of natural resources such as sand, gravel, and sawdust during the year. The sector's growth also reflects rising demand for construction materials linked to infrastructure development projects.

Figure 9: Value Added and growth rate for Mining and Quarrying Activities 2020 – 2025

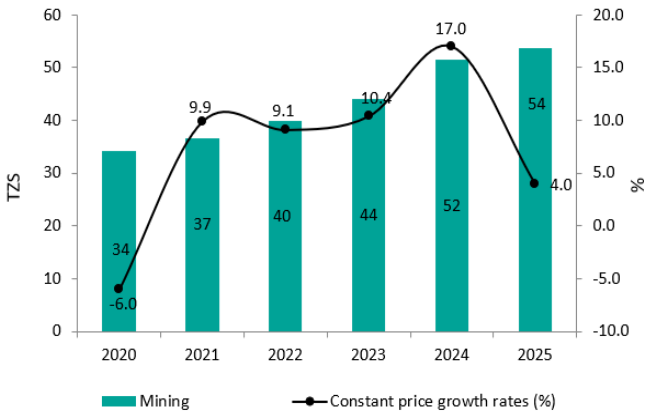
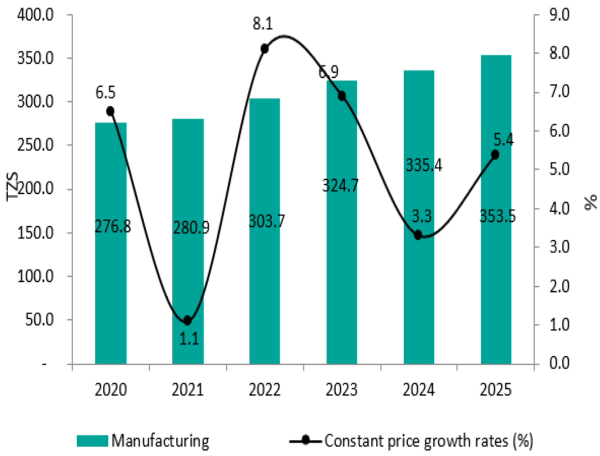


Figure 9 illustrates the Mining and Quarrying sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing a generally upward trend supported by increased production and investment in extractive activities.

Manufacturing

Figure 10: Value Added and growth rate for Manufacturing Activities 2020 – 2025



In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Manufacturing sector is estimated at TZS 353.5 billion, reflecting a growth of 5.4 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 7.4 percent. The growth is mainly driven by increased production in food processing, beverages, and construction-related materials, supported by improvements in energy supply, access to raw materials, and the expansion of small and medium-scale manufacturing enterprises. Figure 10 illustrates the Manufacturing sector's value added in billion TZS and its annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, highlighting steady growth over the period, with notable resilience despite global and domestic economic challenges.

Electricity and Gas

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Electricity and Gas sector is estimated at TZS 20.9 billion, representing a growth of 8.5 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 1.0 percent. This notable increase was mainly driven by rising electricity consumption across various user categories, including households, commercial establishments, and industrial enterprises. The growth also reflects continued investment in energy infrastructure, expansion of the national grid, and increased adoption of renewable energy sources.

Figure 11: Value Added and growth rate for Electricity and Gas Activities 2020– 2025

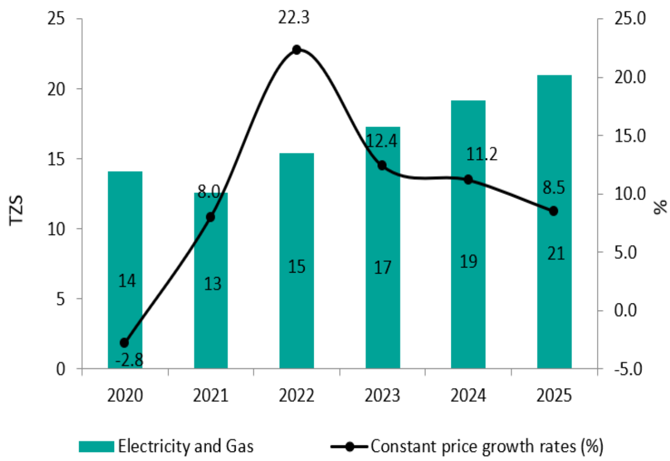
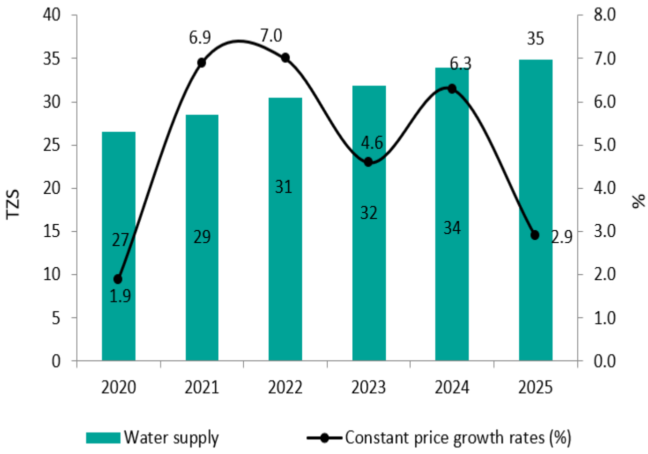


Figure 11 illustrates the Electricity and Gas sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing consistent upward growth supported by expanding access and improved reliability of power supply.

Water Supply and Sewerage

Figure 12: Value Added and growth rate for Water Supply and Sewerage Activities 2020 – 2025



The real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Water Supply and Sewerage sector is estimated at TZS 34.9 billion for 2025, reflecting an increase of 2.9 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 0.5 percent. The growth is primarily driven by expanded access to clean water, improvements in water distribution infrastructure, and enhanced efficiency in sewerage management services. Figure 12 illustrates the Water Supply and Sewerage sector's value added in billion TZS and its annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, highlighting steady progress in service delivery and infrastructure development over the period.

Construction

The real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Construction sector is estimated at TZS 309.0 billion in 2025, reflecting a growth of 0.4 percent compared to 2024. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 9.5 percent. This growth was primarily driven by increased demand for new buildings and infrastructure projects, which significantly contributed to overall GDP expansion. Investments in both public and private construction activities, including residential, commercial, and civil works, underpinned this performance.

Figure 13: Value Added and growth rate for Construction Activities 2020 – 2025

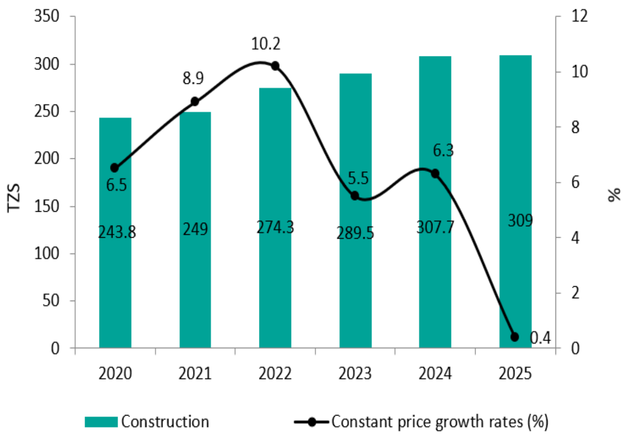


Figure 13 illustrates the Construction sector's value added in billion TZS and its annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing a consistent upward trend aligned with rising infrastructure development and urbanization.

Wholesale and Retail Trade

The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Wholesale and Retail Trade sector is estimated at TZS 367.4 billion in 2025, reflecting an increase of 5.7 percent compared to the previous year. This growth signifies a continued recovery from the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which had previously constrained trade activities due to border closures and disruptions in the transportation of goods. The sector's improved performance highlights the restoration of market activity and consumer demand.

In 2025, the Wholesale and Retail Trade sector accounted for 6.5 percent of total Real GVA, emphasizing its vital role in supporting Zanzibar's economic recovery and commercial dynamism.

Figure 14: Value Added and growth rate for Wholesale and retail trade Activities 2020 – 2025

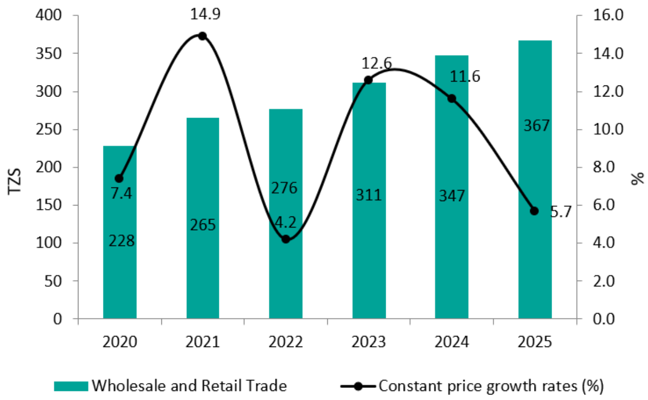


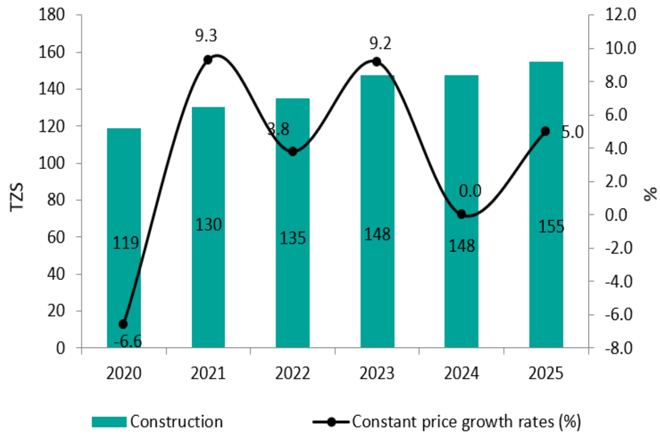
Figure 14 illustrates the value added of the Wholesale and Retail Trade sector, measured in billion TZS, together with its annual real growth rate for the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sector's gradual recovery following the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent rebound in trade activities driven by the reopening of borders and the normalization of goods movement.

Transport and Storage

The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Transportation and Storage sector is estimated at TZS 155.0 billion in 2025, reflecting a growth of 5.0 percent compared to previous year. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 2.5 percent in 2025.

Figure 15 presents the Transport and Storage sector's value added, measured in billion TZS, alongside its annual real growth rate over the period 2020 to 2025. The figure illustrates the sector's performance trends, including the significant downturn in 2020 due to COVID-19 mobility restrictions and its subsequent gradual stabilization in the post-pandemic period.

Figure 15: Value Added and growth rate for Transport & Storage Activities 2020 – 2025



Accommodation and Food Services

The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Accommodation and Food Services sector is estimated at TZS 838.0 billion in 2025, representing an annual growth of 11.8 percent compared to the previous year. . The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 17.5 percent. The sector experienced its lowest value in 2020, largely due to the severe impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, which disrupted global travel and tourism activities. Since then, the sector has shown a strong recovery, driven by increased investment in tourism infrastructure and services, as well as the resurgence of international visitor arrivals. This rebound underscores the sector's pivotal role in supporting Zanzibar's economic growth and employment creation.

Figure 16: Value Added and growth rate for Accommodation & Food Services Activities, 2020 – 2025

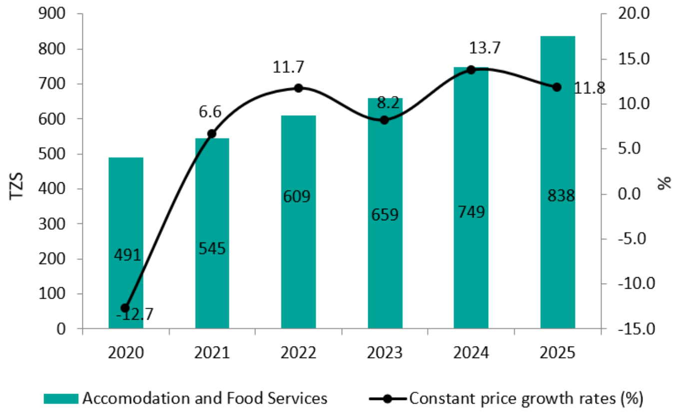
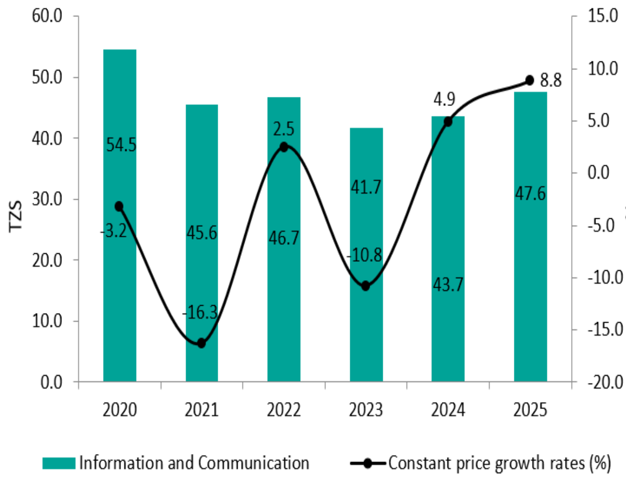


Figure 16 illustrates the Accommodation and Food Services sector's value added, measured in billion TZS, together with its annual real growth rate for the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sharp decline in 2020 resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, followed by a strong recovery driven by renewed tourism activities and increased investment in the sector.

Information and Communication

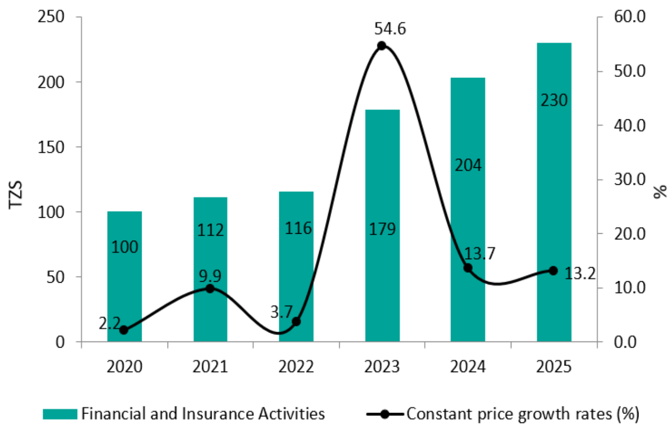
In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Information and Communication sector is estimated at TZS 47.6 billion, representing a growth of 8.8 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 0.7 percent. This growth is largely driven by increased sales of airtime and telecommunications services, as well as the sector's role in enhancing efficiency and productivity across other economic sectors through improved information and communication technologies. Figure 16 illustrates the Information and Communication sector's value added in billion TZS and its annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, highlighting steady growth supported by technological adoption and expanding digital services.

Figure 16: Value Added and growth rate for Information and Communication Activities 2020 – 2025



Financial and Insurance Activities

Figure 17: Value Added and growth rate for Financial and Insurance Activities, 2020 – 2025



The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Financial and Insurance Activities sector is estimated at TZS 230.4 billion in 2025, reflecting a growth of 13.2 percent compared to 2024. This expansion indicates a continued strengthening of financial services, driven by the increased uptake of both banking and insurance products during the year. The sector's performance highlights the growing role of financial intermediation and risk management in supporting economic activity.

In 2025, the Financial and Insurance Activities sector accounted for 6.0 percent of total Real GVA, underscoring its significance in enhancing financial inclusion and economic resilience.

Figure 17 illustrates the value added of the Financial and Insurance Activities sector, measured in billion TZS, along with its annual real growth rate over the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sector's steady expansion, reflecting increased banking and insurance activities and its growing contribution to Zanzibar's overall economic performance.

Real Estate Activities

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Real Estate Activities sector is estimated at TZS 234.5 billion, reflecting a growth of 1.4 percent compared to 2024. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 7.2 percent. This performance was driven by sustained demand across the residential, commercial office, and industrial property segments, supported by continued investment and development activity in the real estate market.

Figure 18: Value Added and growth rate for Real Estate Activities 2020 – 2025

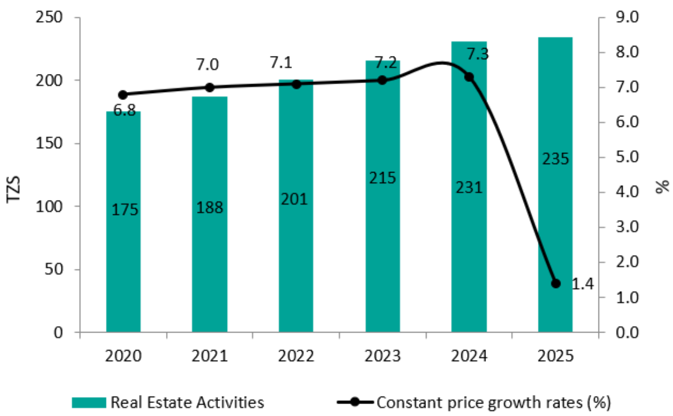
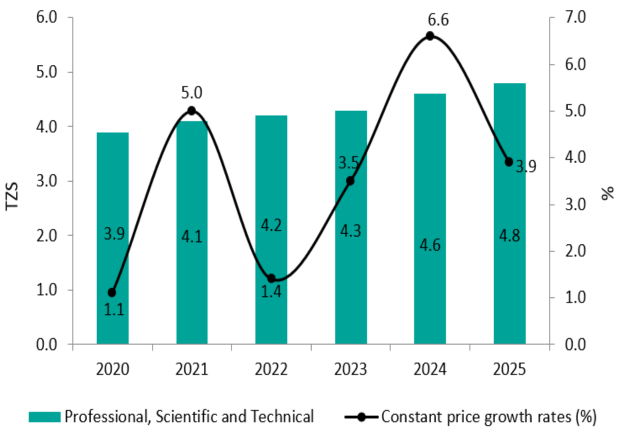


Figure 18 illustrates the Real Estate Activities sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights a steady upward trend in the sector, reflecting sustained demand and ongoing development in residential, commercial, and industrial property markets over the period.

Professional, Scientific and Technical

Figure 19: Value Added and growth rate for Information, Scientific and Technical Activities 2020 – 2025



In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Professional, Scientific, and Technical Activities sector is estimated at TZS 4.8 billion, representing a growth of 3.9 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 0.1 percent, reflecting its relatively small but steadily growing role in the economy.

Figure 14 illustrates the Professional, Scientific, and Technical Activities sector's value added in billion TZS and its annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025, showing a consistent upward trend driven by increasing demand for specialized services and technical expertise across various industries.

Administrative and Support Services

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Administrative and Support Services sector is estimated at TZS 31.4 billion, reflecting a growth of 8.1 percent compared to 2024. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 0.5 percent. This growth was primarily driven by increases in office administration, office support, and other business support services. Additionally, security services, as well as travel agency and tour operation activities, contributed to the overall expansion of the sector.

Figure 20: Value Added and growth rate for Information, Scientific and Technical Activities 2020 – 2025

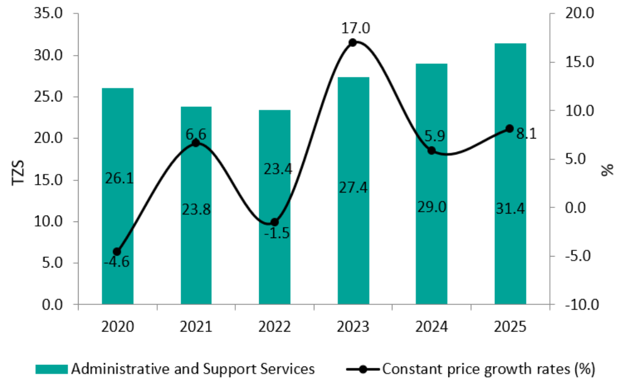
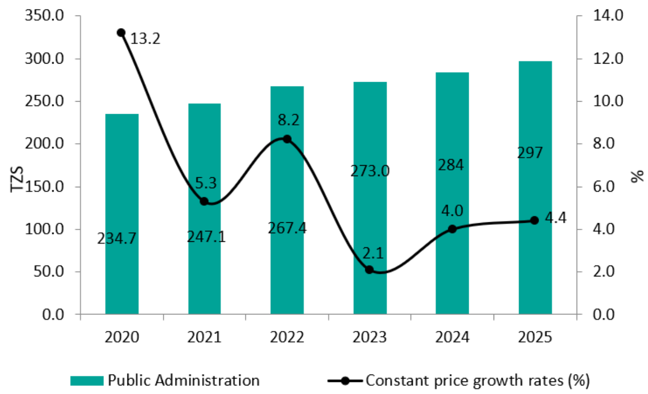


Figure 20 illustrates the Administrative and Support Services sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights steady growth over the period, driven by rising demand for office administration, business support, security services, and travel-related activities.

Public Administration

Figure 21: Value Added and growth rate for Public administration Activities 2020 – 2025



The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Public Administration sector is estimated at TZS 296.7 billion in 2025, recording an annual growth rate of 4.4 percent. This growth reflects a moderate increase in the value added by government activities. The sector's GVA is calculated based on the government's value added, adjusted using the government wage index, capturing the contribution of public administration to overall economic output.

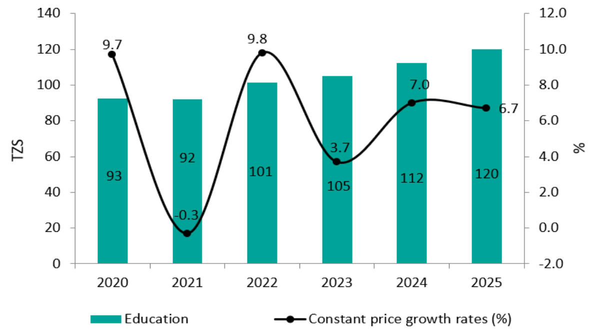
Figure 21 presents the value added of the Public Administration sector, measured in billion TZS, alongside its annual real growth rate for the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sector's steady expansion, reflecting the consistent contribution of government activities to Zanzibar's overall economic output.

Education

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Education sector is estimated at TZS 119.9 billion, reflecting a growth of 6.7 percent compared to 2024. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 2.0 percent. Overall, the Education sector has demonstrated consistent positive performance over the long term, contributing steadily to human capital development and supporting broader economic growth.

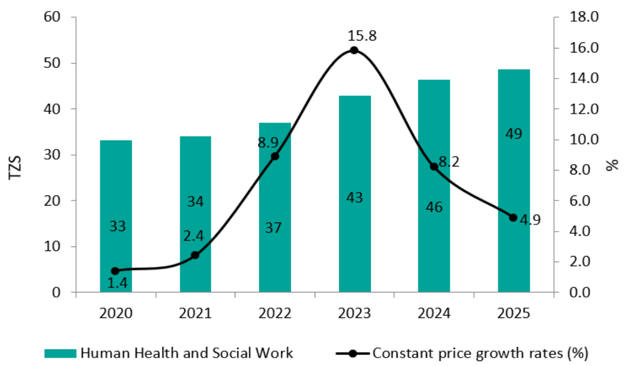
Figure 22 illustrates the Education sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights a consistent upward trend in the sector, reflecting sustained investment in educational services and ongoing improvements in access, quality, and overall performance over the period.

Figure 22: Value Added and growth rate for Education Activities 2020 – 2025



Human Health and Social Work

Figure 23: Value Added and growth rate for Human Health and Social Work Activities, 2020 – 2025



The Real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Health and Social Work sector is estimated at TZS 48.7 billion in 2025, as shown in Figure 12. This represents a growth of 4.9 percent compared to 2024, largely driven by increased government expenditure on health services. The sector's contribution to the overall economy remains modest, accounting for 0.8 percent of total Real GVA, reflecting its role in supporting public health and social welfare.

Figure 24 illustrates the value added of the Human Health and Social Work sector, measured in billion TZS, alongside its annual real growth rate over the period 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sector's steady expansion, largely driven by increased government spending on health services and the provision of social welfare programs.

Arts, Entertainment and Recreation

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation sector is estimated at TZS 4.1 billion, reflecting a growth of 9.7 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 0.1 percent. This growth is primarily driven by the expansion and increased operation of sports facilities, including various sports fields, alongside a rise in the number of sports competitions, events, and recreational services, particularly in areas frequented by tourists.

Figure 25: Value Added and growth rate for Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Activities 2020 – 2025

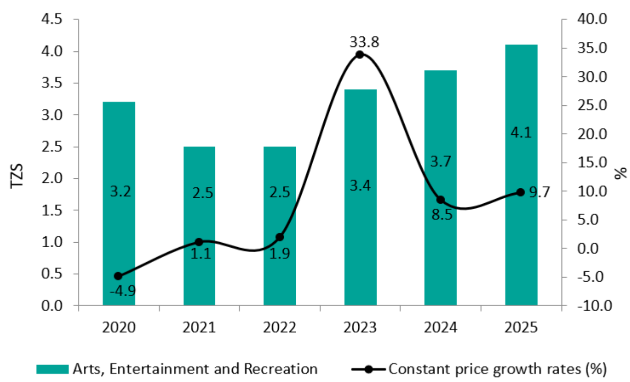


Figure 25 illustrates the Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights the sector's steady expansion, driven by increased sports, recreational, and cultural activities, particularly in tourist areas.

Other Service Activities

In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for the Other Service Activities sector is estimated at TZS 69.2 billion, reflecting a growth of 13.2 percent compared to 2024. The sector's share of total GVA stands at 1.4 percent. This growth was largely driven by the expansion of services related to the repair of computers and household goods, which contributed significantly to sector performance overall. Additionally, increased demand for personal wellness services and other personal service activities, along with the activities of membership organizations, played a key role in supporting the sector's overall growth.

Figure 26: Value Added and growth rate for Other Service Activities 2020 – 2025

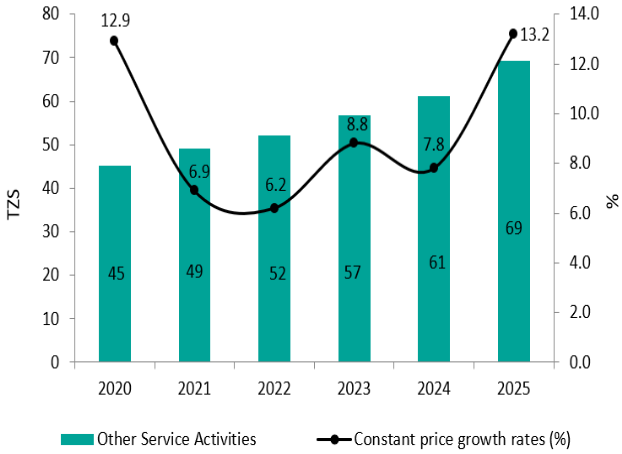
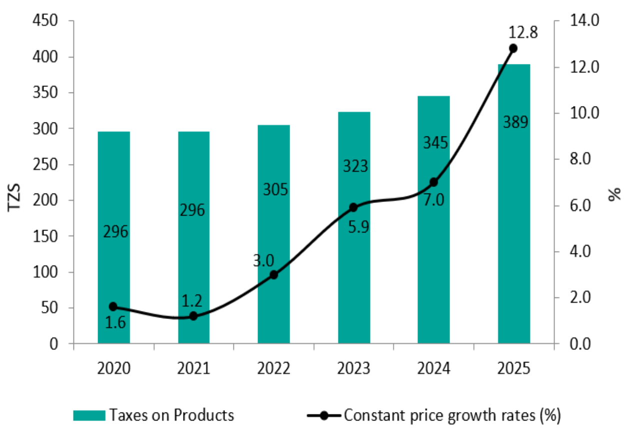


Figure 26 illustrates the Other Service Activities sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights consistent growth over the period, driven by expansion in repair services, personal wellness and service activities, and the operations of membership organizations.

Tax on Products

Figure 18: Value Added and growth rate for Tax on Products 2020 – 2025



In 2025, the real Gross Value Added (GVA) for Taxes on Products is estimated at TZS 389.3 billion, reflecting a growth of 12.8 percent compared to 2024. The sector's contribution to total GVA stands at 9.2 percent, indicating its significant role in overall economic output.

Figure 18 illustrates the Taxes on Products sector's value added in billion TZS and its corresponding annual growth rate from 2020 to 2025. The figure highlights a steady upward trend, reflecting consistent growth in tax revenues and their contribution to overall economic output during the period.

Table 3: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CONSTANT PRICES), BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

(Billion TZS)

Description	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**
GDP at market prices						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	760.3	721.4	698.4	682.9	656.4	639.8
Industries	771.9	747.9	707.5	663.8	607.6	595.4
Services	2,386.4	2,211.9	2,030.1	1,847.4	1,715.5	1,585.1
Taxes on Products	389.3	345.3	322.7	304.8	295.8	296.0
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	325.8	306.2	287.8	279.8	263.8	258.1
Livestock	175.2	167.1	187.3	195.8	191.4	185.7
Forestry	50.1	50.0	50.0	46.9	45.6	43.8
Fishing	209.3	198	173.4	160.3	155.6	152.1
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	53.6	51.5	44.1	39.9	36.6	34.2
Manufacturing	353.5	335.4	324.7	303.7	280.9	276.8
Electricity and gas	20.9	19.2	17.3	15.4	12.6	14.1
Water supply and sewerage	34.9	33.9	31.9	30.5	28.5	26.5
Construction	309.0	307.7	289.5	274.3	249	243.8
Services						
Trade and repairs	367.4	347.4	311.3	276.4	265.3	228.2
Transport and storage	155.0	147.6	147.6	135.2	130.2	119.1
Accommodation and food services	838.0	749.3	658.8	609.1	545.1	491
Accommodation	688.6	617.5	545.4	505.8	450.4	405.9
Food and beverage services	149.4	131.8	113.3	103.2	94.7	85.0
Information and communication	47.6	43.7	41.7	46.7	45.6	54.5
Financial and insurance activities	230.4	203.6	179.0	115.8	111.7	100.4
Real estate activities	234.5	231.2	215.4	200.9	187.6	175.4
Professional, scientific and technical	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9
Administrative and support services	31.4	29	27.4	23.4	23.8	26.1
Public administration	296.7	284	273	267.4	247.1	234.7
Education	119.9	112.4	105	101.3	92.2	92.5
Human health and social work	48.7	46.4	42.9	37.0	34.0	33.2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	4.1	3.7	3.4	2.5	2.5	3.2
Other service activities	69.2	61.2	56.8	52.2	49.1	45.3
Domestic services	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.1
Less FISIM	-68.2	-59.1	-43.1	-31.2	-29.3	-28.5
GDP at basic prices	*3,918.6*	*3,681.1*	3,436.0	3,194.1	2,979.5	2,820.3
Taxes on products	389.3	345.3	322.7	304.8	295.8	296.0
GDP at purchaser prices	**4,307.9**	**4,026.4**	**3,758.6**	**3,498.8**	**3,275.3**	**3,116.3**

Table 4: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CONSTANT PRICES) GROWTH RATES, BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

Economic Activities	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
GDP at market prices						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	5.4	3.3	2.3	4	2.6	3.3
Industries	3.2	5.7	6.6	9.3	5.1	5.2
Services	7.9	9.00	9.9	7.7	6.9	-1.0
Taxes on Products	12.8	7.0	5.9	3	1.2	1.6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	6.4	6.4	2.8	6.1	2.2	1.3
Livestock	4.9	-10.8	-4.3	2.3	3.0	8.2
Forestry	0.1	0.1	6.4	2.9	4.0	-4.4
Fishing	5.7	14.2	8.1	3.0	2.3	3.5
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	4.0	17	10.4	9.1	9.9	-6
Manufacturing	5.4	3.3	6.9	8.1	1.1	6.5
Electricity and gas	8.5	11.2	12.4	22.3	8.0	-3.2
Water supply and sewerage	2.9	6.3	4.6	7.0	6.9	1.9
Construction	0.4	6.3	5.5	10.2	8.9	6.5
Services						
Trade and repairs	5.7	11.6	12.6	4.2	14.9	7.4
Transport and storage	5.0	0.0	9.2	3.8	9.3	-6.6
Accommodation and food services	11.8	13.7	8.2	11.7	6.6	-12.7
Accommodation	11.5	13.2	7.8	12.3	6.5	-11.3
Food and beverage services	13.4	16.3	9.8	9.0	7.5	-18.9
Information and communication	8.8	4.9	-10.8	2.5	-16.3	-3.2
Financial and insurance activities	13.2	13.7	54.6	3.7	9.9	2.2
Real estate activities	1.4	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.8
Professional, scientific and technical	3.9	6.6	3.5	1.4	5.0	1.1
Administrative and support services	8.1	5.9	17.0	-1.5	6.6	-4.6
Public administration	4.4	4.0	2.1	8.2	5.3	13.2
Education	6.7	7.0	3.7	9.8	-0.3	9.7
Human health and social work	4.9	8.2	15.8	8.9	2.4	1.4
Arts, entertainment and recreation	9.7	8.5	33.8	1.9	1.1	-4.9
Other service activities	13.2	7.8	8.8	6.2	6.9	12.9
Domestic services	3.5	3.2	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.2
Less FISIM	15.3	37.1	38.1	6.5	2.8	11.7
GDP at basic prices	*6.5*	*7.1*	*7.6*	*7.2*	*5.5*	*1.2*
Taxes on products	12.8	7.0	5.9	3.0	1.2	1.6
GDP at purchaser prices	**7.0**	**7.1**	**7.4**	**6.8**	**5.1**	**1.3**

Table 5: PERCENTAGE POINT CONTRIBUTION BY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CONSTANT PRICES), BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

Economic Activities	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**
GDP at market prices						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.7
Industries	0.6	1.1	1.2	1.7	0.4	1
Services	4.3	4.8	5.2	4.0	4.2	-0.5
Taxes on Products	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.3	0	0.2
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1
Livestock	0.2	-0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5
Forestry	0.0	0	0.1	0	0.1	-0.1
Fishing	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.1
Manufacturing	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.5
Electricity and gas	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Water supply and sewerage	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Construction	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.5
Services						
Trade and repairs	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.3	1.2	0.5
Transport and storage	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.4	-0.3
Accommodation and food services	2.2	2.4	1.4	2.0	1.7	-2.3
Accommodation	1.8	1.9	1.1	1.7	1.4	-1.7
Food and beverage services	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	-0.6
Information and communication	0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.1
Financial and insurance activities	0.7	0.7	1.8	0.1	0.4	0.1
Real estate activities	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Professional, scientific and technical	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative and support services	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Public administration	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.9
Education	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.3
Human health and social work	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other service activities	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Domestic services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Less FISIM	-0.2	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
GDP at basic prices	5.9	6.5	6.9	6.6	5.1	1.1
Taxes on products	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.2
GDP at purchaser prices	**7.0**	**7.1**	**7.4**	**6.8**	**5.1**	**1.3**

Table 6: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CURRENT PRICES), BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 - 2025

(Billion TZS)

Economic Activities	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,649.0	1,595.3	1,501.6	1,396.2	1,293.7	959.4
Industries	1,354.4	1,324.7	1,256.0	1,048.6	908.4	826.2
Services	3,379.8	3,080.9	2,814.8	2,501.2	2,163.9	2,010.0
Taxes on Products	646.7	571.7	469	454.3	414.1	413.2
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	459.1	447.6	417.5	393.7	380.5	369.7
Livestock	702.8	692.5	775.6	699.2	617.9	331.3
Forestry	81.6	78.0	61.7	60.3	58.5	52.0
Fishing	405.6	377.2	246.7	243	236.8	206.4
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	58.9	53.7	49.6	44.9	41.2	42.9
Manufacturing	521.7	513.4	482.3	438.8	335.5	324.9
Electricity and gas	69.3	66.1	63.5	61.7	59.5	59
Water supply and sewerage	36.6	35.9	30.2	29.2	26.0	24.0
Construction	667.8	655.7	630.5	473.9	446.2	375.4
Services						
Trade and repairs	454.6	399.7	337.6	348.5	222.8	211.7
Transport and storage	179.0	164.5	158.3	150.1	141.2	141.8
Accommodation and food services	1230.8	1,112.20	922.1	860	755.3	666.5
Accommodation	1008.8	912.8	775.1	729.6	637.9	571.1
Food and beverage services	222.0	199.4	147	130.5	117.4	95.5
Information and communication	46.2	43.7	83.4	76.1	74.8	70.8
Financial and insurance activities	424.5	375.3	373.3	152.2	150.8	144.8
Real estate activities	503.1	470.3	437.5	407.4	379.5	348.9
Professional, scientific and technical	6.7	6.6	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.2
Administrative and support services	36.3	35.7	34.1	31	30.2	27.9
Public administration	302.0	290.6	271.6	271.3	230.9	229.7
Education	138.3	133.0	134.9	129.0	114.0	99.8
Human health and social work	58.3	55.0	52.9	39.8	38.3	43.5
Arts, entertainment and recreation	4.2	3.5	2.8	2.1	2.1	3.2
Other service activities	97.8	90.1	83.4	76.3	65.9	58.5
Domestic services	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.0
Less FISIM	-110.1	-107.3	-90.8	-55.9	-54.9	-49.1
GDP at basic prices	6,383.2	*6,000.93*	*5572.3*	*4946*	*4,366.10*	*3,795.60*
Taxes on products	646.7	*571.7*	*469*	*454.3*	*414.1*	*413.2*
GDP at purchaser prices	**7,029.9**	**6,572.6**	**6,041.3**	**5,400.3**	**4,780.2**	**4,208.9**

Table 7: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CURRENT PRICES), GROWTH RATES, BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 - 2025

Economic Activities	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3.4	6.2	7.5	7.9	34.8	9.6
Industries	2.2	5.5	19.8	15.4	9.9	10.4
Services	9.7	9.5	12.5	15.6	7.7	-4.2
Taxes on Products	13.1	21.9	3.2	9.7	0.2	-0.3
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	2.6	7.2	6.0	3.5	2.9	20.5
Livestock	1.5	-10.7	10.9	13.2	86.5	3.4
Forestry	4.6	26.4	2.3	3.1	12.5	4.0
Fishing	7.5	52.9	1.5	2.6	14.7	4.2
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	9.8	8.3	10.5	9.0	-4.0	-1.6
Manufacturing	1.6	6.4	9.9	30.8	3.3	18.6
Electricity and gas	4.8	4.1	2.9	3.7	0.8	21.6
Water supply and sewerage	2.0	18.9	3.4	12.3	8.3	-2
Construction	1.9	4.0	33.0	6.2	18.9	4.9
Services						
Trade and repairs	13.7	18.4	-3.1	56.4	5.2	1.8
Transport and storage	9.6	3.9	5.5	6.3	-0.4	9.2
Accommodation and food services	10.7	20.6	7.2	13.9	13.3	-20.0
Accommodation	10.5	17.8	6.2	14.4	11.7	-18.2
Food and beverage services	11.3	35.6	12.6	11.2	22.9	-29.4
Information and communication	5.8	-47.6	9.6	1.7	5.6	8.8
Financial and insurance activities	13.1	0.5	145.3	0.9	4.1	1.1
Real estate activities	7.0	7.5	7.4	7.4	8.8	9.0
Professional, scientific and technical	0.8	10.0	3.4	3.6	7.7	6.1
Administrative and support services	1.6	4.7	10.0	2.6	8.2	-17.9
Public administration	3.9	7.0	0.1	17.5	0.5	6.8
Education	4.0	-1.4	4.6	13.2	14.2	7.8
Human health and social work	5.9	4.0	32.9	3.9	-12	9.6
Arts, entertainment and recreation	21.2	25.0	33.3	0.	-34.4	3.2
Other service activities	8.5	8.0	9.3	15.8	12.6	21.6
Domestic services	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	4.3	4.5
Less FISIM	2.6	18.2	62.4	1.8	11.8	6.5
GDP at basic prices	6.4	7.7	12.7	13.3	15.0	2.0
Taxes on products	13.1	21.9	3.2	9.7	0.2	-0.3
GDP at purchaser prices	**7.0**	**8.8**	**11.9**	**13.0**	**13.6**	**1.8**

Table 8: PERCENTAGE SHARES OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CURRENT PRICES), BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

Description	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
GDP at market prices						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	23.5	24.3	24.9	25.9	27.1	22.8
Industries	19.3	20.2	20.8	19.4	19	19.6
Services	48.1	46.8	46.6	46.3	45.3	47.8
Taxes on Products	9.2	8.7	7.8	8.4	8.7	9.8
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	6.5	6.8	6.9	7.3	8.0	8.8
Livestock	10.0	10.5	12.8	12.9	12.9	7.9
Forestry	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Fishing	5.8	5.7	4.1	4.5	5.0	4.9
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0
Manufacturing	7.4	7.8	8.0	8.1	7.0	7.7
Electricity and gas	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4
Water supply and sewerage	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Construction	9.5	10.0	10.4	8.8	9.3	8.9
Services						
Trade and repairs	6.5	6.1	5.6	6.5	4.7	5
Transport and storage	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4
Accommodation and food services	17.5	16.9	15.3	15.9	15.8	15.8
Accommodation	14.3	13.9	12.8	13.5	13.3	13.6
Food and beverage services	3.2	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.3
Information and communication	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7
Financial and insurance activities	6.0	5.7	6.2	2.8	3.2	3.4
Real estate activities	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.9	8.3
Professional, scientific and technical	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support services	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Public administration	4.3	4.4	4.5	5.0	4.8	5.5
Education	2.0	2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4
Human health and social work	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other service activities	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Domestic services	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Less FISIM	-1.6	-1.6	-1.5	-1.0	-1.1	-1.2
GDP at basic prices	90.8	91.3	92.2	91.6	91.3	90.2
Taxes on products	9.2	8.7	7.8	8.4	8.7	9.8
GDP at purchaser prices	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**

Table 9: PERCENTAGE POINT CONTRIBUTION BY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CURRENT PRICES), BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

Economic Activities	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.8	1.6	2.0	2.1	7.9	2.0
Industries	0.5	1.1	3.8	2.9	2.0	1.9
Services	4.5	4.4	5.8	7.1	3.7	-2.1
Taxes on Products	1.1	1.7	0.3	0.8	0.0	0.0
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.5
Livestock	0.2	-1.4	1.4	1.7	6.8	0.3
Forestry	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Fishing	0.4	2.2	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.2
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	0.1	0.5	0.8	2.2	0.3	1.2
Electricity and gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Water supply and sewerage	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Construction	0.2	0.4	2.9	0.6	1.7	0.4
Services						
Trade and repairs	0.8	1.0	-0.2	2.6	0.3	0.1
Transport and storage	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3
Accommodation and food services	1.8	3.1	1.2	2.2	2.1	-4.0
Accommodation	1.5	2.3	0.8	1.9	1.6	-3.1
Food and beverage services	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.5	-1.0
Information and communication	0.0	-0.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Financial and insurance activities	0.7	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Real estate activities	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Professional, scientific and technical	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative and support services	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.1
Public administration	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.4
Education	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2
Human health and social work	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.1
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other service activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
Domestic services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Less FISIM	0.0	-0.3	-0.6	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
GDP at basic prices	5.8	7.1	11.6	12.1	13.6	1.8
Taxes on products	1.1	1.7	0.3	0.8	0.0	0.0
GDP at purchaser prices	**7.0**	**8.8**	**11.9**	**13.0**	**13.6**	**1.8**

Table 10: IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR, BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, 2020 – 2025

Description	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
GDP at market prices						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	221.6	221.1	215.0	204.5	197.1	150.0
Industries	143.1	177.1	177.5	158.0	149.5	138.8
Services	418.8	139.3	138.7	135.4	126.1	126.8
Taxes on Products	173.0	165.6	145.3	149.0	140.0	139.6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing						
Crops	143.1	146.2	145.1	140.7	144.2	143.2
Livestock	418.8	414.4	414.1	357.1	322.8	178.4
Forestry	160.4	156.0	123.4	128.6	128.3	118.7
Fishing	198.1	190.5	142.3	151.6	152.2	135.7
Industries						
Mining and quarrying	107.0	104.3	112.5	112.5	112.6	125.4
Manufacturing	147.0	153.1	148.5	144.5	119.4	117.4
Electricity and gas	349.0	344.3	367.1	400.6	472.2	418.4
Water supply and sewerage	102.5	105.9	94.7	95.7	91.2	90.6
Construction	206.4	213.1	217.8	172.8	179.2	154.0
Services						
Trade and repairs	118.7	115.1	108.4	126.1	84.0	92.8
Transport and storage	119.7	111.4	107.2	111.0	108.4	119.1
Accommodation and food services	146.4	148.4	140.0	141.2	138.6	135.7
Accommodation	146.1	147.8	142.1	144.2	141.6	140.7
Food and beverage services	147.9	151.3	129.7	126.5	124.0	112.4
Information and communication	105.4	100.0	200.0	163.0	164.0	129.9
Financial and insurance activities	192.1	184.3	208.5	131.4	135.0	144.2
Real estate activities	202.6	203.4	203.1	202.8	202.3	198.9
Professional, scientific and technical	143.7	143.5	139.5	138.1	136.6	133.3
Administrative and support services	110.8	123.1	124.5	132.5	126.9	106.9
Public administration	102.9	102.3	99.5	101.5	93.4	97.9
Education	116.3	118.3	128.5	127.3	123.6	107.9
Human health and social work	118.9	118.5	123.3	107.6	112.6	131.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	103.0	103.0	82.4	84.0	84.0	100.0
Other service activities	147.7	147.7	146.8	146.2	134.2	129.1
Domestic services	115.1	115.1	114.9	115.4	115.9	114.8
Less FISIM	174.3	174.3	210.7	179.2	187.4	172.3
GDP at basic prices	162.3	162.3	162.2	154.8	146.5	134.6
Taxes on products	173.0	173.0	145.3	149.0	140.0	139.6
GDP at purchaser prices	**163.2**	**163.2**	**160.7**	**154.3**	**145.9**	**135.1**